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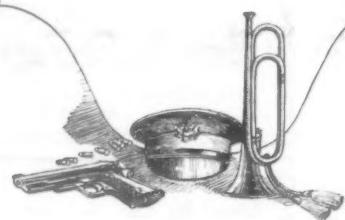
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RECENT PUBLICATIONS.

Our Air Force, the Keystone of National Defense, by William Mitchell (E. P. Dutton and Co.: New York). Brigadier General Mitchell, U.S.A., assistant to Chief of Air Service, dedicates his book to the memory of his brother, Lieut. John L. Mitchell, Jr., Air Ser., U.S.A., killed in France on May 26, 1918. Of the Air Service and the Navy in time of war, he says that the control of our sea lanes of communication lies not with the Navy, but with our air force; that aircraft carriers cost far less than the cost of one battleship, and can be put in service in a comparatively short time. When adequately equipped with such vessels the air force will constitute the first line of defense of the country. The Navy may be second, or it may be entirely eliminated. He explains elsewhere that "the purpose of this book is to bring before the American people an idea of what an efficient organization of our aeronautical resources means to the country, how it can be brought about and what we already have for doing it. Suitable and adequate preparation of the air arm, and of the personnel required to man the aircraft, manufacture the equipment and supply such a force, cannot be furnished by the Army or Navy, or by the two combined, as has been the experience in all countries in the recent war." He distinctly favors the formation of an executive department of the Government, which should be known as the Department of Aeronautics, and laments the fact that "our aviation in the United States is split up between several Governmental agencies such as the Army, the Navy, the Post Office Department, Coast Guard, Marine Corps and Department of Agriculture, and in addition, all other departments of the Government will need aviation in some

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phase of their work." General Mitchell considers the entire subject of aviation, particularly from a military standpoint, so far as it affects the United States, and shows the dangers which he believes threaten this country unless provision is made to meet them. His interesting presentation of his case is accompanied by a number of excellent illustrations.

The Peace Negotiations, a Personal Narrative, by Robert Lansing (Houghton Mifflin Co.: New York). The former Secretary of State in President Wilson's Cabinet, who was one of the four American commissioners to the Peace Conference, has written of what took place there. He gives the inner story of the League of Nations, the Shantung affair; secret diplomacy, the mandate question, the proposed treaty with France, tells of his differences with President Wilson, which led up to his resignation as Secretary of State, and considers the various problems that were discussed in the Senate.

The War of the Future, in the Light of the Lessons of the World War, by General von Bernhardi (D. Appleton and Co.: New York). Pessimism, evasion, a disinclination to admit that which history has proven to be true, the peculiar and unexplainable point of view which his countrymen in general maintain on the subject of the World War, as well as other things, and a discussion of warfare under new conditions, make up much of the latest work of this German military critic. Like a true Prussian, he rattles the saber and tells what Germany will do to its enemies in due time. In a preface he explains that "Our colonies are a thing of the past. Our fleet is at the bottom of the sea. It would be sheer madness to think of preparing for war now, even if only in theory, for it is utterly impossible for us to make war." Yet in his "conclusions," in the very last page of his book, he says: "Of course I know that, for the moment, we are utterly at the mercy of our enemies, and that we are absolutely unable to create a real army after our present government has handed us over, tied and bound, to the power of our enemies. I also appreciate that the present interests of our enemies require that we should be helpless for as long as possible. But I also know that a nation of 70,000,000, a number which can be appreciably increased when German Austria joins us, can not be oppressed forever or reduced to the status of slaves. . . . A chastened and ennobled people will arise who can prove themselves worthy of their great ancestors, and even look on war as it really is." In his introduction he declares: "We hopelessly underestimated the importance of aircraft, and in naval operations, the submarine arm, the development of which was, at the outset, held up for the benefit of the battle fleet. Lastly, we absolutely misunderstood the importance of the economic side. We had made no sort of preparation for the blockade of all our ports and frontiers, or for a situation in which we should be completely cut off from maritime communication with our importing and exporting countries." Further he says: "We very distinctly overestimated the effects of artillery fire, and thus believed that we should not require more than a limited number of batteries. I, myself, fell into that error. On the other side, we underestimated the defensive power of modern quick-firing weapons, and thus had not shown sufficient energy in increasing them. The result was that we entered upon the war with views and systems which were, to certain extent, imperfect, and had not thoroughly been thought out. . . . We may be quite certain that infantry fighting (i.e., infantry against infantry), apart from small raids due to special circumstances, will never again be possible without artillery support because the fire-power of infantry which have not been rendered helpless by artillery is far too great and destructive for it to be overcome even by a superior force of infantry without the help of the sister arms." Of tanks in warfare he says "it is plain that their effect is mainly moral." Fortresses "have lost their value in face of modern methods of attack." War of the future "will take forms different from any which we have known from past experience. The last war was fought under conditions which probably will never recur." The book is well worth reading, prejudiced though its author is, as will be seen.

The Gyroscopic Compass, by T. W. Chalmers (D. Van Nostrand Co.: New York). The gyro-compass represents at once the most involved and abstruse as well as one of the most important and valuable of all the practical applications to which the gyroscope, so far, has been put. As a navigational instrument it is now in practically universal use in all the chief navies of the world, and is being adopted by several important representatives of the mercantile marine. In his present work the author explains the mode of action of the gyro-compass for the benefit, primarily, of the navigating officer, both naval and mercantile. The subject is treated entirely from a technical standpoint and is accompanied by a number of illustrations.

A Handbook of Practical Shipbuilding, with a Glossary of Terms, by J. D. MacBride (D. Van Nostrand Co.: New York). This is a second edition of a work which deals primarily with work on and around shipways. A number of additions of new material have been made to the first edition. The book contains a number of illustrations.

Modern Marine Engineering—Part I, the Fire Room, by Harry G. Cisin (D. Van Nostrand Co.: New York). The work is primarily intended as a text for schools and colleges, but has also been adapted to the needs of the practical man who desires to broaden his knowledge and advance in his profession.

A Treatise on Air Screws, by Whyrill E. Park (E. P. Dutton and Co.: New York). The problems of air screw propeller design and construction, from the point of view of designers, draughtsmen and others engaged in the practical design of aircraft, is considered.

American Red Cross Work Among the French People, by Fisher Ames, Jr. (The Macmillan Co.: New York). This volume concludes the series issued under the auspices of the Red Cross to give the American people an idea of the excellent work done in France through that organization. It deals not only with work carried on

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during the war period, but the months immediately following. It does not attempt to take up post-war activities in detail.

Wooden Crosses, by Roland Dorgeles (G. P. Putnam's Sons: New York). The story is that of a light-hearted French infantryman's life at the front during the World War.

Hindenburg, by General Buat (Librairie Chapot: Paris). As a French commander in the World War who fought against both Field Marshal von Hindenburg and General Ludendorff, General Buat reviews the careers of these military commanders, whom he refers to as "two grand Germans, whose names history will not separate, while throwing all the light on the part each took in the conduct of the World War." What the author has to say is based on the books which each German commander wrote on the history of the war, and he also discusses their personal characteristics.

The General Staff and its Problems, by General Ludendorff (E. P. Dutton and Co.: New York). In this collection of secret and confidential communications which passed between Emperor William, Field Marshal von Hindenburg, General Ludendorff and the German Chancellor, von Bethmann-Hollweg, the author seeks to justify his actions during the World War and those of von Hindenburg at the expense of the Kaiser and his chancellor, modestly declaring, in a preface: "All the documents published here will be an additional proof that the confidence was justified which the majority of the German people reposed in Field Marshal von Hindenburg and myself throughout the war." The records given while of value historically, add little to the story told by the author far more interestingly in one of his

previous works, Ludendorff's Own Story, which was reviewed at length in our issue of July 24, 1920.

The Australian Victories in France in 1918, by Lieut. Gen. Sir John Monash (E. P. Dutton and Co.: New York). The achievements of this gallant Australian army corps overseas are told in a most interesting and thrilling way by the very efficient commander. He expresses his satisfaction at having had the 2d American Corps of two divisions, under his command, and pays high compliment to Major Gen. George W. Read, U.S.A., who commanded the Americans, and to his staff, saying of General Read that he was a man of sound common sense and clear judgment. The American divisions, he says, showed a fine spirit, a keen desire to learn, magnificent individual bravery and splendid comradeship.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT REORGANIZATION.

Tables of Organization for Medical Regiment.

Tables of Organization for the Medical Department of the Army, as approved and issued to date, show many changes. Table 83 P, Medical Regiment, Infantry Division, peace strength, wherein the Medical Regiment replaces the Sanitary Train formerly prescribed for an Infantry division, shows that all the functions formerly pertaining to the Sanitary Train as now broadly laid down in the Manual for the Medical Department will hereafter be performed by the Medical Regiment. Its Headquarters replaces that of the old Sanitary Train, and also includes the Division Surgeon's office. The senior Medical officer in a division commands the Medical Regiment and also discharges the functions of division surgeon, being responsible to the division commander for the supervision and co-ordination of Medical Department activities.

The Sanitary Company is a new organization and embraces what was formerly the litter bearer and dressing station sections of the old Ambulance Company. In combat it performs the functions previously prescribed for those sections, i.e., providing the personnel and equipment for establishing a dressing station and litter bearers for transporting the sick and wounded. When not in combat the company is divisible if necessary into several sanitary squads, carrying out practically the same functions as were assigned them in the World War, although in the case of a division they carry on their work within the limits of the divisional area. No equipment has been prescribed for a sanitary company to date; until this is definitely determined the equipment for establishing a dressing station section of an Ambulance Company, ten litters, will be furnished this unit. The Ambulance Company of the Medical Regiment is the old ambulance of the Sanitary Train less the dressing station and litter bearer sections mentioned above. It now becomes exclusively a transportation unit. The training of the animal drawn and motorized ambulance companies of the new Medical Regiment is similar to what was formerly required for the old Ambulance Company of the Sanitary Train, bearing in mind that the litter bearer and dressing station sections are no longer a constituent part of the unit.

The use of the term field hospital has been discontinued and Hospital Company substituted therefor. Its functions are substantially the same as those formerly pertaining to the old field hospital. Pending the receipt of the new equipment tables its equipment should conform to such essential articles in 879, Manual for the Medical Department, as may be necessary to carry on training functions. Motor transportation is prescribed for this unit in lieu of animal drawn. The training of hospital companies will be conducted along the same lines as was that formerly given a field hospital.

New Feature in Medical Laboratory Section.

The Medical Supply Section of the Medical Regiment, at peace strength, consists of one captain or lieutenant of the Medical Administrative Corps and eight enlisted men of the Medical Department. Its function is to requisition for and furnish medical supplies in the field for the entire Medical service of the division. Its training will be such as to fit its personnel for the efficient performance of these duties.

The Veterinary Company consists of two officers of the Veterinary Corps of rank of captain or lieutenant, one of whom serves as the division meat inspector, and of twenty-six enlisted men of the Medical Department who elect veterinary service. It replaces the Mobile Veterinary Section previously authorized and its functions are the same. Pending the issue of new equipment tables its equipment will be restricted to essential articles to be selected from the tables of veterinary supplies in the Manual for the Medical Department recently published. Its training will be such as will best fit it to perform the duties prescribed under previous Special Regulations.

The Medical Laboratory Section is practically a new feature and an outgrowth of the World War. As it has no prototype in existing regulations, it is explained that its primary object relates to the prevention and control of communicable diseases and the maintenance of health among military personnel and animals in commands of which the Medical Regiment forms a part. Secondarily, it will perform such routine general laboratory work for the command as cannot be accomplished by other laboratories in the administrative areas served by it.

It is believed in the War Department that all officers concerned with the new organization, equipment and training of the Medical regiments can satisfactorily carry out the functions required with such regulations, text books, manuals, etc., bearing on those subjects as are now in existence. Considerable time must necessarily elapse before a general revision of reference works and equipment tables can be completed and made available for issue.

MAJOR COLLINS ON COLLEGE MILITARY TRAINING.

Major Leroy P. Collins, Field Art., U.S.A., who is on duty at Leland Stanford, Jr., University, Stanford, Calif., as professor of military science and tactics, has an interesting article in the Stanford Illustrated Review for March on Artillery training at the university. He gives credit to Major Jens Bugge, Inf., U.S.A., for putting military training on a permanent basis at Stanford which fitted many Stanford men to render valuable service in war. "Carrying a gun," says Major Collins, "has never been a popular sport in college, and the same may be said of the country in general. We are a nation of hero worshipers during war or threatened danger, paying to our soldiers at such times something very akin to

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reverence, only to turn iconoclasts and ridiculers when the danger passes. This is not a very admirable trait of the American character either, but unfortunately, it is one which our national life and history tend to accentuate rather than to eliminate. The British have the same weakness. Men go to college not only to learn professions, but to become better and more useful citizens, and military training and discipline add the something to the indispensable academic work and the highly desirable athletics, which fills the gap and gives the poise and patriotism which neither of the others can do. The many unsolicited letters from the parents of men taking the military course show plainly their appreciation of its value and are very gratifying to the department. The Field Artillery courses were started in October, 1919, with an enrolment of eighty-four students. This year the number has increased to 120, and next fall we hope to pass the 200 mark, though even that is a bare ten per cent. of the male student body." Major Collins states that Stanford is ideal for Field Artillery work.

OPINIONS OF J.A.G. OF THE ARMY.

Following are digests of recent opinions of the Judge Advocate General of the Army:

Leave Credits of Emergency Officer.

The rulings of the office of the J.A.G. and of the Comptroller of the Treasury, that an enlisted man is not entitled to the bonus provided in the act of Feb. 24, 1919, if discharged to accept a commission in the Regular Army, on the ground that his service is in fact as well as in contemplation of law, continuous, although his actual status may undergo a change apply with equal force to an emergency officer discharged to accept a commission in the Regular Army. It follows that an emergency officer who accepts a commission in the Regular Army under Sec. 24 of the National Defense act, as amended by the act of June 4, 1920, and whose service has been continuous, is entitled to leave credits that accrued to him as such emergency officer, if such leave credits were not availed of during his emergency service.

Retired Officers Eligible for Duty with National Guard.

Eligibility for service in connection with the instruction of the National Guard or Organized Militia is expressly conferred on retired officers by the acts of March 2, 1903, 32 Stat. 932, and April 23, 1904, 33 Stat. 264, and expressly preserved in Sec. 100 of the National Defense act, 39 Stat 208 (not changed by the act of June 4, 1920).

Stoppage for Private Indebtedness Unauthorized.

The pay of an officer cannot be stopped to satisfy, in part, the obligation of a private mess which had incurred large debts, due to his careless and inefficient management. A mess run for the convenience of individuals who were not entitled to subsistence at Government expense is not a Government agency, and its bills are payable solely by the individual members thereof. An officer's pay cannot be stopped to satisfy such private indebtedness.

Credit for Training Received at U.S.M.A.

The joint resolution of Congress, approved Sept. 8, 1916, may be interpreted as authorizing credit to be given as for service in the senior division of the R.O.T.C. to a member of that division for a period during which he received military training at the U.S. Military Academy. The said resolution refers to a member of the senior division who has "received credit for training received at the U.S. Military Academy."

of the Army detailed as professor of military science and tactics, a course of military training substantially equivalent to that prescribed by regulations under this section for the corresponding period or periods of training of the senior division, R.O.T.C." While it is perhaps true that Congress primarily had in mind institutions other than the Military Academy, yet the language used is sufficiently broad to include it, as training at the Military Academy would certainly meet all the requirements of that portion of the joint resolution above quoted.

Officer's Date of Retirement.

This office has held that the effective date of retirement of an officer, upon his application for retirement, is the date on which he receives notice of the approval of his application by the President. An opinion of the Attorney General, dated May 1, 1920, in the case of Rear Admiral Charles F. Pond, U.S.N., reaches a different result. The precise question put is whether his retirement under this statute (i.e., R.S. 1443) took effect, so as to create a vacancy which might be filled by the appointing power at the date his application for retirement was approved by the President, or not until he received notice of the President's action." (Italics in opinion.) By R.S. 1443 the Attorney General holds three facts must exist: "The officer must have been forty years in the service; he must apply for retirement; and the President must act upon his application. When these three things occur, it is my opinion that the officer's status changes from that of an active officer to that of a retired officer. The fact that the officer might be under obligation to continue in the discharge of his duty until he is notified of the action of the President, while creating some difficulty in reaching a conclusion, does not justify a different conclusion. When the officer is absent from Washington, it is inevitable that the action of the President cannot be known to him at the moment it is taken. The retirement, therefore, must become effective when the official record is completed by the action of the President or when the officer receives notice of his action. One of these conclusions permits of a public record available for all public purposes, while the other would depend upon an event which may take place in some remote part of the world at a time rendered uncertain by the method and difficulties of communication and of which there might be no public record. The statute provides that the officer upon his application may be retired by the President, not that he may be retired by notice of the President's action. I am, therefore, of the opinion that for the purpose involved in your question the retirement of Rear Admiral Pond became effective when the President acted upon his application."

Appointment and Qualifications of Warrant Officers, N.G.

(a) The provisions of Sec. 60 of the National Defense act, as amended by the act of June 4, 1920, authorize the appointment of warrant officers in the National Guard, both in time of war and in time of peace. (b) The provisions of said Sec. 60 authorize the elimination of the grade of warrant officer from the National Guard or its limitation to certain positions, by the Secretary of War, in time of peace. (c) The qualifications of warrant officers in the National Guard, and the classes from which they may be appointed, are matters for the respective states to determine. The qualifications enumerated in Sec. 4a of the act of June 4, 1920, have no application to the National Guard. Bandleaders in the National Guard must be warrant officers; but, in time of peace, they may be eliminated by being made the subject of a general exception by the Secretary of War. They may be appointed from any classes from which the respective states choose to select them. (d) There is no provision in current law under which warrant officers of the National Guard may be paid from Federal funds for service of the kind provided for by Secs. 109 and 110 of the National Defense act, as amended by the act of June 4, 1920. The provisions of the former section refer to commissioned officers only and those of the latter section to enlisted men only, and warrant officers being of neither one class nor the other, there is no provision applicable to them.

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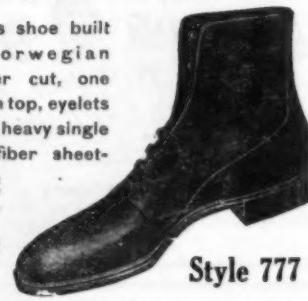
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THE ARMY AND AMERICAN REMOUNT ASSOCIATION.

In a report to the breeding committee of the American Remount Association, Major C. L. Scott, U.S.A., chairman of the committee, who recently made a tour of inspection of several Army remount depots, discusses the breeding conditions throughout the country, as related to the Army, and also the outlook for the breeding of animals for the Service. The Remount Service, he says, now has on hand at the different stations 156 stallions, all of which will be in the hands of agents for breeding purposes by April 15. Care has been taken not to give the impression to breeders that the Remount Service intends to interfere with the breeding of draft horses or mules, which, he says, "are just as important to the Army as the lighter horse." Breeding operations for the coming season have already been started at remount depots at Front Royal, Va., and Fort Reno, Okla. Of eighty yearling colts Major Scott saw at Fort Reno he says that "all will make good utility horses for the Army, while many of them will prove superior, for riding purposes, to anything the Army has ever had in the past." He adds that "the amount of our breeding appropriation is still to be determined by Congress at the next session, the bill providing \$150,000 having died on account of President Wilson's veto, but it is assumed that new hearings on the entire Army Appropriation bill, including this item, will be conducted by Congress when it convenes on April 11. The Remount Service will submit and defend estimates to this new Congress for the entire \$250,000 originally asked for, and it is hoped that this amount will be secured." Major Scott expresses thanks to the members of the breeding committee, the members of the association, to the Horse Association of America, and the various jockey clubs and racing associations, for aid in the effort to obtain at least the \$150,000 provided for in the last bill. He concludes: "At this session we can give more complete data to Congress, whereas last winter we could only talk of our plans." The annual meeting of the American Remount Association is to be held at Washington on May 14, coincident with the National Capital Horse Show, which is to take place May 12-17. The seven members of the association who have been unanimously nominated to serve on the board of directors for the next three years, to replace those whose terms expire, and who are to be voted for at the May meeting, are Lieut. Col. Ray J. Standiford and Major C. L. Scott, U.S.A.; Major Henry Leonard, U.S.M.C.; and Messrs. A. B. Hancock, F. Ambrose Clark, Victor C. Mather and Wirth S. Dunham.

NOTES OF THE ARMY.

Field Artillery Short 849 Officers.

Of the seven combatant arms of the Service, the Field Artillery has 490 more vacancies in its commissioned personnel than all the other arms combined except the Air Service, and 241 more than the Air Service, based on authorized strength. When the last compilation was made by the War Department there were 849 vacancies in the Field Artillery, 608 in the Air Service, 170 in the Signal Corps, 91 in the Corps of Engineers, 88 in the Coast Artillery Corps, 10 in the Infantry and none in the Cavalry. Major Gen. W. J. Snow, Chief of Field Artillery, stated that the educational requirements are not materially greater for the Field Artillery entrance than for other arms of the Service, and he is hoping to obtain his full quota of 600 lieutenants as a result of the examination which is to be held April 25. The War Department will welcome applications for transfers, which will aid in the solution of the redistribution problem.

Army Equipment Changes.

New carrying slings for machine gun equipment have been adopted by the Chief of Infantry, in accordance with recommendations of the Infantry Board and will be issued to machine gun organizations at the rate of seven per squad. The use of these slings is an entirely new departure from the former custom of carrying machine gun equipment. A machine gun dial, which is considered of very great improvement over the present design, has been tested thoroughly and approved for use in the Infantry. Obsolete hand grenades, Frankford Arsenal type, and rifle grenades, babbitt type, will be salvaged, in accordance with recent recommendations of the Chief of Ordnance.

Ex-Soldier Patients at Army Hospitals.

As the Army is reduced in strength through the expiration of enlistments the number of patients in Army hospitals at War Department expense decreases proportionately. The responsibility of caring for the soldiers so discharged, still needing medical and hospital attention, is automatically transferred to the War Risk Insurance Bureau. Owing to the fact that extra facilities are thus made available in Army hospitals it is expected the War Risk Insurance Bureau will take advantage of the Army hospitals as much as possible, allowing those patients to remain that were under the care of the Army Medical Corps, or transferring others to the attention of the Army Medical Corps, charging the same to the account of the War Risk Insurance Bureau funds. Under the law patients now in Army hospitals as soldiers must be discharged as such by July 2, 1921.

Infantry School to Publish an Annual.

Officers at Camp Benning are planning to publish their first "annual" of the Infantry School, entitled The Doughboy, sometime in June. A prospectus of the book has been prepared and circulated in which it is stated: "To most of us here at Benning there is brought back the school and college spirit, and in keeping with that spirit we are going to issue an annual, a bigger and we hope a better one than was ever published before by any military group." The work has the sanction of the school authorities, and the Chief of Infantry. It is under the supervision of the War Plans Division of the Infantry School, and every officer attending on duty at the school is invited to have a part in the publication.

Army Medical Department in the War.

Major Gen. Merritt W. Ireland, Surgeon General of the Army, is the author of an article on "The Achievement of the Army Medical Department in the World War," which appears in the Journal of the American Medical Association of March 19. General Ireland says that "whatever is due to the Medical Department of the U.S. Army for its achievement during the recent war may be credited to the training and experience of its regular personnel, on the administrative side, and to the generous and efficient co-operation of the physicians and surgeons of this country on the professional side." On the side of medical administration, we entered the European war with much better preparation than had been the lot of our forces in either the Civil War or the Spanish-American War. The results attained in American hospital treatment overseas during the World War were remarkable. Of the 2,039,329 men who reported in France, about 1,300,000 were combatant troops, and of these twenty-eight divisions, or about 784,000 men, got into action. Our total casualties were 318,993, of which 34,249 were killed in action, 50,714 died from disease and 13,691 (6.11 per cent.) died from wounds out of 224,089 wounded, of whom 158,595, or 70.77 per cent., were returned to duty. Our success in wound treatment was due to the high efficiency and promptitude of our surgical service in carrying out the Carrel-Dakin treatment, and the method of wound excision with primary suture. More than twice as many were killed through head injuries as were admitted to hospital, and nearly seven times as many through wounds of the spine, abdomen or pelvis. All this is to be explained by the terrible mangling of the body from high explosive shells and projectiles of large caliber. The number of casualties among our medical officers in France from July 1, 1917, to March 13, 1919, was 442, and of these forty-six were killed in action, four were lost at sea, 212 were wounded, twenty-two died of wounds, 101 died of disease, nine died of accidents, and seven were reported missing. The first American soldier who was killed in France after our entry into the war was a medical officer, Lieut. William T. Fitzsimons, whose life was lost during an air attack on the base hospital group at Dannes Camiers, Sept. 4, 1917, and in honor of whom our Army general hospital at Denver has been named the Fitzsimons General Hospital.

Vocational Proficiency Certificates.

The Adjutant General of the Army is preparing to distribute to all concerned standard forms for recording the proficiency attained in vocational training, in the schools of the Army. Certificates of proficiency also have been adopted and are being printed which will be granted to enlisted men upon completion of vocational courses. Every effort is being made to expedite completion of these forms in order that the certificates of proficiency may be used at the close of the present school year. These proficiency ratings and certificates of proficiency represent a distinct step forward in school work in that they are so designed as to show graphically the proficiency achieved in each unit of a given vocation. The certificates will only be granted in courses for which Army educational manuals (Circular 388, W.D., 1920) have been published, or for courses that, in the opinion of the corps area or department commanders, are sufficiently advanced to warrant them.

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POST OFFICE URGES EARLY MAILINGS.

Postmaster General Hays makes an appeal to other Government departments, large business concerns and the public in general, to aid the Post Office Department by making frequent mailings during the day instead of holding the bulk of mail until evening. This will reduce congestion of work in the post office at night and will often make possible earlier dispatch of mail that will make a difference of an entire day in its delivery at destination. In the Washington post office, for example, it is stated that approximately 700,000 letters and postal cards and 9,000 sacks of mail are dispatched daily; of these approximately 600,000 pieces are deposited between four p.m. and eight a.m. and only 100,000 from eight a.m. to four p.m. Seventy-six per cent. of the mail in the Washington post office is under the control of Government officials and the practice of Government departments of holding the bulk of their mail until the close of the day has seriously hampered the Post Office Department. Similar conditions are stated to exist in other large post offices. This is not a new appeal on the part of the Post Office Department, but is one that should receive attention in the effort for a better mail service.

PISTOL MATCH, F.A.R.O.T.C. ASSOCIATION.

According to plans arranged by Major W. C. Potter, U.S.A., office of Chief of Field Artillery, Washington, D.C., a National Pistol Match will be held by teams of the Field Artillery R.O.T.C. units on May 7. This is one of the first concerted results of the formation of the Field Artillery Reserve Officers' Training Corps Association at Camp Knox, Ky., last summer at the annual training camp for Field Artillery units of the R.O.T.C. Rules and qualifications for the shoot have been prepared by Major Potter and sent out to all the units in the association. The purpose of this association, of which Mr. G. W. Pilcher, of Purdue University, is president, is to unite in closer relationship the military departments of American colleges having Artillery units and to do all within its power to promote the summer training camps of the F.A.R.O.T.C. Most of the twenty-one colleges represented at last summer's training camp belong to this new association, which has the endorsement of Major Gen. W. J. Snow, Chief of Field Artillery,

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AN ANONYMOUS PROMOTION LIST CIRCULAR.

"Are you a red-blooded American or just a plain boob? Remember! Those are helped who help themselves. It is zero hour when you receive this!" Thus declares a printed circular which has been received by many of the captains and lieutenants of the U.S. Army during the past week. The circular is headed "Personal" and addressed "To whom it may concern," and has nothing to indicate its source. Its first question is, "Are you a captain or lieutenant of the Regular Army?" Then it spreads revolt against "that great injustice done thousands of officers" which "cannot be corrected until Congress is informed." It beseeches, it urges, it commands a drive upon Congress and gives the form of a specimen letter to be addressed to Senator or Representative in Congress, demanding of the recipient of the circular that he "state your concrete case, cite other cases, offer any argument," and it concludes the sample letter by quoting a suggested amendment to the present law, an amendment which is identical with that proposed in letters that have appeared in the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL. Whatever the possible merits of the proposed amendment, the general character of the circular has been a subject of criticism. One officer who sends us a copy characterizes it as "insulting, to say the least." Other officers to whom copies of this circular have been forwarded spoke of it as an attempt to set up a Soviet in the junior grades of the Army and to swing the fable without regard to where or what it hits. They regarded it as contrary to the best traditions of the commissioned personnel of the Army and un-American in method. It stirred the indignation of older officers of the Service who have a pride in that Service and in all that the Army stands for. Even those officers in the field grades who are inclined to believe they have something to say on their side in regard to the insertion of emergency officers between them with the result that some have lost as many as fifteen files freely declared that only the strongest condemnation should be laid upon the originators of this extraordinary enterprise. Many expressed the hope that members of Congress who receive letters based upon the "sample" will turn them over to the War Department. The circular speaks for itself, and not favorably. It can hardly represent the good sense of the great majority of officers in whose behalf it is supposed to speak. Except for a list of members of the Senate and House Committees on Military Affairs of the 66th Congress, printed on the reverse, the circular follows; we omit the capitals and italic type which sprinkle it profusely:

Circular! Personal—To whom it may concern:

1. Are you a captain or lieutenant of the Regular Army?
2. Do you know how many files you have lost under Sec. 24a-(d) of the act of Congress approved June 4, 1920?
3. Do you feel that you have suffered injustice under said act?
4. Do you prefer to be ranked by officers of maturity, age, and experience, or to be "jumped" by your former lieutenants? (If so, say so.)

5. Do you know that the great injustice done thousands of officers cannot be corrected unless Congress is informed? 6. Do you know that those Congressmen who sought amendments for this bill failed because they lacked information in concrete cases of facts? 7. Do you realize that your Congressman, or any Congressman would be glad to hear from you about your case? 8. Do you realize that you can write your Congressman informally and unofficially about subjects of mutual interest, without attempting to "influence Army legislation?" 9. Does your Congressman know that the unfairness and injustice resulting from Sec. 24a-(d), act approved June 4, 1920, could be remedied without cost to the Government by a simple amendment essentially as follows:

"All captains and lieutenants of the Regular Army and Philippine Scouts shall be arranged on a single promotion list, within their respective grades, according to total length of commissioned service within that grade or a higher grade, prior to July 1, 1920, provided, that where such total length of commissioned service within a grade or a higher grade is equal, then according to age."

10. Do you know what it will mean if the members of the Military Affairs Committees receive thousands of letters reciting concrete cases, and in every instance approving substantially the same remedy? 11. Do you know the value of repetition or reiteration? 12. Do you know that in unity there is strength? 13. Do you realize that the limiting dates prescribed by the present law, April 6, 1917, to Nov. 11, 1918, in determining effective length of commissioned service results in unfairness and discrimination? 14. Do you realize that the

ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL.

promotion list can be readjusted in the interest of justice at any time by act of Congress?

15. Are you a red-blooded American or just a plain boob? Remember! Those are helped who help themselves. It is zero hour when you receive this!

Hon. John Doe, U.S. Senate (or House of Representatives), Washington, D.C.

Dear Senator (or Mr. Doe): The act of Congress approved June 4, 1920, in its remarkable application to the junior officers is the subject of wide comment in the Army now. I cannot refrain from inviting your attention to the obvious discrimination, injustice, and unfairness arising under Sec. 24a-(d) of this act.

Take my case, which is a typical example. I was commissioned captain—etc. (State your concrete case. Cite other cases. Offer any arguments.)

It seems to me that this unfortunate legislation could be remedied, the morale of the Army greatly increased, and the greatest measure of fairness and justice secured collectively to all officers concerned by amending the present law substantially as follows:

"All captains, and lieutenants of the Regular Army and Philippine Scouts shall be arranged on a single promotion list, within their respective grades, according to total length of commissioned service within that grade or a higher grade, prior to July 1, 1920, provided, that where such total length of commissioned service within a grade or a higher grade is equal, then according to age."

I should be glad to have your views on this subject. Respectfully, etc., John Smith, (Rank and organization.)

PROMOTION LIST COMMENT.

"Submerged" Captains.

"Some two thousand-odd of the more mature officers who entered the Service under the act of June 4, 1920, have been, to put it mildly, permanently shelved," writes a captain of Engineers. "As the law was interpreted any first or second lieutenants of even one day's more service between April 6, 1917, and Nov. 11, 1918, pass them on the promotion list. The general condition is that mature men of the second training camp period and later, who creditably held commissions of captain and higher under war conditions, are totally and hopelessly submerged by a wave of youths who did not so qualify under war's test. Against all custom and precedent we older men find our military careers (by this amazing promotion scheme) hopelessly blasted and if legislative aid is not extended to us, a great group will be forced out of the Army. That a great group of young men (nearly all our lieutenants were young, averaging twenty-six years) should sweep over 2,000 men who by age, experience and ability have for three and one-half years held higher grades creditably, were it not tragic, would be a colossal joke. The submerged 2,000 are not all paragons, but they delivered the goods continuously for from two to four years before being engulfed."

Differing Conditions Before and After April, 1917.

Another captain of Engineers writing of the promotion list says: "It seems to the writer that a very important consideration has been missed by all commentators. We shall accept the principle of the Single List as commendable, once initial position on that list has been determined justly and correctly. In the days of the old peace Army, prior to April 6, 1917, all officers of the line were taken in as second lieutenants at ages less than twenty-eight and with the same requisite qualifications. All officers had approximately the same start. As years passed, they attained different advancement, depending on branch of Service, etc. This inequality of promotion, where conditions of entry into the Service were approximately the same, gave rise to the agitation which has gradually evolved into the present single list idea in which relative position is determined by length of commissioned service. The idea has been accepted as safe and sound. Questions of weight to be given such qualities as ability, energy, 'special training,' etc., are always debatable. Twenty independent observers may reasonably rate one officer's ability in twenty different values. Indeterminate values could not satisfactorily be relied upon. Under old Regular Army conditions, then relative length of commissioned service to determine precedence appears to apply with the greater attainable fairness, is just; but there it should stop; but it doesn't stop there, and therein lies the rub."

An entirely different situation confronted the Army after April 6, 1917. The old peace Army suddenly became a war Army. An entirely different set of conditions governed entry into the Service. Officers were admitted at ages from twenty-one to forty-five, and in grades depending on qualification, age and experience. Total length of commissioned service since such a recent date as April 6, 1917, is an insignificant and unimportant factor in determining relative position on the promotion list. It has no logical application to officers who entered the Service during the war. This has already been recognized in the field grades. The officers who entered at grades higher than lieutenant were with few exceptions men of education, experience and maturity, of ripe experience in the severe school of business, the sciences or the professions. This is intended as no reflection on the lieutenants; they have proven excellent young officers as a class. But to assume that any normal man at the age of twenty-one is not a better man by ten years at the age of thirty-one is more than a mistake, it is a blunder.

Inconsistencies and Discriminations.

The operation of Sec. 24a-(d), of the act of June 4, 1920, has undoubtedly resulted in inconsistencies and discriminations of the most absurd kind. Tragic they are to the ex-major or ex-colonel who has been jumped by his former lieutenants. The present law, in its remarkable application to the junior officers, is so fundamentally weak and unsound in principle that it can not last. In remedying one abuse of long standing in the old Army, an equally rancorous bone of contention has been unwittingly injected into the new Army. The determination of initial relative position in the junior grades must be settled along a broader and more thoroughly thought out plan. The single list idea can not survive without it.

To secure to all officers concerned the greatest measure of equity an amendment to the present law should read, substantially, that all captains and lieutenants shall be arranged on a single promotion list among themselves, in their respective grades, according to total length of commissioned service in the Army within the grade in which commissioned or a higher grade prior to July 1, 1920, provided that where such total length of service within that grade or a higher grade is equal, precedence shall be determined in sequence in order of age; provided further, that where ages are equal precedence shall then be determined by total length of commissioned service in the Army. This would place the new captains, generally, at the foot of the list of captains where they probably should be. Service prior to July 1, 1920, in a higher grade, would be credited in

determining initial position among the captains. Distinction between service in the Regular Army and the Army of the U.S. would be eliminated, as it should be when all forces are merged into one Army. The length of service factor would not be restricted to service which happened to fall between certain specified dates arbitrarily arrived at. Why be inconsistent? Unfortunately the McKellar amendment can not fit the new situation developed as result of the Senate's confirmation of promotion of some 2,500 lieutenants to captains. These new captains who had a few days' greater commissioned service as lieutenants would still "jump" hundreds of old officers who have been captains or higher throughout the war. Length of commissioned service in the U.S. Army in grade in which commissioned July 1, 1920, or a higher grade, it is believed, is the only factor which can equitably determine initial position for those officers who entered the Army under war conditions."

The "Old Timers" of Longer Service.

Of the discussion of the promotion list a lieutenant colonel of Infantry writes: "It is observed that the discussion relates only to those who have entered the Service since 1917. I fail to see where anyone has mentioned some of the old timers, those who served against Spain when these young men were being led around by a nurse or entering the kindergarten. These old timers were youths in 1898-9, and after being discharged from the Volunteers were appointed in the Regular Army as second lieutenants and went to the foot of the list. Then in 1901 the Army was reorganized and increased and officers were commissioned as first and second lieutenants in each grade and took rank according to length of commissioned service. But our distinguished Congress at that time, advised by an officer at Washington, placed a sweet little proviso in the bill which would prohibit the relative rank of any officer already commissioned in the Regular Army from being changed, which resulted in officers being ranked by others who had as much as a year less service. They have been promoted and enjoyed all the benefits of pay and emoluments for twenty years ahead of their proper place, measured by length of service. This injustice was continued when the single list was adopted as the just and equitable method of promotion. Now new legislation is sought to properly adjust the list. While about this job let's do it right. Have the single list and make promotion from the single list from grade to grade, seniority being fixed by placing at the head of this list in each grade the man who has had the greatest total commissioned service. This is equitable and just and gives each man a square deal. No fair-minded man who is unselfish in his contention can refute it."

VIEW ON AMERICAN CAMPAIGN BADGE.

The suggestions of an American officer now in France endorsing the proposal for the adoption of an American campaign badge for the World War, made in our issue of April 9, page 872, created considerable discussion in Service circles in Washington. It was pointed out that while the custom of exchanging medals among the Allied nations in Europe is a common practice, it has never been done by the United States. The correspondent writes of keeping to "American traditions." The comment was that these traditions are opposed to the establishing of a Service medal for the war. The American plan has always been to award only one medal to a person for service in any one action. This does not mean, it is declared, that the custom of more than one award should not be adopted, but has not been the American method. Whether or not the United States should have a second medal for the World War is a matter of opinion, but the cost of a second one, including cost of distribution, is not so small as to be negligible. Against these reasons the argument is offered that some of our European Allies have two medals. Our correspondent in France evidently does not understand our Medal of Military Merit, said an authority on decoration, who added: "This decoration is similar to the Good Conduct Medal of the Navy, to be given to a man on re-enlistment who has served a complete three year enlistment with exemplary conduct. It is to carry extra pay. How far we Americans have traveled when we can turn from the citation certificates issued by General Pershing! Four years ago such a paper would have been most highly prized by any member of the Pershing expedition into Mexico. Now, it would seem, any sort of decoration that can be worn on the person is considered more valuable than the highest recommendation or appreciation of our superiors. I would like to point out that this correspondent discloses a lack of historical knowledge in his suggestion to make the ribbon for the World War medal in the German colors. We did that once before, for the original Spanish War ribbon was yellow and red, and it occasioned diplomatic exchanges and as a result blue was substituted for the red. It would not be wise to court a second incident of the kind, particularly where 2,000,000 medals are involved. Our present ribbons are merely suggestive of the colors of the enemy, not the complete colors. Thus the Mexican colors are red, white and green, while one ribbon is blue, yellow and green, the other yellow and green, and the China ribbon is yellow with blue edges, not all yellow."

AMERICA'S CUP WINNER OFFERED TO NAVY.

On behalf of the Eastern Yacht Club of Boston, William U. Swan formally offered to Secretary of the Navy Denby on April 15 to restore the famous schooner yacht America to the U.S. Naval Academy. The offer was cordially received by the Secretary who showed deep interest in the proposal and said he saw no objection to its acceptance. The America from 1863 to 1873 was attached to the Academy as a training ship after having served as a Confederate blockade runner. She had been sunk in the St. John's River, Florida, then being known as the Memphis. The crew of the U.S.S. Ottawa raised her and it is understood they waived claim to prize money on the agreement that she would be used at the Academy. In 1870 she raced for the America's Cup, having been fitted out by the Navy Department. The yacht was sold in 1873 as a result of a Congressional inquiry and a representative of Gen. B. F. Butler bought her for \$5,000. Four years ago the heirs of General Butler decided to destroy the yacht, when Charles H. W. Foster purchased her from the estate and she has been laid up at Boston ever since. Mr. Foster offers to put her in condition and turn her over to the yacht club as its gift to the Government. Secretary Denby indicated that there would be no question as to acceptance of the offer.

April 16, 1921.

RECENT DEATHS.

Rear Admiral Frank Harvey Bailey, U.S.N., retired, died suddenly at the Union Station at El Paso, Texas, April 9, 1921, while waiting for a train. He was on his way to his home in Gowanda, N.Y. Admiral Bailey was with Admiral Dewey at Manila and was advanced for highly distinguished conduct in battle. During the World War he was in charge of the Computing Department of the Bureau of Steam Engineering at Washington. He was born in Pennsylvania June 29, 1851, and was appointed a cadet engineer Oct. 1, 1873. He was commissioned assistant engineer July 1, 1877; P.A. engineer Oct. 7, 1884; chief engineer June, 1896; lieutenant commander, March 3, 1899; captain, July 1, 1908, and reached the grade of rear admiral Feb. 14, 1913. Admiral Bailey served among duties in the Alert, on the Asiatic Station, 1877-8; Trenton, European Station, 1878-81; Iroquois, Pacific Station, 1882-5; special duty, Cornell University, 1885-8; Chicago, Squadron of Evolution, 1889-91; Bureau of Steam Engineering, 1891-6; in the Baltimore, 1896-9, taking part in the battle of Manila Bay. He was on the cruiser Raleigh at that time, under Capt. Joseph B. Coglan. Subsequent service included duty in the Bureau of Steam Engineering, assignment as inspector of engineering material and ordnance, Eastern New York and New Jersey districts, the latter being his last assignment to duty. He was retired for age June 29, 1913.

Major Paul Elliott Chamberlin, U.S.M.C., retired, whose death at Washington, D.C., on April 4, 1921, we briefly noted in our issue of April 9, page 874, during his active service was, among other duties, with the 6th Battalion of Marines in the Philippine Islands and at Guam for two years. He took part in several expeditions to Cuba, and was on duty in the Isthmus of Panama during 1908. During the trouble with Mexico in 1914 he was in command of the marine detachment on the U.S.S. North Dakota. He disembarked with the detachment at Vera Cruz, Mexico, April 27, 1914, and entered Fort San Juan de Ulloa, rejoining the North Dakota April 30, 1914. He served at practically all of the shore stations of the Marine Corps and on various vessels of the U.S. Navy. His last assignment of duty was that of fleet marine officer of the Asiatic Fleet.

Capt. Andrew Reginald Wentworth, Med. Corps, U.S.N., retired, died at the U.S. Naval Hospital Portsmouth, N.H., April 13, 1921. He was born in Maine Oct. 19, 1859, and was appointed in the Navy April 22, 1885.

Of the death of Lieut. William DeVoe Coney, Air Ser., U.S.A., on March 30, 1921, at Natchez, Miss., a correspondent writes: "This officer was one of the highest type, efficient, daring, and had the courage to offer in sacrifice such as is incident to the objective he hoped to obtain. It is perfectly apparent to those who knew him that his paramount object was to further the interests of his arm of the Service by experiment, and his desire for personal glory was entirely subservient to that object. He accomplished results which have hitherto been acclaimed impossible. In attempting further experiment he fell to the ground, sustaining, among other things, a broken back and after lingering several days, died as he had lived, smiling. One who had met Lieutenant Coney never forgot him. A pleasant youngster, with a perpetual and feminine smile, a sturdy little body which showed him to be a veritable strong box of energy, strength and endurance. That cheerful disposition he possessed made for him friends at every hand, and those friends to-day appreciate that the Army has lost one of its best and the world has lost a man."

Lieut. Clarence Willard Johnson, U.S.N., who died at the American Hospital, Constantinople, March 23, 1921, as reported by the Navy Department, was born in California Jan. 12, 1895, and was appointed June 28, 1913.

First Lieut. Louis Russell Crawford, Cav., U.S.A., died April 9, 1921, at Aurora, Colo. His wife, Mrs. Kate Riddick Crawford, resides at Hertford, N.C. Lieutenant Crawford had previously been on duty at the Cavalry School at Fort Riley, Kas.

Ensign Harry C. Batcheller, U.S.N.R.F., on duty at the naval air station, North Island, San Diego, Calif., was killed there on April 8, when a seaplane of which he was the pilot fell into the sea from an altitude of 500 feet.

Mrs. Nina S. Robison died on March 29, 1921, at Alamosa, Colo., at the home of her eldest son, Mr. Albert L. Moses. She was the mother of Capt. Stanford E. Moses, U.S.N.; grandmother of Ensign William Moultrie Moses and Mdsn. Lionel B. Moses, Jr., and aunt of Col. Lawrence H. Moses, U.S.M.C. She leaves five sons, Mr. Albert L. Moses, Alamosa, Colo.; Mr. Mont J. Moses, Greeley, Colo.; Capt. Stanford E. Moses, U.S.N.; Mr. Lionel B. Moses and Mr. Walter Robison, of Chicago; also two sisters, Mrs. Lionel C. Levy, Columbus, Ga., and Mrs. James A. Whyte, New York city; many grandchildren and three great-grandchildren. She had many friends and relatives who admired and love her for her fine mind, strong character and warm heart, and she will be greatly missed by all who knew her.

Mrs. Matilda Rogers Schoonmaker, wife of the late Capt. Cornelius Marius Schoonmaker, U.S.N., died at her residence, 202 West 7th street, New York city, April 12, 1921. She was the daughter of George Duncan Cooper, and Margaretta Livingston. Funeral services were held at Christ Church, New York city, April 15, and the remains were buried at Kingston, N.Y. Captain Schoonmaker was drowned March 15, 1889, in the great hurricane at Samoa, where he was in command of the U.S.S. *Vandalia*, which was among the vessels wrecked with great loss of life. The only officers of the *Vandalia* now living we believe are Capt. John C. Wilson and Comdr. Horace M. Witzel, U.S.N., retired, and Major Gen. Commandant George F. Elliott, U.S.M.C., retired. Mrs. Schoonmaker was a member of the Colonial Lords of Manor in America, New York Branch.

Mrs. Persons, widow of Med. Dir. R. C. Persons, U.S.N., died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. T. M. Henry, in Baltimore, April 4, 1921. The funeral occurred at Auburn, Ala., where her husband is buried. Mrs. Persons is survived by three daughters, Mrs. McBride, wife of Capt. L. B. McBride, U.S.N.; Mrs. Le Breton, wife of Comdr. David McDougal Le Breton, U.S.N., and Mrs. Henry, wife of Capt. Sidney Morgan Henry, formerly of the Navy.

Mrs. Catherine Elizabeth Mauborgne, wife of Eugene C. Mauborgne, for forty-six years a member of the New York Times Staff, and mother of Major Joseph O. Mauborgne, Signal Corps, U.S.A., died at her home, Corona, Long Island, N.Y., April 13, 1921. Mrs. Mauborgne had

been ill for the last year. She left in addition to her son, Major Mauborgne, four daughters.

Mrs. Sarah Arnold, mother of Col. Frederick T. Arnold, U.S. Cav., died at Earlville, Iowa, on April 2, 1921.

Mrs. W. H. Burton, mother of Lieut. Col. F. H. Burton, U.S.A., commanding officer, Camp Normoyle, Texas, and of H. E. Burton, formerly major in Q.M. Corps, died at Brookland, D.C., April 10, 1921.

Mrs. M. E. Turner, mother of Major E. W. Turner, U.S.A., died at her residence in Bellingham, Wash., on April 1, 1921.

Mrs. Florilla Ann Foster, widow of Frank B. Foster, died at Fort Slocum, N.Y., on April 6, 1921. Mrs. Foster was the mother of John B. Foster and Mrs. W. O. Taylor, and grandmother of Mrs. Rex H. Rhoades, wife of Lieutenant Colonel Rhoades, U.S.A.

Mrs. Katherine Elizabeth Back, mother of Capt. Roscius H. Back, U.S.A., stationed at Camp Lewis, Wash., died in San Diego, Calif., April 4, 1921, in her fifty-sixth year. She was a native of England. A daughter, Helen R. Back, resides in San Diego.

Prof. Alexander C. McMeans, a prominent and highly esteemed citizen, who died at Santa Rosa, Calif., April 1, 1921, was the father of the late Ensign Harold V. McMeans, U.S.N., and of Mrs. May Coman, wife of Lieut. Comdr. R. G. Coman, U.S.N., and of Mrs. E. H. Connors, wife of Lieut. Comdr. E. E. Connors, U.S.N. "Professor McMeans," writes a correspondent, "was a true gentleman of the old Southern school, always courteous, considerate, kindly and helpful. He was a native of Greenville, Ala., where he was born on Sept. 9, 1844. He came to California with his mother and sisters as a boy of ten years, in 1854, and has since remained in Santa Rosa. The deceased was married in San Jose to Miss Carrie Brown, in 1885, who survives, with his two daughters. Professor McMeans was well known in the Masonic fraternity, which he joined more than half a century ago, and he always lived close to its teachings. Probably the one thing which brought Professor McMeans greater prominence than all else was his establishment of the Santa Rosa Normal School, which for many years he conducted successfully."

John James Gillen, late sergeant, 1st Class, 8th Field Signal Battalion, U.S.A., a veteran of Pershing's Mexican expedition and of the World War, was killed at San Lorenzo, Calif., recently while working at the top of a power pole, when he accidentally came in contact with a 4,000-volt wire. The funeral ceremonies were held April 3 at Hayward, Calif., under the auspices of Hayward Post No. 68, American Legion. The remains were shipped to Omaha, Neb., for interment.

Deaths in A.F. in Germany.

John D. Kelsey, private, 1st Class, Troop C, 6th Cav., died April 4, 1921, at Coblenz, Germany. Home address, Rosedale, Miss.

Paul H. Monroe, private, 1st Class, Co. F, 8th Inf., died April 7, 1921, at Coblenz, Germany. Home address, R.F.D. No. 2, Caddo Mills, Texas.

RETIREMENTS.

Capt. John W. Heisse, Inf., U.S.A., was retired from active service April 6, 1921, for disability incident to the service. His home is in Baltimore, Md. Captain Heisse, who served with the A.E.F., was born in Maryland Nov. 30, 1893, and entered the Regular Army Oct. 26, 1917, as a second lieutenant, 4th Infantry. He had previously served as a second lieutenant in the O.R.C.

First Lieut. David O. N. Lindberg, Med. Corps, U.S.A., was retired with the rank of captain April 6, 1921, to date from March 30, 1921, for disability incident to the service. Captain Lindberg, whose home is in Quincy, Mass., served with the A.E.F.

RETIREMENTS OF NON-COM. OFFICERS.

Upon the retirement of Master Sergt. William A. Wilson, 7th Inf., U.S.A., on April 6, 1921, at Camp Pike, Ark., after thirty years' service, he was specially honored by a parade of the regiment and other testimonials of esteem. An entertainment was held in his honor at the 7th Infantry Service Club. Speeches were made by Col. O. B. Rosenbaum, Chaplain Huset and Master Sergeant Wilson. The regimental band furnished music. Colonel Rosenbaum on behalf of officers and enlisted men of the 7th Infantry presented Master Sergeant Wilson with a gold watch, gold chain, and a fine leather purse containing \$312. After the ceremonies the officers and men formed in line and bade him farewell. He first enlisted in the Army July 9, 1898, in Co. I, 2d Inf., and has six discharges with character "excellent." His service was in the 2d, 21st, 8th, 15th and 7th Infantry. In general orders announcing the retirement of Master Sergeant Wilson Colonel Rosenbaum says, in part: "He accompanied the 7th Infantry to France, leaving the United States April 6, 1918, and participated in the following engagements: Marne sector, Belleau Woods, Marne sector, Champagne-Marne defensive and St. Mihiel offensive, Meuse-Argonne offensive. He was with the Army of Occupation, Dec. 1, 1918, to June 14, 1919. He received a citation for exemplary work while under shell fire. Master Sergeant Wilson has, by his courtesy, zeal, devotion to duty, and desire for justice and right, won the esteem and good will of all the officers and enlisted men of the regiment and made a record that any one should justly feel proud of. In announcing Master Sergeant Wilson's retirement the regimental commander desires to express sincere appreciation for the valuable services rendered this regiment by the sergeant, also wishes him Godspeed and extends the best wishes of the entire regiment for a long, happy and prosperous life."

In announcing the retirement on March 21, 1921, of Master Sergt. William Illingworth, band leader, 2d Band, Coast Art., after thirty years' service, Colonel Hearns, commanding the coast defenses of Portland, in general orders dated Fort Williams, Me., March 21, says, in part: "Master Sergeant Illingworth's long record of efficient and faithful service is an enviable one, and one that those who may elect to make the Army a career may well strive to emulate. He enlisted in the 1st Cavalry Band at Fort Riley, Kas., on Dec. 10, 1895, and has served continuously to the present date, passing successively through the grades of private, corporal, sergeant, chief trumpeter, chief musician, band leader, temporary first lieutenant (band leader), and finally master sergeant. He has seen service in the Philippines and Cuba, where he participated with his regiment, the 1st Cavalry, in the siege and capture of Santiago de Cuba. It is of record that throughout his service he has never missed a call for duty nor been the subject of disciplinary action. When he first enlisted at the age of twenty-

two he had been denied the ordinary advantages of schooling due to the permanent disability of his father, which necessitated his occupational employment from the early age of eight. On entering the Service he applied himself to study and by his personal efforts overcame this handicap so that in eleven years he had fitted himself for the position of band leader. This was in a day when the Government provided no facilities for vocational or educational training for its soldiers. During his service in the coast defenses of Portland he has earned the respect of his subordinates and the esteem and confidence of his superiors. He carries with him to his well earned retirement their earnest good wishes for his future." Master Sergeant Illingworth as he left Portland April 2 for his home was serenaded by his fellow bandmen at Union Station.

The retirement of Technical Sergt. Philip Ballard, Q.M. Corps, on March 31, 1921, at Fort Hancock, N.J., was marked by a parade of all the troops at the post in front of headquarters, to bid him farewell. Colonel Douglas in orders directing the parade stated that Sergeant Ballard was a highly esteemed soldier, and that his services to the officers and men of the command were well known and highly esteemed.

First Sergt. Jacob Willy, of Troop B, 2d U.S. Cav., was placed on the retired list March 29, 1921, at Fort Riley, Kas., a squadron of the regiment parading for review in his honor, under Major Baird. Col. John S. Winn, commanding 2d Cavalry, in general orders dated March 27, in announcing the retirement of Sergeant Willy after giving his record says: "All of the service of 1st Sergeant Willy has been honest and faithful and his example is worthy of emulation by all soldiers of this command. The good wishes of all officers and enlisted men of this command will follow 1st Sergeant Willy in his well earned retirement." Sergeant Willy first entered the military as a private in the 4th Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry in May, 1898, and entered the Regular Army as a private in Troop D, 7th Cavalry, Feb. 20, 1899. Subsequent re-enlistments took him to the 7th, 11th and 2d Cavalry. The foreign service of 1st Sergeant Willy has been in Porto Rico, Cuba and France. While in the Philippines he served in the campaign against the Pulajanes on the Island of Leyte. During the World War 1st Sergeant Willy served in France from March 29, 1918, to June 29, 1919, and participated in the following engagements: Toul defensive sector, St. Mihiel offensive, Meuse-Argonne offensive, and from Nov. 16, 1918, to May 25, 1919, he served with the Army of Occupation in Germany.

SERVICE WEDDINGS.

Major Joseph D. Murray, U.S.M.C., and Miss Lillian Balfour were married at Arlington, Mass., on April 2, 1921.

Major Parker C. Kalloch, Inf., U.S.A., and Miss Katherine T. Galvin, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John F. Galvin, of 341 Riverside Drive, New York city, were married April 9, 1921, at the home of the bride, Mgr. Edwin Sweeney, of the Church of the Ascension, performing the ceremony. The bride's sister, Mrs. Matthew T. Murray, Jr., was her matron of honor and Major Daniel P. Card, Med. Corps, U.S.A., was the best man.

Major Clifford Cabell Early, U.S. Inf., and Miss Harriet Harman were married at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank P. Harman, Rocklands Farm, Gordonsville, Va., on April 9, 1921. The ceremony was performed by Chaplain John T. Axton, Chief of Chaplains, U.S.A., in their drawing room, which was decorated with pink roses, iris and sunlax, and lighted by candles. A stringed orchestra played softly during the time. The bride, who was unattended, was given in marriage by her father, wore a dress of Navy blue tricotine beaded in grey and a small hat trimmed in wheat. Her corsage was orchids and violets. Col. Stanley H. Ford acted as best man. Following the ceremony a buffet supper was served, after which Major and Mrs. Early left for a bridal tour to the North. They will return the middle of the month to Washington, where he is on duty and have taken an apartment at Somerset House. The guests at the wedding included only the immediate families, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Harman, Jr., of Washington; Mr. and Mrs. Arnold Snider, of Salisbury, N.C.; Messrs. William and Everett Harman, of West Virginia; Misses Evelyn and Hermianne Early, of Washington; Miss Ruth Early, of Lynchburg, Va., and Mr. Cabell Robinson, of Colleton, Va.

Lieut. Comdr. Ellsworth Davis, U.S.N., an instructor in the steam engineering department at the U.S. Naval Academy, and a graduate of the Academy in the class of 1913, and Miss Mildred Enneking, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Enneking, of San Diego, Calif., were married at the home of the bride's parents on April 4, 1921, the ceremony being performed by Chaplain F. L. Albert, U.S.N. Miss Della Ballard acted as maid of honor, while Comdr. Charles D. Swain, U.S.N., was best man. Comdr. and Mrs. Davis left for the Grand Canyon on a honeymoon trip, later proceeding to New York and Hartford, Conn., to visit at the home of the groom's mother, Mrs. Frederick W. Davis. They will then go on to Annapolis, where they will take up their residence in Carvel Hall.

A wedding of interest in Congressional and Navy circles in Washington, D.C., April 7, 1921, was that of Miss Heloise Lazaro, daughter of Representative and Mrs. Ladislas Lazaro, of Louisiana, to Lieut. Allen Howard White, Supply Corps, U.S.N. The wedding took place at the home of the bride's parents, Folkstone Courts, and a beautiful decoration of spring flowers and palms adorned the various rooms. The ceremony was performed in the drawing room by Mgr. Mackin, of St. Paul's Church. The bride, who was escorted by her father, wore a gown of soft white satin with a voluminous veil of tulle and lace becomingly arranged with a coronet of orange blossoms. She carried a shower bouquet of sweet peas and lilies of the valley. Miss Elaine Lazaro, sister of the bride, was her only attendant. Lieut. Comdr. S. Rowland White, Jr., Supply Corps, U.S.N., acted as best man for his brother. A small reception followed. Lieut. and Mrs. White will make their home at 608 Colonial avenue, Norfolk, Va., where the former is stationed.

Lieut. Ira Platt Swift, U.S. Cav., and Miss Gertrude Morgan Perry were married on March 30, 1921, at the home of the bride's parents, Col. Howard Rand Perry, U.S. Inf., and Mrs. Perry at Des Moines, Iowa, the Rev. Elmer N. Owen, rector of St. Paul's Church, officiating in the presence of about forty guests. The colors of Infantry blue and Cavalry yellow were carried out in baskets of yellow juncos tied with bows of blue ribbon. Palms decorated the improvised altar on one side of which was a large American flag and on the other side

hung the guidon of Troop D, 14th Cav. The bride was given in marriage by her father, Colonel Perry, and she was attended by her sister, Miss Larlette Perry, as maid of honor. Lieut. Dale W. Maher, 14th Cav., served the bridegroom as best man. The ushers were Capt. Bertrand Morrow and Lieut. John H. Collier, 14th Cav. As the bridal party descended the stairs to the living room the wedding march from Lohengrin was played by Dean Basil Gauntlett, of Drake University. The bride's gown was of white lace over white crepe de chine and she wore a corsage bouquet of pink sweet peas and lilies of the valley. The maid of honor wore an Infantry blue organdie dress with a corsage of yellow roses. An informal reception followed the ceremony after which a buffet supper was served. That evening Lieut. and Mrs. Swift left for San Francisco and on April 5 sailed for the Philippine Islands on the transport Sherman. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Perry, of McHenry, Ill., grandparents of the bride; Senator and Mrs. H. W. Grout, of Waterloo, Iowa, and the Misses Mary Kinnavay, Ethel McKown and Annetta Rodler, of Davenport, Iowa.

Ensign Joseph J. Rochefort, U.S.N., and Miss Fay Avery, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William T. Avery, of Los Angeles, Calif., were married in that city on March 30, 1921, Father M. S. O'Gorman officiating. Miss Ellen Graham was maid of honor and Lieut. Thomas L. Fassett, U.S.N., was best man. Ensign and Mrs. Rochefort will reside in San Diego, Calif., while the groom is on duty in that vicinity.

Rear Admiral Beaton C. Decker, U.S.N., and Mrs. Alice K. Crossman, according to a press dispatch from Newton, Mass., April 12, 1921, have filed in that city their marriage intentions. Each has been married and divorced. No date has been set for the marriage. Mrs. Crossman is a daughter of former Mayor James W. M. Hall, of Cambridge. Admiral Decker, in December, 1919, received a divorce from his first wife, who was formerly Miss Mary Ida Weaver, of Washington, D.C., on the ground of wilful desertion, in the Superior Court at Newport, R.I. His first marriage by which he had four children, a son and three daughters, took place in May, 1893.

Mrs. Charles Leicester Payne, of Montclair, N.J., announces the engagement of her daughter, Mrs. Margaret Payne Cameron, to Capt. William A. Snow, Corps of Engrs., U.S.A. Mrs. Cameron is the granddaughter of Mrs. William H. Payne, 98 Park avenue, N.Y., and the widow of Lieut. Douglass Tilford Cameron, 7th Field Art., 1st Division, who was killed in action during the Meuse-Argonne offensive. Captain Snow is the son of Major Gen. William J. Snow, U.S.A., Chief of Field Artillery, U.S.A., and was graduated from West Point, class of 1916. During the World War Captain Snow served with the 2d Engineers, 2d Division; was awarded the Distinguished Service Cross, the Chevalier de Legion d'Honneur, and the Croix de Guerre with two palms. Captain Snow is at present taking an advance course at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, from which he will be graduated in June.

Announcement has been made by Mrs. Thomas B. Wright, of Loma Portal, San Diego, Calif., of the engagement of her daughter, Miss Josephine Wright, and Ensign Bascom Jones, U.S.N., a graduate of the United States Naval Academy in the class of '21, who is now attached to the U.S.S. Wyoming, with the Pacific Fleet. Ensign Jones is a son of George S. Jones, of Macon, Ga. The bride was born in Fort Wayne, Ind.

A recent announcement is that of the engagement of Lieut. Enoch W. Blackwell, Air Ser., U.S.N., and Miss Kathleen O'Donnell, of Detroit, Mich. Lieutenant Blackwell is stationed at North Island, San Diego, Calif.

Mrs. May C. Biesecker, of Somerset, Pa., has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Elizabeth Louise Biesecker, to Capt. Willard Stratton Weddel, U.S. Cav. The wedding will take place early in July at Somerset.

The engagement of Miss Marion B. Orf, daughter of former Capt. George M. Orf, U.S.A., and Mrs. Orf, to Ensign Ray D. Tarbuck, U.S.N., has recently been announced. The wedding will take place at an early date.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Sudduth, of Starkville, Miss., announce the engagement of their daughter, Julia Athene, to Lieut. William Maynadier Miley, U.S.A., son of the late Col. John D. Miley, U.S.A., and grandson of the late Brig. Gen. Alfred Mordecai, U.S.A. The wedding will take place April 20. Lieutenant Miley is on duty at the Mississippi A. and M. College.

PERSONALS.

(Contributions to this column are always welcome.)

Rear Admiral William L. Rodgers, U.S.N., was among the passengers who arrived at New York from Liverpool on April 13.

Mrs. J. C. Sanford, wife of Colonel Sanford, Corps of Engrs., U.S.A., is visiting Mrs. B. Tappan at her country home, Altha Hall, Rosslyn, Va.

A son, Arthur Ernest Patch, was born at Dameron Hospital, Stockton, Calif., on April 5, 1921, to the wife of Lieut. Comdr. Ernest L. Patch, U.S.N.

Col. Robert Collins, U.S.A., and Mrs. Collins entertained at a tea in Washington on April 10 in honor of Major Gen. and Mrs. Charles S. Farnsworth.

President Harding, according to a dispatch from Washington, April 13, promised to review the 23d Infantry, New York National Guard, formerly the 106th Infantry, U.S.A., probably at Brooklyn on a date to be set later.

The Assistant Secretary of War and Mrs. Wainwright, assisted by Mrs. Lorenzo D. Gassel and Mrs. J. Duncan Elliott, received at the last of the series of Army dances in Washington given at Rauscher's April 8. Col. William E. Horton, U.S.A., made the presentations.

Capt. Geoffrey Blake, of the British army, who has been on duty in Washington as military attaché of the British Embassy, sailed for England on the liner Aquitania on April 12, having been relieved of this duty. On the same ship was Rear Admiral Sir Allan F. Everett, commander of the 8th British Cruiser Squadron, based on Bermuda.

Mrs. Barclay Wharton, of Fort Wadsworth, N.Y., who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Jesse L. Ward in Washington since Easter, was a guest at the Easter Monday Dixie Ball, where she met Gen. John J. Pershing, U.S.A., and at the Army and Navy Relief ball on March 30. Mrs. Wharton and her hosts were entertained at dinner on March 29, by Representative Steagall, of Alabama. Miss Thelma Murray gave a theater party in her honor on March 31, to see the revival of *Ermine* at the New National Theater. Mrs. F. Allwine complimented her at a tea dance on April 1, at Café St. Marks.

A daughter, Nelda Jean Dierdorff, was born to Lieut. Ross A. Dierdorff, U.S.N., and Mrs. Dierdorff at Manila, P.I., on Dec. 11, 1921.

Capt. C. E. Lauderdale, U.S.A., retired, Mrs. Lauderdale and their daughter have just returned to their home in Pasadena, Calif., after a four months' tour of the Orient, visiting Japan, China, Philippines and India.

A daughter, Patricia Barrett, was born to 1st Lieut. Robert A. W. Barrett, C.A.R.C., formerly of the 1st Trench Mortar Battery, 1st Division, A.E.F., and Mrs. Barrett at 168 Peachtree Circle, Atlanta, Ga., on March 7, 1921.

Col. Mason M. Patrick, Corps of Engrs., U.S.A., visited the Virginia Military Institute, Lexington, Va., delivered an address to the Corps of Cadets, witnessed the drilling of the several R.O.T.C. units and reviewed the Cadet Battalion.

Mrs. Hew B. McMurdo, wife of Major McMurdo, Med. Corps, U.S.A., with her two children, Dahlis and Hew, has returned to Schofield Barracks after a three months' visit to Sydney, Australia, to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Playfair.

Col. J. W. Heavey, U.S.A., was scheduled to deliver an address on "The Co-ordination of the Regular Army and the National Guard" before the National Guard Association of Massachusetts at the State House, Boston, on the night of April 15.

Col. J. J. Toffey, U.S.A., and Mrs. Toffey's address until they sail for Honolulu will be care of William Beach, 829 Park avenue, New York city. They sail in July for Honolulu, where Colonel Toffey is assigned to command the 35th Infantry.

Lieut. Col. Brady G. Ruttencutter, U.S.A., and Mrs. Ruttencutter, of 198 Commonwealth avenue, Boston, Mass., have taken an apartment at the Oaks, Springfield, Mass. Lieutenant Colonel Ruttencutter, who has been on duty in command of the Army Recruiting Station at Boston, is now instructor of the Massachusetts National Guard.

An Easter picnic was given by Major George A. Hanvey, U.S.A., and wife at their beach home, Waikiki, H.T., recently, in honor of the officers and families of the Veterinary Corps and the veterinarians of Honolulu. Among those present were Capt. and Mrs. J. R. Mahaffy, Capt. L. E. Case, Lieuts. and Mmes. J. A. McCallum, G. L. Caldwell and J. R. Sperry and Miss Catherine Adkinson.

A sonnet of very delightful poetic expression, "Spring at St. Michael," by Mary Wetzel Peyton, appeared in the New York Evening Post of March 23. St. Michael is an island in the Bering Sea, where U.S. troops are stationed. Mrs. Peyton is the wife of Major Philip B. Peyton, U.S. Inf., now on duty at the Shattuck Military School. A number of other verses from her pen have appeared in recent magazines.

Patricia Lucile Rider, daughter of Lieut. Ernest B. Rider, Med. Corps, U.S.A., and Mrs. Besse Shrimplin Rider, born Oct. 1, 1920, at Camp Knox, Ky., was christened Easter Sunday, March 27, 1921, at Camp Knox, Ky., by Chaplain William P. Baird, U.S.A. Mrs. Edna Shrimplin Roberts was named as godmother. The dedicatory hymn was sung by Miss Margaret Bickel, of the Louisville Conservatory of Music.

Mrs. Hayes A. C. Kroner, wife of Major Kroner, Inf., U.S.A., is convalescing from a recent serious attack of pneumonia and is spending the month of April with Major Kroner's parents at Winterville, Ga. Major and Mrs. Kroner have an apartment with Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Woodall, of 1547 Second avenue, Columbus, Ga., while Major Kroner is a member of the field officers' class at the Infantry School, Camp Benning, Ga.

Brig. Gen. William D. Conner, U.S.A., and Mrs. Conner entertained at dinner in Washington on April 9, preceding the cabaret and dance at the Washington Barracks in honor of Major Gen. Peyton C. March. Their other guests included Representative and Mrs. Fred Britton, Major Gen. and Mrs. J. L. Chamberlain, Major Gen. and Mrs. Snow, Mrs. James C. Frazer, Mrs. George Lee Parker and General Menoher, U.S.A.

Major Edward W. Turner, U.S.A., and Mrs. Turner have had as house guest for ten days Mrs. Frances C. Axtell, who for the past four years has served as a member of the U.S. Employees' Compensation Commission. Mrs. Axstell was the first woman to be appointed in a permanent Federal commission requiring confirmation by the U.S. Senate. For two years she also enjoyed the distinction of being designated chairman of the commission.

The War Department on April 11, 1921, announced the award of a Distinguished Service Medal to Lieut. Col. Daniel W. Hand, Field Art., U.S.A., "for exceptional merit and distinguished service as assistant director and director of the department of firing in the School of Fire for Field Artillery, Fort Sill, Okla., from October, 1917, to October, 1918." Colonel Hand is at present on duty in the Militia Bureau, Washington, D.C.

Mrs. Charles A. Thuis, wife of Major Charles A. Thuis, U.S. Inf., has just returned to Columbus, Ga., from her home in Oklahoma City, Okla., where she was called by the sudden illness and death of her father, Mr. J. M. Bass, on Feb. 16, 1921, following an operation for acute appendicitis. Mr. Bass was one of the pioneers of Oklahoma and at the time of his death was president of the Bass Furniture and Carpet Company, which operated a chain of stores in Oklahoma.

A reunion of former members of the 5th Division, U.S. Army, will be held at the Hotel Pennsylvania, New York city, on April 23. The reunion will consist of a convention, dinner and dance. A large percentage of the men composing the division were from New York, New Jersey and Connecticut. Mr. Herbert Parsons, who was as assistant chief of staff of the division, will preside at the dinner. Major Gen. Robert L. Bullard and Major Gen. John L. Hines, U.S.A., will attend the reunion.

Mrs. Charles C. Knight, Jr., of Fort Douglas, entertained recently in honor of Mrs. Thomas L. Lamoreux at a luncheon at the University Club, Salt Lake City. A low mound of ferns, blue cornflowers and golden daffodils bedded in moss centered the luncheon table, and the favors were corsage bouquets of violets and jonquils. The guests were Mmes. Thomas L. Lamoreux, J. Albert Durnford, E. M. Stigers, Aida A. Jones, William Gordon, Maurice Rose, Frederick Prince and Walter von Grimp.

M. René Viviani, special envoy from France, on April 11 reviewed a provisional regiment of the New York National Guard in Central Park, New York city. The troops made an excellent appearance, and were the object of much admiration on the part of the French statesman. By direction of the French government he created Adjutant Gen. J. Leslie Kincaid, Col. George W. Burleigh, Lieut. Col. Edward Olmsted and Lieut. Col. Edward McLeer, N.Y.N.G., Chevaliers of the Legion of Honor, while the Palm Académique was bestowed upon Lieut. Col. George F. Hinton.

Lieut. Palmer J. McCloskey, S.C., U.S.N., and Mrs. McCloskey announce the birth of a daughter at Erie, Pa., on April 5, 1921.

Rear Admiral William S. Sims, U.S.N., will speak before the Columbia University Alumni Association in Washington, D.C., April 28.

A son, Edwin William Baird, was born to Major John A. Baird, Coast Art., U.S.A., and Mrs. Baird at Long Branch, N.J., on April 5, 1921.

A daughter, Julia Vanderhoof, was born to Lieut. Arnold H. Vanderhoof, U.S.N., and Mrs. Vanderhoof at Asheville, N.C., on April 6, 1921.

A son, Richard B. Willis, 3d, was born to Lieut. R. B. Willis, Jr., 1st Field Art., U.S.A., and Mrs. Willis at Fort Sill, Okla., on March 4, 1921.

Announcement is made of the birth of a son to Capt. W. G. Walker, 49th Inf., U.S.A., and Mrs. Walker at Fort Snelling, Minn., on April 8, 1921.

Colonel Johnson, Chief of Staff, A.F. in G., and Colonel Sheen, of Coblenz, spent several days in Antwerp last month and were guests of Major W. C. Koenig, U.S.A.

A son was born to Major Homer H. Slaughter, U.S.A., and Mrs. Slaughter at West Point, N.Y., on April 5, 1921. Major Slaughter is stationed at the U.S. Military Academy.

Col. Edward Carpenter, U.S.A., and Mrs. Carpenter are at the Hotel Brighton, Atlantic City, N.J., where Colonel Carpenter is convalescing from a serious attack of sleeping sickness.

Mrs. Ruth Bingaman, who is the wife of Capt. Harrison Herman, stationed at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., has been engaged to give a piano recital at Middlebury College at Middlebury, Vt., on April 27.

Mrs. Henry du R. Phelan and daughter sailed from Antwerp on the U.S.A.T. Cambrai, March 21, after spending six months with Major Phelan, who is on duty in Paris. They are returning to San Francisco, Calif.

Major W. S. Vidor, U.S.A., retired, has been relieved from recruiting duty at Providence, R.I., and accompanied by his family, has gone to California, where he expects to make his home either in San Jose or Los Angeles.

Lieut. A. J. Selman, U.S.N., and Mrs. Selman entertained at a beautiful dinner party April 9 at the Country Club, Norfolk, Va., in honor of Lieut. James M. Steele, U.S.N., and Mrs. Steele, who are leaving for the West coast.

Mrs. Charles Van Way, wife of Lieutenant Colonel Van Way, U.S.A., and daughter, Dorothy, have returned to their home at Vancouver, Wash., after a ten-day visit with the family of Major Newlove, Med. Corps, U.S.A., at Fort Lawton, Wash.

Capt. and Mrs. Walter W. von Gramp, of Fort Douglas, Utah, entertained recently at a large informal tea in honor of Mrs. Thomas L. Lamoreux, who sailed on the Mauretanian on April 7 for a three months' visit with her parents in Bordeaux.

A son, William Reed Hahn, was born to Lieut. Cornman L. Hahn, Corps of Engrs., U.S.A., and Mrs. Hahn at the Walter Reed Hospital, Washington, D.C., on April 8, 1921. Lieutenant Hahn is attending the Engineering School at Camp Humphreys, Va.

Major Gen. Charles P. Summerall, U.S.A., commanding at Camp Dix, made an address at Brown University, Providence, R.I., on April 5, on the occasion of the unveiling of a memorial tablet to the memory of the officers and enlisted men of the university who fell in the World War.

The ladies of the 23d Infantry at Camp Travis, Texas, were entertained at tea by Mrs. Parker and Mrs. Rogers on March 31. On the same date the 23d Infantry band, assisted by Mrs. Parker and the family of Band Leader Majewski, gave a concert to the officers and men of the regiment.

Major W. C. Koenig, U.S.A., commanding officer, American Base in Antwerp, Belgium, recently spent several days in Coblenz as the guest of Colonel Johnson, Chief of Staff, A.F. in G. Mrs. Koenig, children and governess left France April 1 for Antwerp and were joined by Major Koenig in Paris.

Col. L. L. Gregg, 39th U.S. Inf., and Mrs. Gregg were registered recently at the Hotel Clark, Los Angeles, Calif. Colonel Gregg is on leave of absence from Camp Lewis, Wash., and with Mrs. Gregg and daughter, Elizabeth, is motorizing through Southern California. They were to return to Camp Lewis about April 10.

Major Frank Thorp, Jr., U.S.A., and Mrs. Thorp announced the birth of a son on April 7, 1921, at the Sewickley Valley Hospital, Sewickley, Pa. He has been named Matthew Burke Thorp after his maternal grandfather, Matthew Charles Burke, of Fort Smith, Ark. Mr. Burke's death occurred at St. Louis, Mo., on March 13, 1921.

Major Gen. Robert Lee Bullard, U.S.A., and Mrs. Bullard were among the guests at a fancy dress party given at the Biltmore Hotel, New York city, on April 8 by Everitt Herber Post, American Legion, whose members during the World War formed part of the camouflage section of the American Expeditionary Force. A pageant, "Somewhere in France," was staged.

Mrs. William M. Lanagan entertained on April 8 at Camp Morrison, Va., with a surprise supper in honor of her husband's birthday anniversary and promotion to the grade of first lieutenant, Air Service. Those present were Mrs. James and Edward Lanagan, of Brazil, Ind., mother and brother of Lieutenant Lanagan; Major and Mrs. Arnold N. Krogstad, and 1st Lieut. Ulysses G. Jones. Mrs. Lanagan was before her marriage Miss Genevieve Collins, of El Paso, Texas.

Col. W. S. Faulkner, U.S.A., was on March 28 last presented with a beautiful Masonic ring at a farewell banquet given at the Huckins Hotel, Oklahoma City, Okla., by the Oklahoma National Guard Officers' Club. Adjutant Charles F. Barrett made the presentation. Brig. Gen. Charles E. McPherren presided at the meeting. Colonel Faulkner has been in Oklahoma for the past eleven months as instructor. He recently received orders transferring him to San Antonio, where he will act as instructor with the Texas National Guard.

A luncheon was given by Mrs. Atlee B. Ayres, sr., on March 29 at San Antonio, Texas, complimenting Miss Laura V. Adams, débutante daughter of Col. and Mrs. Sterling P. Adams. The handsome Ayres home was opened en suite, and was decorated with Easter lilies, roses and palms. Covers were laid for fifty guests. Miss Adams was Princess of the Army to the Queen of the Fort Worth Horse Show in March, and has been chosen by the Order of the Alamo to be the Duchess of the Army at the grand coronation of the Queen of the Universe in San Antonio on April 21, when Major Terry de la M. Allen will be Miss Adams's Duke.

Lieut. Comdr. S. O. Greig, U.S.N., and Mrs. Greig announce the birth of a daughter, Adele Boush Greig, at Newport, R.I., April 11, 1921.

A son, William Franklin Callaway, jr., was born to Lieut. Comdr. W. F. Callaway, U.S.N., and Mrs. Callaway at St. Louis, Mo., on April 2, 1921.

Comdr. Claude B. Mayo, U.S.N., and Mrs. Mayo entertained at dinner in Washington on April 12, going with their guests later to the Russian ball.

Mrs. Roswell Blair, wife of Lieutenant Blair, U.S.N., who has spent a month in Charleston, S.C., has gone to the family country home near Haymarket, Va.

Capt. Charles H. Harlow, U.S.N., retired, and Mrs. Harlow entertained at dinner in Washington on April 7 in honor of the Secretary of War and Mrs. Weeks.

Mrs. J. V. Howard, wife of Lieutenant Commander Howard, has been visiting Admiral and Mrs. R. E. Coontz at the Wardman Park Inn in Washington.

Capt. Paul V. Kellogg, U.S.A., and Mrs. Kellogg announce the birth of a son, Paul Vincent Kellogg, jr., on April 7, 1921, at Parker Memorial Hospital, Columbia, Mo.

Mrs. Benjamin F. Tilley, widow of Rear Admiral Tilley, U.S.N., is visiting her son, Lieut. Comdr. B. F. Tilley, U.S.N., at his quarters at the navy yard, Charleston, S.C.

Lieut. Comdr. A. G. Hatch, U.S.N., and Mrs. Hatch are receiving congratulations upon the birth of a daughter in Honolulu on April 4. Mrs. Hatch was formerly Miss Dorothy Aleshire, daughter of Major and Mrs. Aleshire.

Major Charles Sanderson, U.S.M.C., and Mrs. Sanderson are expected to arrive in Washington the last of April from Santo Domingo, where Major Sanderson has been stationed.

Capt. Cecil R. Hays, Dental Corps, U.S.A., who has been on duty with the A.F. in G. for the last two years, has returned to the United States and has been assigned to duty at Camp Benning, Ga.

Lieut. C. P. Brotherson, U.S. Inf., was a passenger on the U.S. Army Transport which sailed from New York for Porto Rico and Panama on April 12, together with his wife and child; destination Panama.

Comdr. E. H. H. Old, Med. Corps, U.S.N., and Mrs. Old have returned to New York from Norfolk, where they went to attend the wedding of Commander Old's brother, Mr. William W. Old, and Miss Mary Lane, of North Carolina.

Mrs. James C. Kress, widow of Lieutenant Commander Kress, U.S.N., has lately been the guest in Washington of her brother and sister-in-law, Major and Mrs. John Greeley, at their apartment at the Wyoming.

A son, James Hague Hill, was born to the wife of Major James R. Hill, U.S. Cav., at Dayton, Ohio, on April 12, 1921. Major Hill is on duty as professor of military science and tactics at the University of Dayton.

Major Henry P. Carter, Med. Corps, U.S.A., who has acted as sanitary advisor of the Peruvian government for the past year, has arrived in this country and joined his daughter, Miss Laura Armistead Carter, at their apartment in Washington.

Capt. F. H. Newcomb, U.S. Coast Guard, retired, and Mrs. Newcomb, who have been spending the winter at Los Angeles, Calif., with their son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Alex B. Macbeth, expect to return to their home at Belle Terre, Long Island, early in May.

Major Gen. Tasker H. Bliss, U.S.A., and Mrs. Bliss entertained at luncheon in Washington on April 10, their guests being the Swiss Minister and Madame Peter, Major Gen. and Mrs. Lansing H. Beach, Major Gen. T. Q. Donaldson, U.S.A., Mrs. Evans and Capt. and Mrs. Tasker H. Bliss, jr.

Miss Pauline Bennett Wright, of Bennett Hall, Pine Bluff, Ark., was the week-end guest of Capt. A. S. Fairbanks, 6th Engrs., U.S.A., and Mrs. Fairbanks at their quarters, Camp Pike, to attend the 3d Division dance, April 8. Lieut. D. A. D. Ogden, to whom Miss Wright is engaged, was a dinner guest.

Major R. L. Foster, Q.M. Corps, U.S.A., gave a dinner at the Metropolitan Club, Washington, D.C., on April 12, at which the Assistant Secretary of War J. M. Wainwright, was the guest of honor. Others present were Cols. J. R. Hannay, William E. Horton, George H. Penrose, Frank S. Armstrong, J. A. Moss and Lieut. Col. John S. Chambers, all of the Q.M. Corps.

An especially gay affair in which society folk of Los Angeles, Calif., took part on April 2 was the tea dance given on board the U.S.S. New York by Vice Admiral and Mrs. Clarence S. Williams. "Speaking of naval folk," says the Los Angeles Express, "Mrs. Williams is one of the most popular members of the naval set on the whole coast. Her friends are legion and it is always with genuine regret that they hear of her plans to leave, for these charming naval people, like the ships, are fleeting and their sojourn generally depends on the movements of the ships. Just now Mrs. Williams is making her home at the Virginia Hotel in Long Beach, having recently concluded a visit with Mrs. Madison Stewart in Los Angeles. The tea dance was delightful in all its appointments. Dancing was enjoyed from 3 to 5, and from 5 to 6 a buffet supper was served. One hundred and fifty invitations had been issued for this."

Among the Regular Army and Navy officers present at the occasion of the dedication of the Soldiers' Memorial Gate, Brown University, Providence, R.I., on April 6, 1921, were Major Gen. Charles P. Summerall, U.S.A.; Brig. Gen. John W. Ruckman, U.S.A., and aids; Adjutant Gen. Charles W. Abbot, of Rhode Island; Rear Admiral John R. Edwards, U.S.N.; Col. James M. Ingalls, U.S.A., retired; Major Willis C. Metcalf, U.S.A., retired; Lieut. Col. Noble B. Judah, F.A.R.C.; and Lieut. Col. G. Edward Buxton, Inf. R.C. Major G. A. Taylor, C.A.C., U.S.A., I-L, R.I.N.G., of the class of 1901, acted as chief marshal. The Coast Artillery Corps Band, R.I.N.G., furnished appropriate music, and a provisional company of the Coast Artillery Corps, R.I.N.G., acted as escort. It was a most imposing dedication, and was attended by at least 10,000 persons, it was estimated. Service men assembled on the front campus, with Major G. A. Taylor, U.S.A., as chief marshal. The organizations represented included the Veterans of Foreign Wars, American Legion, Grand Army of the Republic, Military Order of Foreign Wars, Spanish War Veterans, 1st Division Association, 2d Division Association and Yankee Division Association. Among those making interesting addresses were General Summerall, Colonel Judah, '04, and Major Z. Peckhoff, French Foreign Office. At the gate wreaths were placed by Colonel Buxton, '02. There were forty-three members of Brown University who lost their lives from 1898 in the military or naval service, most of them having died during the World War. Two thousand Brown men saw war service.

A son was born to Major Edwin N. McClellan, U.S.M.C., and Mrs. McClellan at Chevy Chase, Md., April 12, 1921.

Capt. Henry D. Beylard, U.S.A., and Mrs. Beylard entertained at a buffet supper in their apartment at Fort Riley, Kas., after the hop on April 9. Their guests included Majors and Mesdames John P. Aleshire, William W. West, jr., and William M. Grimes, Lieut. and Mrs. Clayton E. Snyder, Miss Margaret Cameron, Major B. T. Merchant, Capt. Charles Wharton, J. Wallace Cunningham and Lieutenant Creel.

SIXTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

First (Extraordinary) Session Begins on April 11.

The first (extraordinary) session of the 67th Congress began on April 11 with an unusual number of bills being introduced and with Speaker Gillett re-elected to that office in the House by a vote of 218 to 122. First among the Service bills to be introduced were those for the relief of World War veterans. Representative Gallivan reintroduced the adjusted compensation measure as passed by the House at the last session of the 66th Congress and Representative Fordney introduced a bill providing for a bonus and which has been styled the "Five-Way" plan of veteran relief. Representative Sweet introduced a bill to consolidate all boards and bureaus having to do with soldier rehabilitation, and Representative Fess suggested exemption from income taxes of all payments of veterans undergoing vocational training.

Chairman Kahn, of the Committee on Military Affairs, again proposed a separate air corps, under a new executive bureau, to control military aviation, and a separate proposal for Federal regulation of civilian aviation to accompany it.

Chairman Butler, of the House Committee on Naval Affairs, introduced on April 14 his legislative bill providing for sundry matters affecting the Naval Establishment. The provisions of this measure were the same as contained in H.R. 15994, 66th Congress, with a few additions.

Representative Britten also introduced a legislative bill in the House on April 12. Among its provisions are allowance of five cents a mile to midshipmen for travel from home to the Naval Academy for examination and appointment; granting the Secretary of the Navy authority to expend appropriations for emergency and extraordinary expenses as he may deem proper; authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to pay damage claims up to \$500 for injury due to Navy aircraft; providing for transportation both ways and subsistence of recruits failing to qualify; extending to Dec. 31, 1921, the time for furnishing to states the records of personnel serving in the World War in the Navy; providing for medals for civilian employees of the Navy whose lives are placed in jeopardy in saving life and property; authorizing prizes, trophies and badges for excellence in gunnery, engineering exercises, fuel consumption, and the hiring of established target ranges for target practice; authorizing construction of new buildings at navy yards and naval stations, as follows: Puget Sound, Wash., storehouse for ordnance, \$95,000; Pearl Harbor, H.T., machine shop, \$200,000, storehouse \$200,000; Pearl Harbor ammunition depot, storehouse, \$50,000; magazine, \$2,000; torpedo storage, etc., \$50,000; store, \$75,000.

On April 13 Senator Borah introduced another resolution authorizing the President to open negotiations with Great Britain and Japan looking to a reduction in future naval building by those countries and the United States. The resolution is similar to that introduced by Senator Borah at the last session but which failed of action by the Senate. Senator Knox introduced a resolution declaring the state of war with Germany and Austria at an end. The resolution was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations at the request of Senator Moses. In the House on the same day Representative Fish introduced a resolution calling for the immediate withdrawal of the American Forces in Germany and requesting the President to order the troops home forthwith.

Navy J.A.G. and Paymaster General Nominated.

The nominations of Capt. Julian L. Latimer to be J.A.G. of the Navy and Capt. David Potter (S.C.), to be Paymaster General of the Navy and Chief of the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts were sent to the Senate on April 14 by President Harding. Charles G. Dawes, formerly brigadier general in the emergency forces, was nominated by the President to be brigadier general in the Officers' Reserve Corps. The President also sent to the Senate a large number of Marine Corps promotions.

Secretary Denby Submits Supplemental Estimates.

Secretary of the Navy Denby resubmitted to Congress on April 14 the supplemental estimates prepared by Secretary Daniels for the fiscal year 1921 and 1922. The amounts requested made a total of approximately \$31,000,000, of which \$12,500,000 is for the remainder of the current fiscal year ending next June 30, and \$18,500,000 is for fiscal year 1922. Congress was informed that the work of the department and the heads of several employees are endangered through cuts in the estimates. Of the sum required for the current fiscal year \$6,600,000 is for fuel and transportation, and about \$5,800,000 is to be expended for maintenance under the Bureau of Yards and Docks. For next year's funds, to be part of the pending Naval bill, Secretary Denby requested authority to construct airplane carriers. An additional appropriation of \$250,000 to \$350,000 is requested to prevent the reduction of nearly fifty clerks in the Bureau of Navigation after July 1.

Naval Appropriation Bill to be Reintroduced.

The Naval Appropriation bill, which failed to pass the Senate at the last session of the 66th Congress, will be reintroduced as it was approved by the House, Chairman Kelley, of the Naval Subcommittee, announced on April 13. It will carry approximately \$395,000,000, of which \$90,000,000 would be available for continuing work on the 1918 building program. Provision also will be made for reduction of the Navy's enlisted personnel from 143,000 to 100,000 men.

Army Appropriation Bill Forecast.

Following a conference on April 14 in which Secretary of War Weeks, Senators Wadsworth, Frelinghuysen, New and Lenroot, and Representatives Anthony, Slem and Cramton took part, Chairman Anthony of the House sub-committee of the Committee on Appropriations, in charge of military matters, stated that Secretary Weeks favored increasing the enlisted strength of the Army to 175,000, approximately 10,000 greater than was provided for in the bill of the last session of the 66th Congress, and that he (Secretary Weeks) expressed as his opinion that the difference in cost could be more than offset by strict economy and that no addi-

tional funds would be requested. It was Secretary Weeks's opinion that the appropriation in the former bill allotted for maintenance and subsistence of the Army was far in excess of what would be required for the number of enlisted men proposed, and that from this item alone much could be offset in the cost of maintaining 10,000 more enlisted men. Mr. Anthony told Secretary Weeks that if he would have the Finance Department prepare new estimates based upon his proposition and submit them to the sub-committee of the Committee on Appropriations they would be considered by the sub-committee and taken up for consultation with the Senate Committee on Military Affairs. It is thought this action will delay getting the bill before the House for ten days or two weeks.

Plan to Aid Commercial Aeronautics.

Representative Hicks of New York, has introduced a bill to provide for the creation of a Bureau of Aeronautics in the Department of Commerce, and for its organization and administration (H.R. 281). In a statement relative to the measure, Mr. Hicks said: "This bill is designed to provide for the creation of an aeronaughtic board to be composed of experts who will consider and recommend to the heads of the various departments concerned on questions of policy, education, training, and methods of assisting commercial aircraft, the establishment, elimination or consolidation of all flying fields of the Government, the standardization of contracts, and all other matters pertaining to aviation. This board also is to have the authority to allocate experimental and development work, would have submitted to it all estimates from the various departments using aviation, and would make recommendations with reference to estimates which are submitted to Congress. It might also make surveys of aviation material on hand so that if it could be done economically transfers from one department to another could be effected. This board," Mr. Hicks continued, "should have authority to make the policies and regulations pertaining to flying rules, to navigation of the air, for the inspection of airdromes, to issue licenses to pilots, etc., so that commercial aviation would be brought under supervision and inspection in the same way that steam vessels are now. The plan is to have the board co-ordinate and centralize under one head matters of policy, of programs, of contracts, of air navigation, inspections, and practically everything that pertains to material connected with aircraft, but my bill leaves to the various military services the operation and maintenance of airplanes and the training of the personnel for aerial operations." Mr. Hicks has again introduced a bill (H.R. 273) to create a Bureau of Aeronautics in the Navy Department.

BILLS BEFORE CONGRESS.

S. 150, Mr. Spencer.—To provide longevity pay for Reserve officers and National Guard officers serving under orders of the War Department.

S. 152, Mr. Spencer.—To amend Sec. 1274, Revised Statutes, giving to officers retired from active service 75 per cent. of pay and allowances of rank upon which they are retired.

S. 153, Mr. Spencer.—To establish in the Department of the Navy a bureau to be known as the chaplains' bureau.

S. 415, Mr. Capper.—To authorize Secretary of the Navy to waive age limit for admission to U.S. Naval Academy.

To authorize appointments to the Services: S. 58, Mr. Frelinghuysen; John H. A. Day as an officer of U.S. Marine Corps, S. 143, Mr. Spencer; Irvin Edward Kentner, late major Infantry, U.S.A., as major, Infantry, on retired list. S. 201, Mr. Spencer; Major Eniel H. Burgher as major in Regular Army, S. 368, Mr. McKellar; Edgar C. Campbell as pay clerk in Q.M. Corps, U.S.A., with rank of 2d lieutenant.

H.R. 1, Mr. Fordney.—To provide adjustable compensation for veterans of the World War.

H.R. 3, Mr. Sweet.—To establish in the Treasury Department a veterans' bureau.

H.R. 5, Mr. Knutson.—To pension soldiers who were in the military service during Indian wars and disturbances, and their widows, minors and helpless children; to increase pensions of Indian war survivors and widows.

H.R. 46, Mr. Begg.—For the relief of retired commissioned and warrant officers of the U.S. Navy and Marine Corps who were called into active service during the War with Germany and promoted.

H.R. 46, Mr. Begg.—Granting a gratuity of \$100 to officers and enlisted men of the Army whose names appear upon the Army and Navy medal of honor roll.

H.R. 166, Mr. Davis of Minnesota.—To permit the wearing of the United States uniforms by honorably discharged officers, soldiers, sailors or marines wounded in the line of duty.

H.R. 190, Mr. Hicks.—To authorize the appointment of an ordinance storekeeper in the Army.

H.R. 201, Mr. Kahn.—To regulate air navigation within the U.S. and between the U.S. and foreign countries.

H.R. 202, Mr. Kahn.—To make more effectual provision for the aerial defense of the United States and to provide for the concentration of the national air strength.

H.R. 203, Mr. Kahn.—Same as S. 213.

H.R. 269, Mr. Hicks.—To change name of Bureau of Navigation to Bureau of Personnel in Navy Department.

H.R. 270, Mr. Hicks.—For the completion of an historical pictorial record of the American Fleet in foreign waters during the recent war.

H.R. 271, Mr. Hicks.—To regulate air navigation within the U.S. and between the U.S. and foreign countries.

H.R. 273, Mr. Hicks.—To create a bureau of aeronautics in the Department of the Navy.

H.R. 276, Mr. Hicks.—To provide for the actual and necessary expenses of officers of the Navy when traveling by air.

H.R. 285, Mr. Johnson of South Dakota.—Making eligible for retirement under the same conditions as now provided for officers of the Regular Army all officers of the U.S. Army during World War who incurred physical disability in line of duty.

H.R. 295, Mr. Kraus.—To amend Sec. 24a of Army Reorganization act, approved June 4, 1920.

H.R. 2276, Mr. Rogers.—To make unlawful the unauthorized wearing of naval or military medals, badges, decorations or regalia of the United States.

H.R. 2369, Mr. Vaile.—To provide for the mileage of Philipine soldiers.

H.R. 2382, Mr. Volstead.—To reimburse for expenditures incurred by officers, enlisted men and members of the Nurse Corps of the Army for civilian medical services and hospital care while absent from duty.

H.R. 2470, Mr. Crisp.—To provide for entrance into the Civil Service of veterans of the war with Germany.

H.R. 2494, Mr. Butler.—To establish in the Department of the Navy a bureau to be known as the chaplains' bureau.

H.R. 2502, Mr. Butler.—To place direction and management of all vessels in service of Government under control of Secretary of Navy in case of war or national emergency.

H.R. 2508, Mr. Butler.—To equalize the rank, pay, allowances and other benefits of warrant officers in the Marine Corps with warrant officers in the Navy.

H.J. Res. 40 and 41, Mr. Butler.—To provide commissions to inquire into and submit recommendations to Congress relative to advisability of erecting a naval museum in Washington, and a new chapel at the U.S. Naval Academy, respectively.

NEW PAMPHLETS OF ARMY REGULATIONS.

The revision and compilation of Army Regulations to be issued in the new system of pamphlets is making steady progress and it was stated in the office of The Adjutant General on April 14 that the following specified pamphlets have now been published (number and title):

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| No. | Title. |
| 20-5 | Inspector General's Department. |
| 20-10 | General provisions. |
| 20-15 | Inspection of posts and camps. |
| 20-20 | Inspection of money accounts. |
| 20-25 | Special and miscellaneous inspections. |
| 20-30 | Investigations. |
| 100-15 | Corps of Engineers. |
| 100-20 | Maps and mapping. |
| 265-10 | Tactical inspections. |
| 330-5 | Documents. |
| "Secret," "Confidential" and "For Official Use Only." | |
| 350-45 | Military Education. |
| The Coast Artillery School. | |
| 350-95 | The Signal Corps School. |
| 350-150 | The Chaplains' School. |
| 605-5 | Commissioned Officers. |
| Appointment in Regular Army, except in Medical Department and except Chaplains. | |
| 605-20 | Appointment of Chaplains in Regular Army. |
| 605-35 | Reappointment to the active list of former officers of the Regular Army and retired officers. |

It is at present contemplated that a list of issued pamphlets shall be published to the Service in the near future, such list to be revised and republished from time to time, perhaps periodically. Detailed information concerning the new system is found in Circular No. 368, W.D., Oct. 19, 1920 (Revision of Army Regulations). The numbers at the upper outer corner of each page of the new Army Regulations constitute a novel feature. These numbers are intended to facilitate finding desired matter, the upper line of figures on any page being the number of the pamphlet in which the page is contained, the lower line of such figures being the inclusive numbers of the paragraphs on the page. It has been found convenient to use the word "dash" in speaking of the pamphlets by number, e.g., "AR 20-5," above, would be referred to as "AR twenty dash five," twenty being the number assigned to the group of pamphlets containing matter pertaining to the Inspector General's Department, five being the number in that group of the pamphlet above specified, and "20-5" being the number of that pamphlet. Group titles and the pamphlets in each group are, each, for the most part, being numbered in multiples of five, this to enable later publication of new matter, if any, in its proper place.

"B" CLASSIFICATION CASES.

In regard to former Representative Caldwell's comment on "B" classification cases, noted last week, in which he expressed the view that the opinion rendered by Chief Justice McCoy offered opportunity for officers adversely classified to seek relief through the courts, it was pointed out at the War Department that the court's ruling is not final. Although the War Department has yet to enter an appeal, it is considered as quite certain that an appeal will be made by the Attorney General on the request of the Secretary of War. The view of legal authorities at the War Department was that it would be unwise for officers adversely classified to seek court action at present. If on final appeal of the test cases there would then be opportunity to seek legal redress. It may be added that the War Department does not deny the general right of an officer to appeal to the President. Such an appeal may be made, for an officer placed on the retired list through the classification law, through The Adjutant General; where he has been wholly separated from the Service he may elect to make his appeal through The Adjutant General or take it direct to the President. In the view of officers familiar with War Department procedure, the department is not in the position of opposing or blocking an effort for redress either of officers aggrieved through the operation of the classification law or officers who have a just complaint to make on any score; but that regulations call for appeals and complaints to follow an orderly course through the proper channels, which it is not intended to fill with obstacles to prevent complaint or appeal from reaching the Secretary of War and even the President. This view, however, is based on a real belief in the good intentions and inherent justice of official procedure in which an officer who feels himself aggrieved is not always ready to concur.

MILITARY ORDER OF THE WORLD WAR.

The annual meeting of New York Chapter, Military Order of the World War, will be held at the Hotel Astor, New York city, on April 19. The senior vice commander of the chapter, Lieut. Col. W. A. Carleton, U.S.A., will speak informally on some of the unusual, unexpected and insidious forms of enemy propaganda which have come to his attention. The Greater Philadelphia Chapter, M.O.W.W., will hold its last meeting of the season, at 8:15 on the evening of April 21, at the Hotel Walton. Speakers and their subjects will be: Lieut. Col. John Meane Thompson, "Americanism"; Major Ernest Clegg, British army, "The Battle of Jutland"; Lieut. Arthur McKee, formerly 308th Inf., "Lost Battalion." Officers or ex-officers of the U.S. Services of the armies of our Allies are invited to attend. A meeting of the Detroit Chapter, M.O.W.W., was held at Hotel Statler, Detroit, April 7. Theodore A. Leisen, commander, presiding. Col. Henry D. Styer, U.S.A., who commanded the American expedition into Siberia in 1918-19 which co-operated with the forces of the Allies, gave an entertaining talk on some of the features of the expedition. The meeting adopted a resolution congratulating Secretary of the Navy Edwin Denby, a member of the chapter, on his appointment, stating that his elevation to the post was a move calculated to benefit immensely the American nation.

SUCCESS IN FIGHTING ARMY UNIFORM ABUSE.

Members of the Service will be interested to learn that the Department of Justice is attaining marked success in New York city in its endeavors to put an end to the misuse of the Army uniform by men engaged in various activities where the wearing of the uniform is of great help to them. In this city, as well as in other places, men have been observed dressed in Army uniforms or in uniforms so similar to the regulation ones that the average individual would be deceived, who were selling pamphlets and magazines at twenty-five cents each, presumably for the benefit of an association called the Ex-Service Men's Co-operative League. Eight or nine such

men have been apprehended in New York city. After a trial lasting over a week William S. Brewer, the moving spirit behind the men selling these magazines, was recently convicted in the U.S. Court of the Southern District of New York and sentenced to serve eighteen months' confinement in the Atlanta Federal Penitentiary. During the trial it was brought out that Brewer got up this association and used it to cover up his personal interest in the sale of the magazines and that he induced men, whether they had been in the Service or not, to wear what were practically Army uniforms in order that the pamphlets might be more readily sold. He is known to have made about \$15,000 during the space of some six or seven months. With Brewer's conviction it is believed that the chief single source of trouble in the unlawful wearing of the uniform in New York city has been eliminated.

THE ARMY.

Commander-in-Chief—Warren G. Harding, President.
Secretary of War—John W. Weeks.
Assistant Secretary of War—Jonathan M. Wainwright.

ORDERS RECEIVED TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

S.O. 85-O, April 13, 1921, W.D.

A court of inquiry is appointed to meet at the headquarters 7th Corps Area, Fort Crook, Nebr., for considering cases arising in connection with the classification of officers under the provisions of Sec. 24b, of the National Defense Act as amended by act of Congress approved June 4, 1920: Cols. L.R. S. Upton and W. K. Naylor, Lieut. Cols. Hu B. Myers and C. S. Fries, all G.S., and Recorder, Major T. J. Hayes, O.D.

Major E. Roth, Jr., A.G., to Manila on the transport to sail about July 5 for duty.

Par. 7, S.O. 81-O, W.D., April 8, relating to Capt. LeR. M. Edwards, Q.M.C., is revoked.

Leave for one month to Capt. A. A. Berkowitz, M.A.C.

Capt. O. H. Quinn, Air Ser., to Panama C.Z. on transport to sail about May 10 and to Quarry Heights, Balboa Heights, for duty.

The following Air Service officers to Chanute Field, Rantoul, Ill., for duty: 1st Lieuts. J. Flannery, March Field, Riverside, Calif., and H. E. Woodridge, Chicago, Ill.

Officers of Air. Ser. to duty as follows: Capt. R. Kauch to Dayton, Ohio, for duty; 1st Lieut. R. A. Hicks to Fort Sam Houston, Texas; 1st Lieut. J. L. Stromme to Washington, Chief of Air Service; 1st Lieut. C. B. Austin from Panama C.Z. to Langley Field, Hampton, Va.; 1st Lieut. J. A. Laird, Jr., to Fort Sam Houston, Texas, and bombardment training at Kelly Field; 1st Lieut. M. McCune to Dayton, Ohio.

The leave granted Capt. G. H. Carruth, Cav., is extended one month.

So much of Par. 10, S.O. 55-O, March 9, 1921, W.D., as relates to Col. W. D. Newbill, F.A., is revoked.

Capt. P. G. Black, F.A., to Walter Reed General Hospital, Takoma Park, D.C., for treatment.

Capt. C. W. Gates, Q.M.C., is detailed in the Air Ser. and to Carlstrom Field, Arcadia, Fla., for duty.

First Lieut. E. W. Moore, Q.M.C., to Hoboken, N.J., Transportation Service, for duty.

Officers of Inf. assigned as indicated: Capts.—A. P. Croonquist, 32d Inf.; J. E. Cole, Jr., 61st; M. D. Barndollar, Jr., 22d; J. J. Coglian, 55th; W. L. Blanton, 55th; P. E. Brown, 10th; G. E. Butler, 28th; E. W. Chester, 36th; T. S. Brand, 55th; J. O. Cross, 10th; H. B. Beavers, 51st; W. L. Coulter, 34th; J. E. Brannan, 6th; H. W. Cayill, 34th. First Lieuts.—H. F. Hanson, Tanks, Camp Benning, Ga.; H. T. Morgan, 54th Inf.; C. L. Williams, 39th; W. S. Keller, 9th; T. W. Esig, 51st; F. B. Lindley, 54th; C. M. Kolb, 11th; H. A. Gardyne, 36th; G. A. Summa, Tanks, Camp Benning, Ga.; S. Purswell, 29th Inf.; W. T. Haley, 1st; J. E. Canary, 40th; E. J. McAllister, 10th; C. H. Hart, Jr., 56th; A. S. Rice, 16th; C. R. Jackson, 22d; C. H. Lamb, 26th; A. H. Wolf, 59th; T. R. Howard, 32d; S. J. Adams, 1st; A. G. Kelly, 53d; H. P. Henry, 52d; H. W. French, 47th; B. Beall, 53d; A. F. Haynes, Tanks, Camp Meade, Md.

Officers of Inf. assigned as indicated: Capts.—W. A. Dumas, 31st Inf.; J. E. Wharton, 62d; H. R. Ide, 57th; C. O. Neff, 25th; A. S. Nevins, 57th; E. K. Crowley, 55th; G. B. Wescott, 31st; H. W. Schmid, 26th; E. M. Palozzo, 47th; A. W. Penrose, 45th; F. DeCaro, 63d; C. P. Taylor, 10th; J. A. Chase, 41st; C. Kelly, 32d; J. M. Hagen, 46th; B. G. Wampler, 2d; E. F. Hubbard, 43d. First Lieuts.—H. C. Jepsen, Tanks, Camp Meade, Md.; F. H. Privett, 50th; F. J. Vida, 43d.

Major J. Kemp, 41st Inf., to Camp Meade, Md., for duty.

Capt. T. G. Methven, Inf., is assigned to duty at Minneapolis, Minn.

Par. 17, S.O. 47-O, W.D., Feb. 26, 1921, relating to Capt. T. S. Arms, Inf., is revoked.

Par. 5, S.O. 40-O, W.D., Feb. 17, 1921, relating to 1st Lieut. D. F. Pratt, 21st Inf., is amended to read Capt. D. F. Pratt, 21st Inf.

So much of Par. 11, S.O. 58-O, W.D., March 12, 1921, as relates to 1st Lieut. S. C. Hilton, 15th Inf., is amended to read Capt. S. C. Hilton, 15th Inf.

Leave three months to 1st Lieut. C. L. Gorman, Inf., with permission to return to United States via the Suez Canal.

Resignation on April 18 by 1st Lieut. R. B. Wilkinson, Inf., as an officer of the Army is accepted.

BULLETIN 4, MARCH 12, 1921, WAR DEPT.

This bulletin publishes rules and regulations for the National Matches of 1921.

BULLETIN 5, MARCH 18, 1921, WAR DEPT.

Publishes the Rivers and Harbors act of March 1, 1921; act of March 4, extending time for final proof of entries of certain homestead settlers for entrymen; Pub. Res. 64, giving date of termination of present or existing emergency.

CLASSIFICATION OF C.A.C. COMPANIES.

G.O. 5, April 1, 1921, 9th Corps Area.

1. Pursuant to Par. 23 of "Instruction of Coast Artillery Troops" the companies of the 9th Coast Artillery District are classified as follows:

Coast Defenses of San Francisco—9th and 15th Cos., excellent; 1st, 2d, 8d, 6th, 11th, 12th, 14th, 16th, 18th and 19th Cos., satisfactory.

Coast Defenses of Los Angeles—2d, 3d and 7th Cos., satisfactory.

Coast Defenses of San Diego—3d Co., excellent; 1st Co., no practice.

2. G.O. No. 11, Headquarters North Pacific Coast Artillery District, Nov. 5, 1920, classifies companies as follows:

Coast Defenses of the Columbia—1st Co., C.A.C. (Mine Practice), excellent.

Coast Defenses of Puget Sound—No practice.

No target practice has been held in those coast defenses subsequent to that date.

By command of Brigadier General Blatchford:

E. WITTEGENBERG, Chief of Staff.

4TH CORPS AREA.

G.O. 19, April 8, 1921, Fort McPherson, Ga.—Major John T. McLean, Cav., is relieved from further duty as assistant to the Adjutant, 4th Corps Area, and Major John E. Ardrey, Inf., is relieved from further duty as assistant to the Adjutant, 4th Corps Area. By command of Major General Morrison: C. J. Symmonds, Chief of Staff.

7TH CORPS AREA.

G.O. 10, April 6, 1921, Fort Crook, Nebr.—Major William N. Hughes, Jr., Sig. Corps, having reported, is announced as Corps Area Signal Officer, vice Capt. G. Everett Hill, Jr., Sig. Corps, relieved. By command of Brigadier General Bundy: L. S. Upton, Chief of Staff.

GENERAL STAFF CORPS.

MAJOR GEN. P. C. MARCH, G.S.

Leave three months to Col. P. P. Bishop, G.S., about June 15. (April 7, W.D.)

Col. M. A. Reckord, G.S. (Inf. O.R.C.), from further active duty to home. (April 11, W.D.)
Leave four months to Major W. M. Colvin, G.S. (C.A.C.). (April 11, W.D.)

QUARTERMASTER CORPS.

MAJOR GEN. H. L. ROGERS, Q.M.C.

Col. L. H. Bash, Q.M.C., to Hoboken, N.J., for duty as general superintendent Army Transport Service at that port. (April 7, W.D.)

Major J. W. D. Melvin, Q.M.C., is transferred to Army and Navy General Hospital, Hot Springs, Ark., for further treatment. (April 11, W.D.)

Capt. Left. M. Edwards, Q.M.C., to Hagerstown, Md., for duty. (April 8, W.D.)

Capt. E. Berg, Q.M.C., to Camp Lee, Va., for duty as Q.M., relieving Capt. G. H. Zautner, Q.M.C., who will proceed to Camp Knox, Ky., for duty. (April 9, W.D.)

Capt. P. J. Gorman, Q.M.C., to Fort Sill, Okla., for duty. (April 11, W.D.)

Capt. C. B. Eckels, Q.M.C., from duty in office of Q.M.G., April 15, and to General Intermediate Depot, Washington, for duty. (April 11, W.D.)

First Lieut. C. L. Carpenter, Q.M.C., in addition to his other duties, will assume command of Motor Repair Section No. 92, Fort Crook, Nebr. (March 24, 7th Corps Area.)

Staff Sergt. J. Henry, Q.M.C., School for Bakers and Cooks, will be placed upon the retired list at Fort William McKinley, P.I., and to home. (April 11, W.D.)

Sergt. M. J. Boland, Q.M.C., Keogh Q.M. Intermediates Depot, will be placed upon the retired list at Fort Keogh, Mont., and to home. (April 6, W.D.)

Pvt. 1st Class I. E. Brown, Q.M.C., will be placed upon the retired list at Fort Huachuca, Ariz., and to home. (April 6, W.D.)

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

MAJOR GEN. M. W. IRELAND, S.G.

MEDICAL CORPS.

Col. H. Page, M.C., to Walter Reed General Hospital, Takoma Park, D.C., for treatment. (April 12, W.D.)

The following officers of M.C. are relieved from further temporary duty in Washington and will return to proper stations, as indicated after their names: Majors—J. F. Corby, attending surgeon's office, New York city, N.Y.; R. C. McDonald, station hospital, Fort McPherson, Ga.; A. G. Wilde, Fort Banks, Mass. (April 8, W.D.)

Leave two months and fifteen days to Major C. Le Baron, Jr., M.C., about May 1. (April 9, W.D.)

Capt. T. B. Collins, M.C., to Mitchel Field, Long Island, N.Y., for pursuing a course of instruction. (April 8, W.D.)

Leave three months to Capt. W. K. Turner, M.C., upon his relief from A.F. in Germany. (April 9, W.D.)

Capt. W. D. McLeland, M.C., to Walter Reed General Hospital, Takoma Park, D.C., for duty. (April 11, W.D.)

Capt. J. C. Woodland, M.C., to Camp Meade, Md., for duty. (April 12, W.D.)

Capt. J. D. Edgar, M.C., to Denver, Colo., Fitzsimons General Hospital, for duty. (April 12, W.D.)

The following officers of M.C. to Walter Reed General Hospital, Takoma Park, for duty: Capts. A. Bowen and J. W. McKeever. (April 11, W.D.)

Capt. A. Mileau, Jr., M.C., now on duty at Post Field, Fort Sill, Okla., is relieved from further duty at Arcadia, Fla. (April 12, W.D.)

Leave one month to Capt. A. Bowen, M.C. (April 12, W.D.)

First Lieut. D. O. N. Lindberg, Med.C., having been found physically disqualified for the duties of a captain by reason of disability incident to the service, his retirement as a captain is announced from March 30, 1921.

First Lieut. C. H. Graf, M.C., having been found physically disqualified for the duties of a captain, M.C., by reason of disability incident to the service, his retirement as a captain is announced, to date from Jan. 17, 1921. (April 12, W.D.)

MEDICAL ADMINISTRATIVE CORPS.

Capt. A. Berkowitz, M.A.C., to Camp Meade, Md., for duty. (April 9, W.D.)

DENTAL CORPS.

Capt. C. R. Hays, D.O., to Camp Benning, Ga., for duty. (April 11, W.D.)

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

BRIG. GEN. H. M. LORD, C.F.

Lieut. Col. D. Y. Beckham, F.D., transferred March 10, 1921, to C.A.C. (April 12, W.D.)

Capt. T. F. Powell and L. H. Price, F.D., will report to Finance Officer, Washington, D.C., for assignment to duty. (April 7, W.D.)

Tech. Sergt. L. G. Briggs, F.D. (appointed April 6, 1921), now at Governors Island, N.Y., will be assigned to station by commanding general 2d Corp Area. (April 6, W.D.)

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

MAJOR GEN. C. C. WILLIAMS, C.O.

Sick leave three months to Col. W. A. Phillips, O.D. (April 12, W.D.)

Capt. J. A. Root, O.D., to Rock Island Arsenal, Ill., for duty. (April 9, W.D.)

Capt. I. A. Crump, O.D., to Antwerp, Belgium, on transport to sail about May 5, thence to Coblenz, Germany, for duty. (April 11, W.D.)

First Lieut. C. H. Morgan, O.D., to Pedricktown, N.J., for duty. (April 9, W.D.)

Master Sergt. M. H. Daly, O.D., Chicago Storage Depot, will be placed upon the retired list at Chicago, Ill., and to home. (April 6, W.D.)

Master Sergt. L. H. Chick, O.D., will be placed upon the retired list at Camp Lewis, Wash., and to home. (April 5, W.D.)

Master Sergt. W. Morris, O.D., will be placed upon the retired list at Rock Island Arsenal, Ill., and to home. (April 8, W.D.)

Tech. Sergt. A. L. Lewellen, O.D., will be placed upon the retired list at Fort MacArthur, Calif., and to home. (

CAVALRY.

MAJOR GEN. W. A. HOLBROOK, C.C.

Leut. Col. J. J. Ryan, Cav., to Columbus, Ohio, as instructor of Cavalry, N.G. of Ohio. (April 9, W.D.)

Leave three months and seven days to Major E. P. Pierson, Cav., about May 2, with permission to leave continental limits of U.S. (April 8, W.D.)

Major T. H. Cunningham, Cav., is assigned to station at Fort Des Moines, Iowa, for duty. (April 9, W.D.)

Major G. B. Hunter, Cav., is transferred to Army and Navy General Hospital, Hot Springs, Ark., for further treatment. (April 11, W.D.)

Leave three months to Capt. M. H. Christian, Cav. (April 9, W.D.)

Capt. A. D. Chipman, Cav., is assigned to 5th Cav. and to Marfa, Texas, for duty. (April 11, W.D.)

Capt. W. F. Safford, Cav., is assigned to 3d Cav. and to Fort Myer, Va., for duty. (April 11, W.D.)

Leave three months to Capt. R. G. Gibbs, Cav. (April 11, W.D.)

Leave three months to 1st Lieut. D. A. Jones, Cav. (April 9, W.D.)

FIELD ARTILLERY.

MAJOR GEN. W. J. SNOW, C.F.A.

The following officers of F.A. are assigned as hereinafter indicated: Lieut. Cols.—A. F. Brewster and W. H. Smith to 14th F.A., Fort Sill, Okla.; A. S. Fugler, 82d, Fort Bliss, Texas. Majors—J. D. Coughlan, 15th, Camp Travis, Texas; H. P. Avent, 4th, Camp Stanley, Texas; A. A. White, 82d, Fort Bliss, Texas. Captains—J. F. Hoehn, 20th, Camp Jackson, S.C.; N. D. Gordon, 10th, Camp Pike, Ark.; H. R. Hanson, 18th, Schofield Barracks, H.T.; G. R. Hayman, 19th, Fort Myer, Va.; H. W. Blakely, 4th, Camp Stanley, Texas; R. V. Marais, 80th, Camp Meade, Md.; W. H. McNaught, 77th, Camp Lewis, Wash.; R. L. Greene, 19th, Fort Myer, Va.; R. W. Yates, 5th, Camp Bragg, N.C.; D. C. Schmal, 80th, Camp Meade, Md.; W. G. Dockum, 1st, Fort Sill, Okla.; C. M. Lucas, 78th, Camp Grant, Ill.; H. B. Berry, 4th, Camp Stanley, Texas; S. Wotkyns, 80th, Camp Meade, Md.; R. S. Perrin, 82d, Fort Bliss, Texas; W. D. Davis, 81st, Camp Knox, Ky.; D. J. Sabini, 1st Prov. Philippine F.A.; J. H. Fye, 82d F.A., Fort Bliss, Texas; C. R. Lehner, 79th, Camp Meade, Md.; J. F. Brittingham, 12th, Camp Travis, Texas; A. D. Ruppel, 4th, Camp Stanley, Texas. (April 7, W.D.)

Major F. T. Armstrong, F.A., is assigned to 78th F.A. and to Camp Grant, Ill., for duty. (April 11, W.D.)

Leave one month to Major E. W. Austin, F.A. (April 12, W.D.)

The following officers of F.A. are assigned as hereinafter indicated: Captains—D. H. Trevor, 17th F.A., Camp Bragg, N.C.; R. H. Dixon, 18th, Camp Pike, Ark.; F. R. Mann, 82d, Fort Bliss, Texas; M. Neufeld, 7th, Camp Dix, N.J.; C. W. Bonham, 82d, Fort Bliss, Texas; S. J. Cutler, 12th, Camp Travis, Texas; E. C. Fleming and E. A. Henn, 8d, Camp Grant, Ill.; A. M. Goldinan, 17th, Camp Bragg, N.C.; E. J. Roe, 12th, Camp Travis, Texas; M. W. Tupper, 5th, Camp Bragg, N.C.; C. R. Doran, 18th, Camp Pike, Ark.; J. R. Williams, 19th, Fort Myer, Va.; G. R. Middleton, 76th, and R. F. Biogott, 28th, Camp Pike, Ark.; R. A. Gordon, 20th, Camp Jackson, S.C.; A. W. Long, 18th, Camp Pike, Ark.; T. R. Kerschner, 15th, Camp Travis, Texas; A. O. Seare, 76th, Camp Pike, Ark.; W. E. Jenkins, 17th, and A. V. Gair, 21st, Camp Bragg, N.C.; W. S. Evans, 6th, Camp Dix, N.J.; A. O. Walsh, 10th, Camp Pike, Ark.; J. J. Waters, Jr., 19th, Fort Myer, Va.; L. S. Partridge, 83d, Camp Knox, Ky.; P. M. Arnold, 13th, Schofield Barracks, H.T.; C. E. Sheldrake, H.T., 8th F.A. Brigade, Camp Knox, Ky. (April 7, W.D.)

The following officers of F.A. are assigned as hereinafter indicated: Captains—A. S. Quintard, 8th F.A., Schofield Barracks, H.T.; V. R. Woodruff and E. M. Graves, Sep. Battn., Mountain Art, Panama, C.Z., and L. E. Reigner, 11th F.A., Schofield Barracks, H.T. (April 8, W.D.)

The following officers of F.A. are assigned as hereinafter indicated: Capt.—R. Hirach, 1st F.A., Fort Sill, Okla. First Lieuts.—R. G. Miller, 16th, Camp Lewis, Wash.; N. F. Galbraith, 15th, Camp Travis, Texas; R. D. Powell, 6th, Camp Dix, N.J.; D. D. Caldwell, 10th, Camp Pike, Ark.; W. C. Huggins, 19th, Camp Jackson, S.C.; A. L. Shreve, 8th, Schofield Barracks, H.T.; J. C. Grable, 14th, Fort Sill, Okla.; H. L. Kerah, 21st, Camp Bragg, N.C.; L. R. Garrison and L. H. Barnes, 82d, Fort Bliss, Texas; C. R. Sutherland, 2d, and N. J. Eckert, 81st, Camp Knox, Ky.; H. Cort, 1st, Fort Sill, Okla.; W. C. McCarthy, 20th, Camp Jackson, S.C.; C. M. Day, 21st, Camp Bragg, N.C.; R. T. J. Higgins, 83d, A. J. Hastings, 81st, and S. L. Mains, Jr., 83d, Camp Knox, Ky.; F. C. Egleth, 9th, Fort Sill, Okla.; C. K. McAlister, 85d, Camp Knox, Ky.; T. F. Keefe, 14th, and S. E. Stancikos, 1st, Fort Sill, Okla.; A. S. Reynolds, W. H. Jaeger, W. R. Schefer, and O. L. McDonald, 82d F.A., Fort Bliss, Texas. (April 7, W.D.)

The following officers of F.A. are assigned as hereinafter indicated: Captains—H. B. Dawson, 24th F.A., Camp Stotsenburg, P.I.; T. E. T. Haley, 21st, Camp Bragg, N.C.; E. H. Brooks, Hqrs. 5d Brigade, Camp Pike, Ark.; L. J. Blanchard, 81st, Camp Knox, Ky.; J. W. Faulkner, Jr., 18th, Camp Pike, Ark.; J. S. Robinson, 80th, Camp Meade, Md.; P. Ramer, 11th, Camp Bragg, N.C.; H. E. Ragland, 15th, Camp Travis, Texas; H. N. Blue, 3d, Camp Grant, Ill.; F. H. Timmerman, 81st, Camp Knox, Ky.; W. C. Green, 76th, Camp Pike, Ark.; A. S. Messick, 8d, Camp Grant, Ill.; M. L. McCreary, 10th, Camp Pike, Ark.; L. J. Whitlock, 20th, Camp Jackson, S.C.; G. P. Hayes, 10th, Camp Pike, Ark.; Z. E. Lawhon, 3d, Camp Grant, Ill.; W. R. Philp, 17th, Camp Bragg, N.C.; V. Wilson, 83d, Camp Knox, Ky.; B. M. Sawbridge, 13th, Schofield Barracks, H.T.; C. T. McAleer, 8th, Schofield Barracks, H.T.; C. C. Alexander, 79th, Camp Meade, Md.; H. M. Shaw, 82d, Fort Bliss, Texas; R. G. Mangum, 6th, Camp Dix, N.J.; P. N. Walsh, 78th, Camp Grant, Ill.; W. W. Belcher, 11th, Schofield Barracks, H.T.; O. A. Easterbrook, 1st, Fort Sill, Okla.; J. A. Wallace, 5th, Camp Bragg, N.C.; G. H. Duff, 77th, Camp Lewis, Wash.; L. L. Boggs, 2d, Camp Knox, Ky.; C. S. Richards, 4th, Camp Stanley, Texas. (April 11, W.D.)

Capt. N. J. McMahon, F.A., is assigned to 9th F.A. and to Fort Sill, Okla., for duty. (April 11, W.D.)

The following officers of F.A. are assigned as hereinafter indicated: Captains—L. F. Kosch, 83d F.A., Camp Knox, Ky.; A. F. Doran, 77th, Camp Lewis, Wash.; R. B. Willis, 1st, Fort Sill, Okla.; C. T. Porter, 8th, Schofield Barracks, H.T.; R. E. Beck, 12th, Camp Travis, Texas; W. E. Ard, 19th, Camp Jackson, S.C.; F. H. Boucher, 1st, Fort Sill, Okla.; H. Kernan, 13th, Schofield Barracks, H.T.; I. H. Bodley, 16th, Camp Lewis, Wash.; V. A. Dash, Jr., 11th, Schofield Barracks, H.T.; R. C. Moore, 12th, Camp Travis, Texas; J. F. Hepner, 8th, Schofield Barracks, H.T.; F. S. Conaty, 3d, Camp Grant, Ill.; R. B. Shaw, 18th, Camp Pike, Ark.; R. E. Taylor, 79th, Camp Meade, Md.; G. A. Greaves, 20th, Camp Jackson, S.C.; W. M. Wiener, 3d, Camp Grant, Ill.; M. Ross, 17th, Camp Bragg, N.C.; J. A. Steere, 13th, Schofield Barracks, H.T.; L. E. Babcock, 19th, Fort Myer, Va.; L. A. Den Pland, Jr., 11th, Schofield Barracks, H.T.; J. L. Gammell, 19th, Camp Jackson, S.C.; D. Bell, 1st Philippine F.A., Camp Stotsenburg, P.I.; W. M. C. Garrison, 5th F.A., Camp Bragg, N.C.; L. M. Kilgaf, 11th, Schofield Barracks, H.T.; A. L. Warren, 16th, Camp Lewis, Wash.; M. H. Greene, 1st Philippine F.A., Camp Stotsenburg, P.I.; A. C. Berry, 13th, Schofield Barracks, H.T.; J. G. Watkins, 88d, Camp Benning, Ga. (April 11, W.D.)

Leave two months to Capt. N. J. McMahon, F.A. (April 12, W.D.)

The following officers of F.A. are assigned as hereinafter indicated: Captains—P. C. Harper, 18th F.A., Camp Pike, Ark.; R. deP. Terrell, 13th F.A., Schofield Barracks, H.T.; S. Mahon, 76th F.A., Camp Pike, Ark.; C. D. Brown, 8th F.A., Schofield Barracks, H.T.; A. E. Carmichael, 8d F.A., Camp Grant, Ill.; M. I. Voorhees, 82d F.A., Fort Bliss, Texas; R. K. Learned, Sep. Battn., Mountain Artillery, Panama, C.Z.; E. C. Ewert, 12th F.A., Camp Travis, Texas; J. C. Butler, Jr., 76th F.A., Camp Pike, Ark.; E. S. Ott, 8th F.A., Schofield Barracks, H.T.; H. H. F. Gossett, 11th F.A., Schofield Barracks, H.T.; R. J. Canine, 79th F.A., Camp Meade, Md.; O. F. Marston, Sep. Battn., Mountain Artillery, Panama, C.Z.; C. C. Park, 8th F.A., Schofield Barracks, H.T.; J. C. Adams, 76th F.A., Camp Pike, Ark.; W. E. Corkill, 82d F.A., Fort Bliss, Texas. (April 12, W.D.)

So much of Par. 44, S.O. 189-O, W.D., Aug. 12, as amended by Par. 90, S.O. 255-O, W.D., Oct. 29, 1920, as relates to 1st Lieut. W. McKenna, F.A., and assigns that officer to 15th F.A. is revoked. (April 8, W.D.)

First Lieut. C. W. Reed, F.A., is assigned to 83d F.A. (April 11, W.D.)

Leave two months and twenty-six days, about May 5, to

1st Lieut. J. H. Wise, F.A., with permission to leave continental limits of United States. (April 12, W.D.)

COAST ARTILLERY CORPS.

MAJOR GEN. F. W. COE, C.C.A.

Leave one month to Col. H. Davis, C.A.C. (April 9, W.D.)

Leave one month and fifteen days to Major R. Melberg, C.A.C. (April 9, W.D.)

Major J. T. H. O'Rear, C.A.C., to Fort Leavenworth, Disciplinary Barracks, for duty. (April 12, W.D.)

Capt. P. Lowry, C.A.C., is detailed as assistant professor at University of Minnesota, Minneapolis. (April 11, W.D.)

First Lieut. W. E. Becker, C.A.C., is detailed in O.D. (April 7, W.D.)

The leave granted Capt. G. H. Drewry, C.A.C., is extended one month. (April 12, W.D.)

Leave one month to Capt. W. H. Seymour, C.A.C. (April 11, W.D.)

INFANTRY.

MAJOR GEN. C. S. FARNSWORTH, C.I.

Sick leave two months to Lieut. Col. W. A. Castle, Inf. (April 11, W.D.)

The leave on account of sickness granted Lieut. Col. A. J. Dougherty, Inf., is extended two months. (April 11, W.D.)

Major J. B. Ord, Inf., is detailed as an acting General Staff officer and is assigned to General Staff with troops. (April 7, W.D.)

The following officers of Inf. are assigned as hereinafter indicated and will join regiments: Majors—R. L. Eichelberger, 28th Inf., Camp Dix, N.J.; J. H. Tierney, 64th Inf., Camp Meade, Md.; J. L. Burg, 28th Inf., Camp Dix, N.J. First Lieut.—P. Kellam, 9th Inf., Camp Travis, Texas. (April 8, W.D.)

Leave three months and five days to Major R. P. Lemly, Inf., about June 1. (April 9, W.D.)

Major W. F. Lent, Inf. R.O.C., will proceed to Washington, D.C., to Chief of Staff for duty. (April 7, W.D.)

Major P. Ramee, 39th Inf., is detailed as captain of Infantry team, National Matches, 1921, and will repair to Washington to Chief of Infantry for temporary duty. (April 11, W.D.)

So much of Par. 5, S.O. 74-O, W.D., March 31, 1921, as relates to Capt. E. W. Hibben, Inf., is revoked. (April 8, W.D.)

So much of Par. 11, S.O. 79-O, W.D., April 6, 1921, as relates to Capt. E. L. Rice, Inf., is revoked. (April 9, W.D.)

Leave one month to Capt. R. M. Caulkins, Inf. (April 9, W.D.)

So much of Par. 12, S.O. 75-O, W.D., April 1, 1921, as assigns Capt. T. P. Bresnahan, Inf., to 24th Inf. is amended so as to assign him to 24th Inf. (April 9, W.D.)

Capt. M. E. Walker, Inf., now on duty at Camp Meade, Md., is assigned to 64th Inf. (April 9, W.D.)

Each of the following officers of Inf. are assigned as indicated: Captains—W. R. Graham and N. C. Johnson, 8th Inf.; N. P. Groff, 35th Inf.; J. C. R. Hall, 50th Inf.; N. E. Stedig, 62d Inf.; N. Minus, 5th Inf.; T. G. O'Malley, 23d Inf.; J. L. Pierce, 8th Inf.; L. W. Roots, 25th Inf.; M. V. Fortier, 50th Inf.; T. A. Young, 44th Inf.; J. L. McKee, 39th Inf.; C. R. Jones, 35th Inf.; R. H. Chance, 31st Inf.; S. R. Ward, 6th Inf.; L. R. Higgins, 42d Inf.; C. H. Searey, 14th Inf.; E. Norris, 36th Inf.; D. M. McAuliffe, 27th Inf.; G. T. Phillips, 16th Inf.; J. R. Bowles, 31st Inf.; W. C. Hoessing, 42d Inf.; M. J. Rockwell, 22d Inf.; W. C. Peters, 50th Inf.; C. McD. Parkin, 55th Inf.; O. R. Rhoads, 9th Inf.; J. L. Ostrander, 1st Inf.; C. E. Driggers, 19th Inf.; G. A. Stockton, 8th Inf.; C. W. Neens, 36th Inf.; H. W. Kelly, 27th Inf.; R. Ferris, 53d Inf.; N. Blair, 35th Inf. (April 9, W.D.)

The following officers of Inf. are assigned as indicated: Captains—E. A. Kindervater, 20th Inf.; G. C. Irvin, 26th Inf.; E. M. Yon, 5th Inf.; R. E. Frye, 1st Inf.; G. L. Hopkins, 50th Inf.; G. M. McMullin, 64th Inf.; L. S. Hatfield, 5th Inf.; F. O. Schmidt, 3d Inf.; G. S. McCullough, 62d Inf.; R. A. Stamey, 51st Inf.; W. E. Duvaldeck, 35th Inf.; R. Sparks, 5th Inf.; A. P. Kirk, 8th Inf.; T. G. Jenkins, 5th Inf.; F. S. Bauthorn, 8th Inf.; R. S. Duncan and W. A. Hollyer, 64th Inf.; F. A. Green, 33d Inf.; R. W. Norton, 35th Inf.; C. A. Whitesell, 5th Inf.; V. Bell, 8th Inf.; W. G. Purdy, 50th Inf.; W. L. Mitchell, 34th Inf.; R. Slave, 23d Inf.; E. John, 25th Inf.; G. C. Saulnier, 11th Inf.; R. W. White, Tanks, Camp Meade, Md.; W. B. Tuttle, 3d Inf.; D. A. Stroh, 35th Inf.; O. H. Parker, Jr., 49th Inf.; R. M. Windfall, 6th Inf.; P. A. Helmold, 11th Inf.; J. A. Cistere, Tanks, Camp Dix, N.J.; T. W. Freeman, 52d Inf.; P. S. Campbell, 1st Inf. (April 9, W.D.)

The following officers of Inf. are assigned as indicated: Captains—R. L. Schuyler, 8th Inf.; L. P. Stewart, 17th Inf.; A. W. Jones, 43d Inf.; F. W. O'Donoghue, 61st Inf.; S. A. Thomson, 50th Inf.; C. R. Russell, 27th Inf.; C. L. Ellis and F. T. Lord, Tanks, Camp Meade, Md.; R. K. Fisher, 19th Inf.; D. L. Hooper, 17th Inf.; W. L. Morrison, 38th Inf.; O. E. Trechter, 52d Inf.; C. S. Reily, 19th Inf.; E. H. Haskins, 32d Inf.; J. H. Lawrence, 47th Inf.; A. A. Kane, 42d Inf.; J. L. Ballard, 2d Inf.; N. L. Soderholm, 20th Inf.; E. E. Brown, 40th Inf.; G. D. Condren, 54th Inf.; A. Pickens, 1st Inf.; H. E. Menezes, 11th Inf.; J. B. Sinclair, 21st Inf.; S. A. MacLaughlin, 20th Inf.; E. E. Major, 40th Inf.; H. V. Dexter, 54th Inf.; E. Harral, 38th Inf.; R. W. Corrigan, 16th Inf.; R. H. Lord, 42d Inf.; A. R. MacKeechnie, 49th Inf.; M. K. Pignan, 53d Inf.; H. G. Edson, 21st Inf.; F. C. Miller, 36th Inf.; G. W. Clover, 26th Inf.; C. L. Bertholf, 16th Inf. (April 9, W.D.)

Capt. R. G. Ayers, Inf., to Honolulu, H.T., on transport sailing about June 11. (April 9, W.D.)

Capt. I. C. Nicholas, 27th Inf., is transferred to 32d Inf. and will report by telegraph to C.O. 32d Inf. for station and will join. (April 9, W.D.)

Leave one month to Capts. D. Jones, J. E. Bechtold and C. M. Culpe, Inf. (April 7, W.D.)

Capt. G. E. Parker, Inf., now on duty with 49th Inf., is assigned to that regiment. (April 11, W.D.)

Sick leave two months to Capt. J. H. Grant, Inf. (April 11, W.D.)

The following officers of Inf. are assigned as hereinafter indicated: Captains—E. L. Upson, 44th Inf.; W. L. Conway, 27th Inf.; H. Thorn, 41st; A. J. McMullen, 39th; C. A. Martin, 56th; H. Linden, 55th; G. Read, Jr., 52d; L. N. Ross, 12th; E. E. Keatley, 37th; W. B. White, 24th; L. Simons, 55th; E. A. Rudelius, 44th; P. P. Wiggins, 41st; P. B. Matlock, 58th; H. T. Perrin, 24th; H. S. Robertson, 41st; R. M. McFaul, 26th; B. Little, 49th; J. A. Griffin, 52d; G. P. Savage, 10th; C. F. Sutherland, 51st; G. A. Hunt, 39th; S. R. Fisher, 24th; J. R. Urquhart, 54th; M. W. Marston, 10th; A. H. Snowden, 51st; R. Wisner, 41st; A. P. Sullivan, 54th; L. J. McCarthy, 55th; E. F. Painter, 47th; H. S. Whuber, 13th; P. B. Robinson, 54th; J. H. Hinwood, 11th; R. F. Walther, Jr., 56th; T. A. Pedley, Jr., 30th; C. S. Johnson, 52d; C. H. Hagelstein, 34th; T. J. Head, Tanks, Camp Meade, Md. (April 11, W.D.)

The following officers of Inf. are assigned as hereinafter indicated: Captains—F. M. Orden, 82d Inf.; J. D. Chambliss, 87th; B. C. Spicer, 58th; G. C. Cleaver, 18th; A. H. Rogers, 23d; H. A. Austin, 51st; H. B. Battenberg, 45th; N. D. Finley, 45th; J. V. Coughlin, 51st; J. R. Kaiser, Jr., 17th; J. W. Ramsey, 45th; P. G. Marshall, Jr., 60th; W. N. Clinton, 54th; G. O. Oppy, 41st; W. L. Brown, 25th; J. R. DeVall, 37th; M. E. Gillette, 34th; B. F. Hood, 28th; H. N. Frissell, 38th; R. L. Herr and H. L. Girault, 7th; G. A. Jackson, 48th; F. W. Montague, 60th; J. B. Cockburn, 29th; O. W. Neider, 49th; R. E. Bower, 31st; C. W. Odgen, 57th; J. D. Forsythe, 62d; L. T. Lathrop, 33d; E. P. Trout, Tanks, Camp Meade, Md. First Lieut.—P. W. Ricamore, Tanks, Camp Meade, Md. (April 11, W.D.)

The following officers of Inf. are assigned as hereinafter indicated: Captains—P. P. Salgado, 89th Inf.; E. C. Allworth, 60th; C. H. Lee, 9th; G. L. Allen, 11th; B. DeT. Lambert, 54th; G. A. M. Anderson, 9th; L. L. Connett, 35th; O. G. Lewis, 56th; H. K. Coulter, 11th; F. G. Bishop, 39th; C. S. Brodbeck, Jr., 54th; W. B. Wilson, 27th; S. Y. Kennedy, 51st; R. H. Hosteller, 23d; Y. D. Fetterman, 40th; H. J. Story, 3d; W. F. Gent, 22d; C. H. St. Germain, Tanks, Camp Meade, Md.; S. B. Wiener, 11th Inf.; G. C. Graham, 22d; O. C. Burgess, 57th; A. Hawkenson, 22d; W. Jessie, 30th; V. G. Huskes, 2d; F. B. Rogers, 58th; R. D. Willis, 53d; O. J. Huskes, 2d. (April 11, W.D.)

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NOTES OF ARMY PERSONNEL

Assistant Secretary of War J. Maybew Wainwright has been designated as president of the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice, vice W. R. Williams, former Assistant Secretary of War.

Major Gen. P. C. Harris, The Adjutant General, made an address on the duties and functions of The Adjutant General's Office before the National Press Club Post, American Legion, in Washington, D.C., on April 12. General Harris illustrated his interesting speech by showing specimens of actual office records and photographs of records and other officer material and of the records office buildings.

Col. John McA. Palmer, U.S.A., commanding 22d Infantry at Fort Jay, N.Y., made an address on "The Scheme of Coast Defense as Now Formulated," before New York Post, Society of Military Engineers, at New York city on April 13, and Lieut. Col. Samuel G. Shartle, U.S.A., on duty at headquarters 2d Corps Area, spoke on "Special Tests of Coast Defense Scheme and Relation to Committee on Public Safety." The New York sections of the American Society of Civil Engineers, American Institute of Mining and Metallurgical Engineers and the Society of Automotive Engineers joined in the meeting. New York Post is to take an excursion to West Point in the near future.

Lieut. Col. Harry L. Gilchrist, U.S.A., medical director, Chemical Warfare Service, who after the war was detailed as head of the Polish Typhus Commission, has been lecturing in various cities, including Cleveland, Pittsburgh and Baltimore, on the situation in Poland. Colonel Gilchrist was in Poland for more than two years and has first hand information on the subject, having made careful studies, in connection with his regular work with the commission, of the economic, industrial and governmental conditions as they exist in that country to-day.

Major Per Ramee, 39th Inf., U.S.A., who has been on duty at Camp Lewis, Washington, has been detailed to duty as captain of the Army Infantry team for the National Matches of 1921. He has been ordered to the office of the Chief of Infantry in Washington in connection with his new duties.

Major Hastic Stuart, U.S.A., finance officer, Presidio of San Francisco, is in Washington, on sick leave since his encounter with three robbers who attempted to take from him and his unarmed guard of one enlisted man a large amount of money in his possession, which was being taken from a bank to the Presidio for the purpose of making the regular payments to enlisted men. Major Stuart, during the encounter, sustained rather severe injuries about the head, which resulted in his going to Washington to receive treatment for his wounds at Walter Reed General Hospital. He received a congratulatory letter from the commanding officer at the Presidio of San Francisco, Col. T. A. Pierce, highly commanding him for his good work in keeping the money and for assisting in the capture of the outlaws.

Captains Walton W. Cox, Cav., and Joseph W. Vann, C.A.C., were relieved from duty as aids to Brig. Gen. G. W. Read, U.S.A., 5th Corps Area, March 31, 1921, and were ordered to remain on their present duties until further orders.

General Wood Sails for the Philippines.

The Bureau of Insular Affairs announced that the mission to the Philippine Islands, composed of Major Gen. Leonard Wood, U.S.A., chairman, and former governor general of the islands, and W. Cameron Forbes, now on its way to investigate conditions there, left Seattle, Wash., April 9, on the steamship Wenatchee, of the Admiral Line. Accompanying the mission are the following Regular Army officers: Col. Frank R. McCoy, Cav.; Lieut. Col. Gordon Johnston, Cav.; Major Edward Bowditch, Jr., Cav., and Lieut. Osborne C. Wood, Inf., aid to General Wood. It is expected the party will disembark at Yokohama and travel by train to Nagasaki, thence on the U.S.A.T. Warren to Manila, probably arriving there about May 5.

Officers of 2d Medical Regiment.

The following officers have been assigned to duty with the 2d Medical Regiment at Camp Travis, Texas: Majors Roy L. Scott to Field Hospital Co. No. 5; Frank W. Wilson, M.C., to Hqrs. Hospital Battalion, and T. L. Long, M.C., to Hqrs. Battalion; Capts. Seth A. McConnell, M.C., R.E.C., to Ambulance Co. No. 6, and Ralph N. Newton, M.C., to Ambulance Co. No. 4; 1st Lieuts. George E. Lindow, M.C., to Field Hospital Co. No. 5, and Claude H. Oliver, M.C., to special duty, Camp Bullis.

West Point Horse Show.

The annual meeting of the West Point Horse Show Association was held on April 8 at the Officers' Club, West Point, N.Y. The following Army officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Brig. Gen. Douglas MacArthur; vice president, Lieut. Col. R. M. Danford; secretary, Major Willis D. Crittenton; treasurer, Chaplain Clayton E. Wheat; assistant secretary, Mr. W. S. Blitz. The following directors were chosen: For two years—Lieut. Col. R. M. Danford, Lewis Brown, Jr., Lucius H. Holt, G. V. Strong, R. G. Alexander, Majors A. H. Wilson and S. L. Devers and Chaplain Clayton E. Wheat. For one year—Majors J. K. Brown, A. D. Surles, J. C. R. Schwenck, Willis D. Crittenton, R. W. Strong, Mrs. G. J. Fieberger and Mrs. C. C. Carter. The show this year is to be held in the riding hall, on June 7 and 8. Indications point to a large list of entries in the various classes, which will number about forty. Every effort is to be made to make the coming show one of the most popular in the East.

Majority Chances of Class of 1916, U.S.M.A.

The class of 1916, U.S. Military Academy, of which approximately 100 members are still in the Army, inquires as to its chances for getting into the majority grade. It is stated at the War Department that this is problematical, promotions being blocked by the court action in the B classification suits. The first member of this class is R. G. Moses, Corps of Engrs., who is a captain, and is No. 3455 on the promotion list. About sixty members of this class have taken the physical examination and when the flow of promotions is resumed the remainder of the class will be called up for examination. Under the circumstances, there is no way of arriving at a probable date when promotions will be resumed.

Society of Quartermaster Officers' Dinner.

Members of the Pennsylvania State Chapter of the Society of Quartermaster Officers held a "get-together banquet" and meeting at the Hotel Adelphia, Philadelphia, on April 9 that was attended by twenty-four members and sixteen guests. Col. James B. Houston, Q.M.

C. presided as temporary chairman of the meeting and Capt. A. C. Jeanne, Q.M.C., was the toastmaster at the dinner. At the meeting it was agreed to defer permanent organization of the chapter until September. Lieut. Stanley H. Hunsicker, Q.M.C., is recorder of the chapter.

ARMY ITEMS.

The Chief of Infantry announces that trap shooting has been inaugurated as a part of the shotgun fire training at the Infantry School, Camp Benning.

The amount of property transferred by the War Department to other executive departments of the Government, expressed at cost price, for the month of March was \$6,933,573.

An expenditure of not to exceed \$94,000, from the appropriation for Letterman General Hospital, Calif., for the purpose of constructing two wards at that hospital, has been approved. The proposed building will be of concrete and will take the place of old, inflammable and badly worn frame wards, situated in the center of the hospital group.

Extensive repairs to the building used as a post chapel at Fort McPherson, Ga., are contemplated. It is believed there are a number of persons who would like to place a window or mural tablet in this chapel in memory of some relative or friend. Any persons so interested are requested to correspond with the post commander or Chaplain John A. Randolph, U.S.A.

18TH U.S. INFANTRY DINNER.

The officers of the 18th U.S. Infantry at Camp Dix, N.J., have issued a "Warning Order No. 1" to all present and former officers of the regiment to attend the sixteenth annual dinner of the regiment at the Ritz-Carlton, Philadelphia, Pa., May 7. This order says, in part:

The "stronghold" of the Ritz-Carlton has been reported as extremely formidable and it is known to contain large quantities of "high explosive" and "loot." The 18th Infantry has been designated to make the assault. No other troops are in support. All officers of the regiment, and all those who at any time have been officers of the 18th Infantry, will assemble on the roof garden of the Ritz-Carlton Hotel at nineteen (19) hours thirty (30) minutes on the seventh of May, 1921, preparatory to taking up the assault on the final objective (the sixteenth annual 18th Infantry dinner).

Upon reaching the "final objective" the regiment will "organize" its position at 12-inch intervals and "dig in." One officer from each battalion will proceed to Philadelphia in time to reconnoiter and establish advance "Battalion P.C.'s" not later than 12 hours, seventh of May, 1921. Those desiring to attend will kindly submit their personal check for \$6 to Major John W. Foss, 18th Inf. Formal engraved "attack order" will follow. All messages to the "Regimental P.C." Camp Dix, N.J.

It is desired that the attendance be as large as possible. Owing to the rapid changes taking place, many of the addresses of old friends and comrades are not known. "Therefore, if you are a former officer of the 18th Infantry and have not received your 'warning order' as yet," says the dinner committee, "do not wait to receive one, but make your plans to attend now and notify the committee. It promises to be a gala time for all. 'Happy Heine' calls you. Will you answer 'here'?"

GENERAL OFFICERS, O.R.C.

The War Department announced on April 10 the appointment of former Brig. Gen. William G. Price, Jr., U.S.A., now major general commanding the Pennsylvania National Guard, to be a major general in the Officers' Reserve Corps, and the appointment of Col. Avery D. Andrews, U.S.V. (brigadier general, emergency), to be a brigadier general in the Officers' Reserve Corps. General Price served with credit and distinction in the U.S. Army during the World War, on the battle line in France, and before going overseas performed very notable work in organizing and training troops in the United States. He was decorated for his battle services. General Price also served in the Volunteers in the Spanish War, and was for many years in the service of the National Guard of Pennsylvania. He has served in all grades from private to major general, and is the only National Guard officer of his rank that has this record. General Price is known as one of the most efficient National Guard officers in the United States. General Andrews, whose appointment was recommended by General Pershing, is a graduate of the U.S.M.A., class of 1886, and resigned from the Army in 1893. He had served in the Artillery, and soon after his resignation, he was appointed on the staff of the late Brig. Gen. Louis Fitzgerald, 1st Brigade, N.Y.N.G., and was very highly esteemed. During the Spanish War General Andrews served as a colonel of Volunteers. During the World War he was appointed a colonel, U.S.A., and was assigned to the Railway Transportation Corps, on Oct. 28, 1917, and was sent immediately to France. He was appointed to the grade of brigadier general (emergency), in October, 1918. He was honorably discharged from the Service May 31, 1919. During the World War General Andrews became assistant chief of staff, G-1, at the headquarters, American Expeditionary Forces, and rendered excellent service in that capacity. He has been awarded the Distinguished Service Medal and has been placed upon the General Staff eligible list.

UNIQUE CASE OF NON-RETIREMENT.

A unique case where the repeal of a law resulted in holding an officer of the Army to an active status after the order for his retirement had been issued has just come to light. Capt. Thomas Gordon, Phil. Scouts, was retired prior to June, 1920, under the old law "to take effect upon his arrival in the United States." As he did not arrive until after July 1, 1920, the law under which his retirement was ordered as captain, Phil. Scouts, with pay of a signal electrician, was ineffective as it had been repealed by provisions of the act of June 4, 1920. He was therefore called back to active duty only recently, having enjoyed several months' leave in the belief that he was on the retired list. Sec. 22a of the act of June 4, 1920, provided that "on July 1, 1920, all officers of the Philippine Scouts on the active list, who are citizens of the United States . . . shall be recommissioned in some one of the branches provided for by this act, and those not so recommissioned shall continue to serve under their commissions as officers of the Philippine Scouts." Also, "officers of the Philippine Scouts shall hereafter be retired under the same conditions, and those hereafter placed on the retired list shall receive the same pay, as other officers of like grades and length of service" etc. It is thought probable that Captain Gordon will be recommissioned as a captain and then placed

on the retired list. His non-retirement because of the wording of the order making his retired status "take effect upon his arrival in the United States" it would appear has resulted in granting him something better than the pay of a signal electrician.

THE 1ST CORPS OF CADETS OF BOSTON.

The 1st Corps of Cadets of Boston, Mass., which has the honor of being the oldest active military organization in the United States, having been organized in 1728, and which served in a double rôle in the World War, as the 101st Engineers, seeing much service in France as part of the American Expeditionary Forces, and in Boston as the Motor Corps, Massachusetts State Guard, is the subject of an interesting illustrated article in the Boston Evening Transcript, which occupies nearly one page and a half. The history of this famous unit is described at length, and its record of service given in detail. It is now organized as a separate battalion as always, but of Infantry, and many recruits are being received. The commanding officer is Lieut. Col. Harold Blanchard, who served overseas, receiving the Distinguished Service Cross, the Croix de Guerre with palm, and being created a Chevalier of the Legion of Honor. Major Ralph C. Holliday, U.S.A., who also served overseas with honor, is instructor of the organization and is doing much toward keeping the battalion up to the high standard always maintained by the cadets.

ARMY ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION OPEN TO GUARD OFFICERS

The Superintendent of the U.S. Military Academy has informed the Militia Bureau that a clause has been incorporated in the regulations of the Army Athletic Association which opens the association to officers of the National Guard. This places National Guard officers on the same basis as officers of the Regular Army with respect to membership in the Army Athletic Association. The fee for membership is \$7 and no further endorsement is necessary. Annual subscription to the Army Athletic Association entitles a member to tickets for the Army-Navy football game, the basketball game, baseball game and admission to all Cadet athletic games at West Point. On account of the demand for tickets and the limited supply it is stated that four tickets for a subscription of \$14 is the maximum number of tickets that can be allotted an old subscriber, and two tickets for subscription of \$7 is the maximum number allotted a new subscriber. Those desiring membership should make their checks payable to the Executive for Athletics and forward them to the office of the Executive of Athletics, West Point, N.Y.

CHRISTIE MOUNT DEMONSTRATED AT WASHINGTON.

An interesting demonstration of a new Christie combination caterpillar and wheel mount with a 75-mm. gun was given before officers of the Field Artillery, Coast Artillery and Infantry in Washington on April 11. Mr. Christie, the inventor of the tractor, had the machine brought from New York under its own power and it covered the distance of 251 miles in seventeen hours, or on an average of more than fourteen miles an hour. It was on its way to Aberdeen Proving Ground to be given a thorough test by the Ordnance Department. Guns as large as 155-mm. have been mounted on these combination tractors, and Artillery officers are very enthusiastic over the possibilities of the design because where good roads are available the machine travels on rubber tires, and when necessary a self-laying track is employed and almost any terrain can be traversed that is possible for any type of vehicle.

TWO TYPES OF SADDLES FOR THE ARMY.

Changes in the tables of basic allowances have been approved by the War Department which restrict the officers of the Army to two types of saddle. The War Department will issue mounts and horse equipment to all officers whose duty requires they be mounted while on such duty, but they will be required to turn in this riding equipment to the nearest supply officer at the expiration of this duty. Mounted officers when on duty which does not require them to be mounted will have no riding equipment issued to them. The saddle for officers is limited to the model 1917 and the French officers' field type. The old McClellan and Whitman saddles will not be used on duty after June 30, 1921.

GENERAL BORDEN'S AID TO ARMY-NAVY CLUB.

In connection with the reorganization of the Army and Navy Club, a correspondent writes, several efforts have been made this year to raise a fund of \$100,000 to provide for a building as a memorial to officers who lost their lives in the World War. After various attempts, the committee solicited the efforts of Brig. Gen. Howard S. Borden, N.G.N.J., to act as chairman of a committee. He succeeded in completing the fund and raised over \$103,000 inside of two weeks, and interested over one hundred prominent Army and Navy officers and business men, who made up this subscription.

ST. MIHIEL UNIT, AMERICAN WOMAN'S LEGION.

The women of the St. Mihiel Unit of the American Woman's Legion earnestly request that all who are interested in the raising of money for the aid of the wounded and needy veterans of the World War will be on hand at the Knickerbocker Theater in Washington on the afternoon of April 20. The feature picture will be "River's End," by James Oliver Curwood, and the delightful comedy will be one of the "Toonerville" series. Two performances, one at 2 p.m. and one at 4 p.m., make it possible for everyone to be present and help in this very worthy cause.

INSIGNIA FOR ARMY BALLOON PILOTS.

"Pilot," who called attention to the fact that the enlisted spherical balloon pilots of the Army were without an appropriate insignia, in our issue of April 9, page 872, should be informed, it is stated at the War Department, that the new uniform regulations provide the same insignia for qualified balloon pilots that was formerly provided for the use of the balloon mechanician. The insignia consists of a white spherical balloon on a blue background. This insignia undoubtedly will be provided on application through commanding officers.

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cordingly. The schools at Camp Dix under command of Major Gen. C. P. Summerall, who encourages and supports the work enthusiastically, were the largest producers, having done an equivalent of \$43,653.76 worth of work. Camp Travis follows, reporting \$36,071.02 for the school year, and Camp Meade is third, reporting \$32,600.17, which includes work done by units of the 7th Division while still at Camp Funston, Kas. Other camp schools report as follows: Grant, \$27,844.51; Jackson, \$26,575.90; Pike, \$24,118.74, and Lewis \$15,400.

REGULATIONS FOR ENLISTED RESERVE CORPS.

Regulations for the Enlisted Reserve Corps have been approved by the Secretary of War and will shortly be published to the Service. All corps area commanders have been informed that until the organization of units in the Organized Reserve is authorized by the War Department it is not deemed desirable to make enlistments in the Enlisted Reserve Corps. Commanding generals may, however, authorize the enlistment in the corps of soldiers honorably discharged from the Regular Army who desire to enlist under existing orders and regulations, such enlisted Reservists to be carried and accounted for as "unassigned" in each corps area pending assignment to a unit of the Organized Reserves.

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OPTIMISM IN THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

Branches Look Forward to Complete Autonomy.

From the time the Army Reorganization act of June 4, 1920, was approved and during the period since that time, which has been marked by considerable progress in the reorganization, there has been discernible in the various branches of the War Department a steadily growing feeling of optimism. The outstanding influence in this better feeling appears to be the almost complete return to the autonomy formerly enjoyed by these branches of the War Department. Without question this feeling has likewise been communicated to the Army in the field since decentralization is approaching completion. The causes of much of the criticism directed against the War Department General Staff, which found rather free vent in Congress during the last two years, have evidently been almost wholly removed. Very little is heard in complaint of the alleged assumption of administrative control by the War Department General Staff, which is apparently now concerned exclusively with the formulation of policy, and with planning and supervision. Much of the optimism, it is true, is due to anticipations of broad-gauge administration under the new Secretary and Assistant Secretary of War; but there is good ground for this expectation in the knowledge that the administration is by no means "small Army." The Secretary of War, it is recognized, is well fitted to administer that office, for Secretary Weeks is firmly grounded in matters military because of his training in the U.S. Naval Academy, his years of service in Congress and on the Committee on Military Affairs, and his work and influence in the U.S. Senate. He is also an old and intimate friend of the President. His statement that no change he might make will be due to individual or political considerations and that appointments will be on the basis of efficiency has the effect of stilling talk about a "clean sweep" in the War Department.

In the supply branches, which have felt the influence of interference more or less obstructive since the war began, there is no mistaking the feeling of gratification that independence of action is approaching an actuality, since officers charged with procurement are reporting "direct to the Assistant Secretary of War regarding all matters of procurement," as provided in Sec. 5a of the Army Reorganization act. It is declared that up to the first of this year it was almost impossible to report direct to or even to get a letter directly before the Assistant Secretary because of obstructions interposed in the War Department. The result of bettered conditions is that the general dissatisfaction in the divisions of the supply branches has almost ceased. Inquiry disclosed few complaints which would tend to show that the War Department General Staff had not completely relinquished administrative functions assumed during the period of hostilities, although there were incidents which occurred during the last year wherein action, while not strictly administrative, had the effect of being administrative to the extent that staff disapproval was based upon considerations outside the law and was therefore obstructive. Some of these incidents are interesting because what was regarded as an obstructive policy was a cause of antagonism in Congress. It is told that a certain Representative of a western state whose voice in military matters has grown to importance, and who is now in a position to exert great influence on Army legislation, can be counted as only a half-hearted friend of the Army because of successful obstruction of a project in which he was personally interested. This project was the improvement of an important Army post, for which appropriation was available. The plans were disapproved on the ground that it had been represented in hearings before committees of Congress that the full program was to be carried out, but that the plans submitted to the War Department General Staff called for completion of only one-half of the specified project. The branch concerned had reduced the program for the purpose of keeping well within the allotment of funds, and disapproval therefore resulted in practically abandoning the project, to the inconvenience of the post concerned and the disaffection of the Representative personally interested in carrying out his promise that the facilities of the post would be enlarged.

In the demobilization affecting property acquired during the emergency, which embraced one of the biggest problems the War Department had to solve, it was quite natural that in the unraveling of tangles friction would be generated. This matter was frequently aired in speeches and at hearings in Congress, and antagonism appeared to be largely due to fact that the owners of such property had not been consulted. Policy seemed to lean rather away from recognition of their rights, with a result that the officers charged with the duty of coming to terms with owners who felt aggrieved had a hard time generally in carrying out the functions required of

them. Happily this matter is approaching a point where definite settlements will soon be made. Embarrassment due to duplication of control, it is hoped, will now be abated as the surplusage of war approaches a minimum and as the ire of legislators and citizens abates. On the whole the situation has steadily improved, with the result that co-ordination of branches in the War Department concerned in duties relating to procurement and supply are approaching a degree of satisfaction possible only when autonomy in administration is recognized and accorded to the full.

NOTES OF THE NAVY.

Opportunity to Enter Permanent Navy Grades.

The Bureau of Navigation is anxious for all officers holding temporary commissioned and warrant grades in the Navy and all members of the Naval Reserve Force of commissioned and warrant grades to take the examination on May 16 and qualify for transfer to an appointment in the permanent grades or ranks. Because only fifty-two per cent. of the 1,200 temporary warrant officers have made application, it would seem that many of these men who are eligible to take the examination are laboring under a misapprehension as to their status should they fail to qualify. It is emphatically stated that the boards conducting the examinations are empowered to recommend those applicants who fail to qualify for permanent grade or rank to appointment as chief warrant and warrant officers in the branch for which such appointee is best qualified by experience. These appointments will be limited only by the number required by the Service. Chief warrant and warrant officers (T) have no valid reason for hesitation in taking the examination on May 16, and the Bureau of Navigation urges them to make application to enter the examination without further delay.

Openings for Civil Engineers in Navy.

An attractive field for able and ambitious young civil engineers is open in the Corps of Civil Engineers of the U.S. Navy in the vacancies existing in the commissioned grade of assistant civil engineer, with rank of lieutenant (j.g.). The pay and allowances at entrance are approximately \$3,200 a year, with increase up to \$9,600, depending upon promotions in rank and length of service. Applications are being received in the Bureau of Yards and Docks, Navy Department. Candidates must be citizens, between twenty-two and thirty years old on Aug. 1, 1921; must have received a degree in engineering; must have had not less than twenty months' practical professional experience since graduation, and be of good moral character and repute. The preliminary examination to determine general fitness will be based on papers submitted by the candidates which reach the board prior to May 16, covering college record, testimonials, references and professional experience. The candidate is not required to report in person for this preliminary examination. Those candidates who qualify in the preliminary test will then take a physical examination by a board of medical examiners. The final oral and written examination will probably be held in New York, Chicago and San Francisco, depending on the number of applications from each locality, and will be held as soon as possible after preliminary examination papers have been passed upon by the board. Officers of the Corps of Civil Engineers are detailed principally to the various navy yards and naval stations to supervise the work under the Bureau of Yards and Docks, consisting of design and construction of all the Navy's public works on shore as well as the maintenance and repair of existing structures.

Candidates for Navy Staff Corps.

Those candidates for permanent appointment in the staff corps of the Navy who took their examinations some months ago and who are still awaiting announcement of those who qualified, will have to wait until next month for such announcement. The boards that are passing upon the papers in the Bureaus of Supplies and Accounts, of Construction and Repair, and of Medicine and Surgery, have not completed their deliberations. Until the boards submit their reports and the Secretary of the Navy passes upon them no information relative to individual candidates is available. In the Supply Corps there were more than 600 applicants, and it is hoped that a majority will qualify as the Supply Corps could well use 600 additional officers at this time. This list may be available by May 15.

Navy Lieutenants Seek Retirement.

Applications in increasing number from permanent and temporary lieutenants of the line of the Navy for retirement after thirty years' service are being filed in the Bureau of Navigation. All these lieutenants were former chief warrant officers who were commissioned under the provisions of the act of May 13, 1908. It may be said that applications for retirement under the provisions of this law were anticipated at the time of its enactment.

Annapolis 1922 Class to be Graduated in Dec., 1921.

That the U.S. Naval Academy class of 1922 will be graduated next December instead of in June, 1922, was announced by Secretary of the Navy Denby on April 11. The Second Class, as it is at present, is made up of 564 midshipmen. They will forego the practice cruise this summer, having a short leave and then returning to the Academy for an intensive course of study. This action was taken by Secretary Denby owing

to the need of additional commissioned officers in the Navy.

Assistant Secretary Roosevelt to Visit Fleet.

Assistant Secretary of the Navy Roosevelt, accompanied by his aid, Lieut. Comdr. Lee P. Warren, will leave Washington on April 18 for Guantanamo Bay to review the U.S. Atlantic Fleet. He will make the return trip on the flagship of Admiral Henry B. Wilson, the Pennsylvania. Mr. Roosevelt will go to Miami, Fla., by train and make the trip thence to Havana, Cuba, by seaplane, going to the fleet base by destroyer. The fleet will leave Guantanamo Bay on April 26 and make the trip north at full speed, to the Virginia Capes, where its units will scatter to home yards for overhaul.

Navy Masters-at-Arms Dissatisfied.

Communications from various naval stations have been received by members of the House Committee on Naval Affairs which petition for the retention of the rating of master-at-arms by those men who hold it on the ground that they are qualified for the duties of the rating because of long continued active service. This movement is the first indication of dissatisfaction over the action of the Bureau of Navigation establishing new ratings in accordance with the provisions of the Naval Appropriation act of June 4, 1920, promulgated in a circular letter dated March 24. The new ratings are effective July 1 and the circular provides that "those holding ratings as chief master-at-arms and lower ratings will have ratings changed to corresponding ratings for which qualified." The men opposing this provision are requesting that influence be brought to bear upon the Bureau of Navigation with the purpose of amending its ruling to read: "Those holding ratings as master-at-arms, first, second and third class, will have ratings changed to corresponding ratings for which qualified. Those holding the rating of chief master-at-arms will retain their rating, but no man will hereafter be rated chief master-at-arms." The purpose is, of course, to insure to chief petty officers now in the rating of chief master-at-arms their holding such rating during the remainder of their service, either in the Fleet Naval Reserve or as retired enlisted men of the Navy. It is declared that a hardship is worked on the men now holding the rating as chief master-at-arms in requiring them to qualify at this time for a new rating, because all of them have had upwards of sixteen years' continuous service, and they would be at a disadvantage in competing with chief petty officers of experience in the rating for which chief masters-at-arms would be compelled to strive. They declare that many younger men advanced to chief petty officer ratings during the World War and point out that chief masters-at-arms in their new ratings would be compelled to compete at sea with these younger men. Therefore, they ask that they be allowed to retain their present rating in which they have qualified and in which they have specialized during many years of active and continuous service in the Navy. In the Bureau of Navigation it was learned that there are in the Navy now only eighty-two chief masters-at-arms and seven masters-at-arms, first class, and that none of these men need have a fear that they will not be taken care of. All should accept the situation, it was stated, for there is no question that they are qualified for chief boatswain's mate rating and will be detailed as masters-at-arms and retained on their old jobs. It was authoritatively stated that these men have really nothing to worry about; they will receive their old pay and allowances, and will not be endangered by any competition which can be foreseen, for it is assured that their duties as chief petty officers will continue to be those they now perform in connection with maintaining discipline aboard ship.

WAR DEPARTMENT PRINTING SHORTAGE.

The exhaustion of funds allotted for printed matter required by the War Department has resulted in the cutting down of orders for printing to an extent that is seriously discommuning the Service. The result is that distribution of the Army Regulations as issued in the new pamphlet form designed to minimize expense for printing will probably be limited to an absolute minimum for each pamphlet. The additional special regulations for the training camps, for the Organized Reserve and the Enlisted Reserve, made mandatory because of provisions of the Army Reorganization act of June 4, 1920, will have an extremely limited circulation until funds are available to have them printed in the large editions necessary for general distribution. The regulations for the training camps and Organized Reserves, which have been approved, have thus far been available only in small number in mimeographed form. The printed copies of special orders, general orders and War Department bulletins have also been greatly reduced in numbers. There was serious consideration of giving up printing the daily issue of special orders, and their bulk has been kept down because of the fact that paragraphs relating to promotions have not been included, but lists of promotions as made have been available in mimeographed form for newspapers, which generally have not space for their publication in full. At no time, in the memory of the older officers on duty in Washington, has there been so little printed matter emanating from the War Department, and this is in some measure attributed to the influence of the inquiries and rulings of the Congressional joint committee on printing, of which Senator Smoot is chairman. Persons familiar with printing costs, however, declare that the authorities in the War Department

controlling printed matter have labored under erroneous ideas as to how to bring about economy. It is pointed out that the cost of typesetting and make-up, whether for a leaflet or a publication of the size of the Army List and Directory, is the largest item of initial cost, and is not affected by the size of the edition issued. The initial cost of presswork does not increase proportionately with an increase in the number printed. For example, if an order is for 1,000 copies of the Army List and Directory the composition and make-up cost is exactly the same as though the initial order was for 10,000. It is stated that if the publication costs say \$2,000 for 1,000 copies, the cost of 10,000 copies will not be ten times the price, but practically less than twice the price of 1,000 copies, making each copy of the larger edition therefore cost forty cents as compared with the cost of \$2 a copy for the smaller edition. In other words, it is declared that the War Department is paying more for printing, per copy, at least, because of the policy of cutting down editions than it would pay for the larger editions per copy. This erroneous view of printing costs will probably result in continuous lack of funds for necessary printed matter because it will be carried before the Appropriation Committee in such a way as to continue the practice in the probably sincere belief that real economy is being applied. Congress should realize that undue limiting of necessary appropriations not only hampers the work of the War Department but is a false measure of economy.

WARRANT GRADE IN U.S. ARMY.

The dissatisfaction with the provisions of Sec. 4a, Army Reorganization act of June 4, 1920, establishing the grade of warrant officer in the U.S. Army, which has prevailed since the law was enacted and to which reference was made in our issue of April 9, page 872, has been noted in the War Department. It was the intention, at the last session of the 66th Congress, to have this section amended so that it would prove workable, but in the press of legislation the proposed amendment was overlooked. It is now stated that this provision will be changed so as to meet the many objections which have been made to it and that in this one particular it is hoped to amend the Army Reorganization act. The members of both the House and Senate Committees on Military Affairs are known to be strongly opposed to amending the Reorganization act until it is proved wherein it fails to work, and these legislators insist that a fair trial be given to the provisions of the law. The warrant officers who have received appointment under the act, it is now stated, may rest assured that an amendment which will practically meet all objections to this section will be offered in the hope of its being passed at the current extraordinary session of the 67th Congress. It is admitted in the War Department that the grade of warrant officer in the Army has failed to bring about what was intended, i.e., the creation within the Army of a position between the commissioned and enlisted personnel but not decidedly either of these. The grade has also failed to work out as a reward for those non-commissioned staff officers and field clerks who served as emergency officers during the World War and who failed of appointment in the commissioned ranks and in consequence reverted to their former status. When the warrant officers grade was proposed for the Army it was hoped that the grade would be made one carrying status, duties and pay comparable with the same grade in the Navy. The warrant officers of the Navy have a separate mess, are allowed music, have quarters of officers and can entertain visitors. They are entitled to the salute, and are in no sense treated as enlisted men. They may also reach the grade of chief warrant officer with its increased emoluments. It has been suggested to the War Department that the warrant grade of the Navy be made the basis both as to pay and status in arriving at a satisfactory adjustment of the grade in the Army in order to give the grade a stable status and attract the best material available to it. This plan, it has been emphasized, would furnish an intermediate grade with attractive pay and status between non-commissioned and commissioned officers for experts along technical and administrative lines, and it is urged that it would prove of inestimable value as a dependable corps to handle details of Army mechanics and administration.

INDEX TO ARMY PROMOTION LIST.

An index to the Army promotion list has been prepared in the office of The Adjutant General for the convenience of the officers and clerks on duty in the Officer Personnel Division of Major Gen. P. C. Harris's office. The index is in alphabetical order, but as there have been many revisions of the actual promotion list since it was set up in type for printing in pamphlet form, which the War Department will distribute to all concerned in the next few weeks, the index will require correction and revision also. The index should not be confused with the actual promotion list which latter will follow the chronological order and show each officer exactly where he stands on the promotion, or single list, in relation to all other officers, and which will give his standing in the numerical order. Many of the corrections of the single list since it was put in type are understood to have been caused by officers establishing their claim to more commission service than they had been credited with. The corrections in proof have so far delayed the War Department issue of the promotion list more than a month.

APPOINTMENT OF GENERAL OFFICERS.

Several Changes in Major and Brigadier Generals.
Appointments to the ranks of major general and brigadier general, and of assistants to the heads of various staff corps, were announced by Secretary of War Weeks at the War Department on April 13. The list confirmed his previous statement that Brig. Gen. Clarence R. Edwards would head the appointees as major general, and in explanation of the deletion of Brig. Gen. Omar Bundy's name the Secretary stated that it was not to be considered derogatory to the General, but that it was considered that other officers were more deserving of immediate appointment. He regretted there were no more vacancies in this grade for which he might recommend the many splendid officers now in the grade of brigadier general. The Secretary stated that General Edwards fills the vacancy caused by the omission of General Bundy's name and that the appointment of Brig. Gen. George Bell, Jr., filled the vacancy caused by the retirement of Major Gen. Hunter Liggett. General Edwards was born Jan. 1, 1859, and General Bundy on Jan. 17, 1861. Both were commissioned second lieutenants in the Army on the same day, Jan. 13, 1883.

The recommendations for appointment were made in a letter addressed to the President by the Secretary of War under date of April 6. The Secretary of War announced on April 13 that the President had approved the list of general officers, as recommended in the letter. The Secretary stated that he had personally examined the complete record of every officer eligible for the appointments. He further stated: "There is no reflection on the professional qualifications and none is so intended, in the case of officers nominated last year because they are not included in the present list that the President has sent to the Senate."

To be Major Generals.

The officers nominated for appointment as major general, in the order of rank, follow:

1. Brig. Gen. Clarence R. Edwards
2. Brig. Gen. James W. McAndrew
3. Brig. Gen. John L. Hines
4. Brig. Gen. Henry T. Allen
5. Brig. Gen. David C. Shanks
6. Brig. Gen. Adelbert Cronkhite
7. Brig. Gen. William M. Wright
8. Brig. Gen. George W. Read
9. Brig. Gen. Charles H. Muir
10. Brig. Gen. Charles T. Menoher
11. Brig. Gen. William G. Haan
12. Brig. Gen. George Bell, Jr.

Except for the changes noted above this list is identical with the list which failed of confirmation in the 66th Congress, except that General Wright's name has been placed above that of General Read. The Secretary's recommendation that Brig. Gens. Charles J. Bailey and Samuel D. Sturgis be appointed to fill the two vacancies which will occur this year, due to the retirement of Major Gen. Joseph T. Dickman on Oct. 6, and Major Gen. John F. Morrison on Dec. 25, when they will have reached the statutory age limit, was also approved by the President, Secretary Weeks said.

Appointed to be Brigadier Generals.

There were three deletions from the list of appointments to the rank of brigadier general as it had been submitted to the Senate by former Secretary Baker, the names of Col. Robert C. Davis and Lieut. Cols. Hugh A. Drum and George V. H. Moseley not appearing on the new list; and four additions were made to fill these vacancies and the vacancy created by the advancement of General Edwards. The new list shows many changes in the order of rank as compared with the old list and as the comparison will be of interest to the Service we give both the new and the old lists in ranking order:

*New Appointments.**Colonels:*

1. Grote Hutcheson
2. Jesse McL. Carter
3. Walter H. Gordon
4. George B. Duncan
5. William Weigel
6. Ernest Hinds
7. Ulysses G. McAlexander
8. Mark L. Hersey
9. Eli A. Helmick
10. Robert L. Howze
11. William Lassiter
12. William R. Smith
13. Fred W. Sladen
14. Harry H. Bandholz
15. Hanson E. Ely
16. Dwight E. Aultman
17. Johnson Hagood
18. Dennis E. Nolan
19. W. D. Connor
20. Fox Conner
21. Preston Brown
22. Malin Craig
23. Henry D. Todd, Jr.
24. A. J. Bowley
25. William H. Johnston
26. Robert Alexander

The rearrangement of this list, in the opinion of officers who commented upon it, shows that the Secretary has apparently adopted a policy that seniority should rule in appointments to the rank of general officer, and that in deleting two former appointees who had been designated for appointment prior to reaching the required service specified in the Army Reorganization act, Secretary Weeks had in effect expressed a view that the younger officers still had considerable time in which to gain appointment to the rank of brigadier general. The new list, it can be said, was generally satisfying to the ranking colonels on duty in Washington. It was pointed out that the appointment of Col. Preston Brown placed him in the grade with Brigadier General Bundy, whose chief of staff he was when the latter commanded the 2d Division in the American Expeditionary Forces.

Assistants to Heads of Staff Corps.

Secretary Weeks's recommendations for appointment as assistants to the heads of the various staff corps, with the rank of brigadier general, follow:

To be assistant to The Adjutant General: Col. James T. Kerr.

To be assistants to the Quartermaster General: Col. John M. Carson, Col. George F. Downey.

To be assistant to the Chief of Engineers: Col. Harry Taylor.

To be assistants to the Chief of Ordnance: Col. William S. Peirce, Col. George W. Burr.

To be assistant to the Chief of Air Service: Col. William Mitchell.

There is one change in this list, Colonel Downey displacing Col. Alexander E. Williams, who was appointed assistant to the Quartermaster General on Nov. 27, 1920, to fill the vacancy caused by the detail of Brig. Gen. Herbert M. Lord as Chief of the Finance Department. Colonel Williams during the war served in France in the Quartermaster Corps, had direct charge of constructing the great depot at St. Nazaire, and upon completion of this work of erecting more than 100 warehouses, he was placed in charge of the Motor Transport Corps. Later he was appointed chief quartermaster of the 3d Army Corps, and since June, 1919, has been on duty in the office of Major Gen. Harry L. Rogers as his assistant.

Secretary Weeks on April 13 had nothing to say relative to when he would announce the appointment of a Chief of Staff to succeed Major Gen. Peyton C. March, nor as to when he would recommend the appointment of a Chief of Militia Bureau, in which Brig. Gen. Jesse McL. Carter is acting pending the appointment of a National Guard officer of Reserve commission to the office. Col. George C. Rickards, of Pennsylvania, was nominated for the office on Dec. 30, 1920, but the nomination failed of confirmation.

In the nomination of general officers, it is interesting to note that thirty-six are graduates from the U.S. Military Academy, two entered the Army as privates, and two were appointed from civil life. Twenty of the officers had served in the Infantry, six in the Field Artillery, six in the Coast Artillery, seven in the Cavalry, and one in the Corps of Engineers. These include the names of Generals Bailey and Sturgis, to be appointed later.

Records of Officers Added to List.

The following are brief facts concerning the date of birth, entrance in the Army, etc., of the officers whose names have been added on the new list of nominations:

Gen. Clarence R. Edwards was born in Ohio Jan. 1, 1859, and was graduated from the U.S.M.A., June 13, 1883, and was assigned to the 23d Infantry. He became brigadier general, Regular Army, May 12, 1912, and during the World War served as a major general, N.A. Gen. George Bell, Jr., was born in Maryland Jan. 23, 1859, and was graduated from the U.S.M.A., June 12, 1880, when he was assigned to the 3d Infantry. He became brigadier general, Regular Army, July 17, 1914, and during the World War served as major general, N.A.

Gen. Eli A. Helmick was born in Indiana Sept. 27, 1863, and was graduated from the U.S.M.A., June 11, 1888, when he was assigned to the 11th Infantry. He became colonel of Infantry, Regular Army, May 15, 1917, and during the World War served as a brigadier general, N.A., and as major general, U.S.A.

Gen. Preston Brown was born in Kentucky Jan. 2, 1872, and entered the Army as a private in the 5th Artillery, Sept. 1, 1894. He received his first commission, that of second lieutenant, 2d Infantry, March 2, 1897. He became colonel of Infantry, Regular Army, July 1, 1920, and during the World War served as a brigadier general, U.S.A.

Gen. Robert Alexander was born in Maryland Oct. 17, 1863. He entered the Army as a private, 4th Infantry, April 7, 1886, and received his first appointment to a commission Sept. 17, 1889, as second lieutenant, 7th Infantry. He became colonel of Infantry, Regular Army, Aug. 28, 1917, and during the World War served as a brigadier general, N.A., and as major general, U.S.A.

Records of the officers mentioned to fill coming vacancies:

Gen. Charles J. Bailey was born in Pennsylvania June 21, 1859, and was graduated from the U.S.M.A., June 12, 1880, and assigned to the 1st Artillery. He was appointed brigadier general, Regular Army, Oct. 10, 1913, and during the World War served as a major general, N.A. He stands at present No. 2 on the list of brigadier generals.

Gen. Samuel D. Sturgis was born in Missouri Aug. 1, 1861, and was graduated from the U.S.M.A., June 15, 1884, and assigned to the 1st Artillery. During the World War he served as a major gen., N.A.

A Tribute to General Bundy.

Under the heading "Injustice to a Brave Soldier" the New York Times comments on the nominations to be major general and says, in part: "It cannot fairly be contended that the soldierly record of Clarence R. Edwards in France is better than that of the heroic Omar Bundy, of Chateau-Thierry, who on that famous field exemplified the stoutest fighting spirit and the indomitable will of the American soldier. His is one of the names that will always live in the story of the American Expeditionary Army's achievements in the World War. An injustice has been done in removing him from the promotion list. The reasons given by Secretary Weeks, who as a Senator had been a partisan of General Edwards, are untenable. Seniority should have nothing to do with these rewards for merit."

NATIONAL GUARD ENCAMPMENTS.

We give below an official list of National Guard organizations of New York, New Jersey, Delaware and Porto Rico, located in the 2d Corps Area, which have been assigned to duty at Federal camps during the coming summer, under the supervision of the War Department. The asterisk signifies that the date given has been finally approved. Where no asterisk appears the dates are tentative. The majority of the camps are for fifteen days; some camps are for four days. The 2d Corps Area in which these camps are to be held is in command of Major Gen. Robert L. Bullard with headquarters on Governors Island, N.Y.

New York Fifteen-day Camps.

- *2d Inf., Plattburg Barracks, N.Y., June 12 to 26.
- *5d Inf., Plattburg Barracks, N.Y., July 10 to 24.
- *7th Inf., Peekskill, N.Y., July 10 to 24.
- *23d Inf., Peekskill, N.Y., May 29 to June 12.
- *69th Inf., Peekskill, N.Y., June 12 to 26.
- *71st Inf., Camp Dix, N.J., June 12 to 26.
- 1st Field Art., Montauk Point, L.I., July 10 to 24.
- 2d Field Art., Montauk Point, L.I., July 24 to August 7.
- 65th Field Art., Fort Niagara, or Pine Plains, August.
- 1st Cav., Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., Aug. 1 to 15.
- 22d Engrs., Peekskill, N.Y., Aug. 21 to Sept. 4.
- 8th Coast Defense Command, to be excused.
- 9th Coast Def. Com'd., Ft. H. G. Wright, N.Y., July 23 to Aug. 6.
- 18th Coast Def. Com'd., Fort H. G. Wright, N.Y., July 9 to 23.
- *Signal Corps, Peekskill, N.Y., July 10 to 24.
- *Field Hosp. and Amb. Cos., Peekskill, N.Y., July 10 to 24.
- 1st M.G. Co., M.G. Cos. of 2d, 8d, 7th, 23d, 69th, 71st Inf., Peekskill, N.Y., July 10 to 24.
- 10th Inf., Peekskill, N.Y., July 24 to Aug. 7.
- 14th Inf., Peekskill, N.Y., Aug. 7 to 21.
- 74th Inf., Fort Niagara, N.Y., June 9 to August.

New York Four-day Camps.

All arms, except Artillery and Cavalry, Peekskill, N.Y. (three periods), May 8 to 15, May 15 to 22 and May 22 to 29. Cavalry, Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., June 8 to 11.

Field Art., Montauk Point, L.I., June.
Coast Art., Fort Hancock, N.J., June 12 to 18.

New Jersey Fifteen-day Camps.

3d Inf., Sea Girt, N.J., July 9 to 28.

6th Inf., Sea Girt, N.J., July 23 to Aug. 6.

1st Cav., Sea Girt, N.J., Aug. 6 to 20.

Signal Corps, Sea Girt, N.J., Aug. 6 to 20.

1st Bn. Engrs., Sea Girt, N.J., Aug. 6 to 20.

1st Bn., Field Art., Montauk Point, N.Y., July 24 to Aug. 7.

New Jersey Four-day Camps.

School of Musketry, Sea Girt, N.J., June 2 to 7.

All arms, Sea Girt, N.J., June 7 to 11.

Delaware.

Fifteen-day camp for Anti-aircraft Regiment, State Rifle Range (near Wilmington), June 15 to 30.

Four-day camp, State Rifle Range, June 8 to 11.

Porto Rico.

Not yet decided.

CIVILIAN CLOTHES FOR NAVY RESTORED.

Secretary of the Navy Denby has approved an order which rescinds the order issued by former Secretary Daniels, Jan. 5, 1921, and restores the privilege to officers and enlisted men of the Navy and Marine Corps of wearing civilian clothing when not on duty within the confines of the Navy Department or shore stations. The officers on duty in the Navy Department at Washington were greatly pleased because of the prompt recognition of a general desire which has been freely expressed since the end of hostilities, and they are grateful to Secretary Denby for allowing them the comfort of a change from military dress when not actually on duty in the Navy Department. Their brother officers of the Army, who have been denied this privilege, will be pleased to learn that Secretary of War Weeks has the matter of a change under consideration, and since Secretary Denby has taken the initiative, there is every reason to expect that Secretary Weeks will come to the conclusion that Army officers have an equal right with Navy officers to the wearing of civilian clothing. In this connection it can be said that there is not the slightest indication to warrant any officer hoping that the privilege of wearing the old blue uniform will be granted now or in the distant future. Since the privilege of wearing civilian garb does not entail the distinction which the wearing of the blue uniform would set up, and against which distinction former Secretary Baker expressed himself frequently and with firmness, there is only one consideration which might have weight with Secretary Weeks, and that is the cost of a civilian outfit to those who are now supplied with the uniform. The order approved by Secretary Denby follows:

G.O. 41, Navy Dept., Washington, D.C., April 8, 1921.

UNIFORM FOR NAVY AND MARINE CORPS.

1. General Order No. 13 of Jan. 5, 1921, is hereby cancelled.
2. Civilian clothing may be worn by officers and enlisted men in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 1 of the Uniform Regulations, U.S. Navy, 1913, except that officers on duty at the Navy Department and at shore stations of all kinds shall wear the prescribed uniform while within the limits of their posts of duty.

EDWIN DENBY, Secretary of the Navy.

Having let down the bars to this extent, it is anticipated that Secretary Denby will approve an order in the near future restoring the dress uniform, with chapeau and epaulettes, for wear on dress occasions by officers in the rank of lieutenant commander and above. It is also forecast that an extension of the time limit on the wearing of the old-style blouse with standing collar will shortly be announced, the limit to be set forward from July 1, 1921, to Dec. 31, 1921. The old-style blouse is still popular with high ranking officers on duty in the Navy Department.

Army View Sought as to Civilian Clothes.

The Secretary of War has caused a letter to be sent to commanding officers of corps areas and departments requesting them to inquire into the sentiments of Army officers relative to allowing the wearing of civilian clothes when off duty, the Secretary stating that it would be unjust to issue an order without knowledge of the desires of the majority of the officers, because of the high cost of clothing. In this connection it can be stated that a report in the Washington Post of April 10 which declared that the officers on duty at the General Staff College stood two to one in favor of wearing the uniform at all times was wholly erroneous. The vote stood seventy-nine to three in favor of wearing civilian clothes when off duty and in favor of other uniform modifications. As to considerations from the side of economy, which had weight with the former Secretary and apparently has weight with Secretary Weeks, officers in Washington declare that there is no real ground for considering changes from that point of view. They state that as officers must be provided with suitable uniform and equipment, those who do not care to wear civilian clothing when off duty are not debarred from appearing in presentable wearing apparel. The economy argument is weak, it is asserted, because officers are required to wear good uniforms in all kinds of weather while worn but serviceable civilian clothing is stored in trunks and closets. The older officers say it is inconsistent to emphasize economy in view of the fact that they have been compelled to sustain a total loss of an average of \$400 each because of the abolition of the blue full dress, dress, special evening dress and cape.

PORT OF EMBARKATION TO GO TO BROOKLYN

The War Department has decided to transfer the Port of Embarkation from Hoboken, N.J., to the Army Supply Base at the Bush Terminal, South Brooklyn, N.Y. The following changes have been ordered as a result of this transfer:

The Army Transport Service will be moved to the Army Supply Base, South Brooklyn, at the earliest possible date and not later than Oct. 1, 1921. The branch of the Transportation Service, Quartermaster General's Office, now at Hoboken, will be returned to Washington soon after July 1, when funds are available. Shop facilities for the repair of shipping will be constructed at the Brooklyn base, to be in readiness for work not later than Oct. 1.

Office space necessary for the transfer of activities from Hoboken to Brooklyn will be fitted up on the mezzanine and second floors of Pier 2, and will be ready at the time needed. The Sales Commissary and similar activities will be discontinued at Hoboken, due to the transfer of the Army Transport Service and Transportation Service of the Office of the Quartermaster General.

Until their work is completed the following services will remain at Hoboken: The Graves Registration Service and other personnel connected therewith until the great bulk of bodies have been returned from overseas;

the Inventory and Appraisal Board. A report will be submitted Oct. 1, 1921, showing the progress of the work being done by the two services mentioned above, and if it appears probable that their work will not be completed before Jan. 1, 1922, it may be decided to transfer them to the Brooklyn base.

TEST OF THOMPSON SUBMACHINE GUN.

Highly satisfactory results were obtained in a test of the Thompson submachine gun, invented by Col. John T. Thompson, U.S.A., retired, at Camp Benning on April 8. The test was in charge of the department of experiment and was witnessed by Brig. Gen. Walter H. Gordon, commandant of the Infantry School, by members of the Infantry Board and members of the rifle and pistol sections. The members of the Infantry Board present were Cols. Paul B. Malone, Alexander J. Macnab and M. C. Kerth, Majors Troy H. Middleton and Glenn P. Wilhelm. Other officers who watched the tests were Lieut. Cols. Willis P. Coleman and M. C. Corey, Majors John J. Fulmer, Francis R. Fulmer and Henry B. Cheadle. The test was for defense fire and for attack fire. In defense fire the ranges were from 500 to 100 yards, four groups participating, made up as follows: First group, eight riflemen; second, submachine gun shot by expert riflemen; third, submachine gun shot by civilian; fourth, normal squad of seven riflemen and one Browning automatic rifleman. The firing lasted one minute on each range, the result recorded being as follows:

Group 1—400 rounds, 314 hits; Group 2—449 rounds, 345 hits; Group 3—621 rounds, 293 hits; Group 4—574 rounds, 394 hits.

For the offensive fire, which lasted twenty-four minutes, beginning at 500 and diminishing to 100 yards, two squads participated, the first of seven riflemen and a Browning automatic rifleman, the second of seven riflemen and a Thompson submachine gunner. The first squad fired 760 rounds with rifles and 800 with the Browning automatic, scoring a total of 725 hits, whose value on the target was reckoned as 2,340. The second squad fired 840 rounds with rifle and 1,200 with the Thompson gun, scoring 735 hits with total value of 2,406 on the target. It is reported that members of the Infantry Board considered the results of the test of the Thompson gun very successful, particularly as the sergeant who handled it had not seen the gun until three days prior to the test. Officers of the department of experiment were of the opinion that the Thompson gun was as nearly mechanical perfection as it was possible to make an arm of its type. The accuracy of the .45 ammunition over all ranges was also favorably commented upon.

Tests were also made of the Thompson gun at Quantico, Va., April 4 and 6, for the Air Service of the Marine Corps. In the test as to feasibility of firing from an airplane without mount 1,200 rounds were first fired at 100 yards from the ground. Then 200 rounds were fired from the air by Sergeant McCullough at a sea target from a height of 700 feet, scoring three hits on the target and bursting around it, firing without sights. The gunner stated the gun did not vibrate as much as other machine guns he had tested. April 6 the gun, with bayonet attached and sling carry, was tested on the Quantico range. Gunner Olaf Jensen made a perfect score with twenty shots at a range of seventy-five yards. In all 1,500 rounds were fired and the gun functioned perfectly. The members of the board stated that the gun had possibilities as protection for artillery, as an auxiliary gun in machine gun nests to be used in lookout duty for trench and night raiding parties, for the protection of supply trains, and that it might be adapted for bushwhacking warfare in the tropics. Brig. Gen. Smedley D. Butler, U.S.M.C., commandant at Quantico, forwarded a report on the performance of the gun to Marine Corps headquarters.

TESTS OF RIFLE AND AMMUNITION.

The board appointed by the War Department on the selection of rifle and the testing of ammunition for the National Matches for 1921, which met in Washington, decided to accept the invitation from the Major General Commandant, U.S. Marine Corps, to use the Marine Corps range at Quantico, Va., for the tests to be made. Col. John H. Rice, Ord. Dept., U.S.A., the chairman of the board, stated that it would be possible for the Ordnance Department to have its ammunition and rifles ready for tests on May 1. From the report of the board which was recently made public it is learned that special guns have already been ordered made at the Springfield Armory. Specifications furnished for a certain number of them will be submitted and tested in this trial to see if they are satisfactory. Rock Island Arsenal guns will not be included this year. Mr. K. K. V. Casey, the well-known rifle expert, during the sessions of the board brought up the question of unstraightened barrels, and Major G. P. Wilhelm, of the board, suggested that Mr. Casey supply Camp Benning with a program of tests such as he thought would demonstrate his theory as to straightened and unstraightened barrels, and the entire board recommended that Mr. Casey's opinion be followed by the Springfield Armory. A suggestion to request the Chief of Ordnance to write to the Chief of Staff recommending that the use of grease be forbidden at the National Matches was not adopted, because of the impossibility of enforcing any such prohibition. The discussion brought up the fact that grease carelessly used greatly increased chamber pressure, added to the thrust on the head of the bolt and was likely to carry grit into the barrel.

Major Townsend Whelen, U.S.A., commandant of Frankford Arsenal, in telling the board what had been done at the Frankford Arsenal in the development of ammunition for the National Matches, spoke of experiments on a bullet with a gilding metal jacket tinned to $\frac{1}{2}$ of $\frac{1}{1000}$ of an inch, by a process developed at Frankford. "That bullet," said the Major, "was jacketed to measure .307 inch and was tinned to .308 inch. After extensive firing the result about three weeks ago developed that the tin-plated bullet with gilding metal jacket showed better average accuracy than any of the others. It also has other advantages—you get no bothersome cupro-nickel fouling in your barrel. We also found that unless we used powder which had metallic tin incorporated in it, we could not put out a cupro-nickel jacketed bullet that would not cause a great deal of trouble with fouling." It was decided by the board that Frankford Arsenal should submit small representative production lots of approximately 10,000 rounds, made of three types: cupro-nickel, gilding metal, and gilding metal plated with tin, and that the bullet will be 170

grain. About 2,200,000 rounds of the best type of ammunition will be made by Frankford Arsenal after the test. Major Whelen stated that the best results with cupro-nickel will be obtained with $17\frac{1}{2}$ powder. With pyro powder he said they cannot get over about 2,550 velocity and keep within pressures. The board directed Major Whelen to use whatever powder would give the best results with the gilding metal bullet and to use No. $17\frac{1}{2}$ with the cupro-nickel.

It was recommended by the board that Frankford Arsenal be directed to prepare special match ammunition for competition against the commercial loading companies in the machine-rest test for the Palma Match ammunition, no limitation being placed on the powder, bullet weight, or velocity. The recorder was directed to invite the commercial loading companies to participate in the test for the Palma Match ammunition. No special pistol ammunition will be manufactured, and the best lots at present on hand in Frankford Arsenal will be used. The board published the rules for the tests in detail for the National Match and the Palma Match ammunition, in which the firing is to be done from standard machine rest, V rests and by experts firing from the prone position.

The board on the tests of rifles and ammunition comprise the following: Col. John H. Rice, Ord. Dept.; Lieut. Col. D. C. McDougal, Marine Corps; Major Julian S. Hatcher and Major Glenn P. Wilhelm, Ord. Dept.; Capt. Edward C. Crossman, U.S.A.; Mr. William Libby and Mr. K. K. V. Casey.

DETACHED OFFICERS' LIST REVISED.

Total of 2,111 Provided in New Order.

The composition of the Detached Officers' List as published in Sec. II, G.O. No. 54, W.D., 1920, has been revised and effective until further orders the following numbers of officers will be carried on this list:

| Character of Duty. | Number. |
|---|---------|
| Reserve Officers' Training Corps..... | 500 |
| Organized Reserves | 375 |
| National Guard, including Militia Bureau | 400 |
| General Service Schools' facilities | 60 |
| U.S. Military Academy | 183 |
| Recruiting Service | 98 |
| Disciplinary barracks | 40 |
| Aids to general officers | 148 |
| Philippine Constabulary | 4 |
| Postal officers, Hqrs. of Inf. and Cav. Divisions | 14 |
| Hrs. Special Div. Troops of Inf. and Cav. Div. | 42 |
| Alaskan Road Commission | 3 |
| Alaskan Engineering Commission | 1 |
| District of Columbia Commission | 4 |
| Federal Power Commission | 3 |
| Panama Canal | 3 |
| Inland and Coastwise Waterways Service | 5 |
| Assistants in G S. sections at Hqrs. Corps Areas Areas and Departments | 80 |
| Military attachés and asst. attachés not detailed in General Staff | 13 |
| Commanding officers and executive officers of General Reserve and general intermediate depots | 38 |
| Miscellaneous detached duties | 80 |
| Total | 2,111 |

In case officers are not needed in the numbers above listed for any particular class of duty stated, they may be detailed for any of the other classes listed and be carried on the Detached Officers' List, provided the total of 2,111 officers is not exceeded.

General Staff With Troops Allotment.

Until further orders the allotment of officers for General Staff with troops will be as follows:

| | |
|---|-----|
| Headquarters of nine corps areas..... | 45 |
| Headquarters of three departments..... | 15 |
| Headquarters American Forces in Germany | 5 |
| Nine divisions, including Oahu and Philippines..... | 36 |
| Military attachés and assistants | 30 |
| Total | 131 |

NEW MEMBERS OF SERVICE COMMITTEES.

The list of Service committee members prepared by the Committee on Committees of the House for the 67th Congress has been accepted by the majority and the following assignments have been made:

Military Affairs.—Julius Kahn, Calif., chairman; John C. McKenzie, Ill.; Frank L. Greene, Vt.; John M. Morin, Pa.; Harry E. Hull, Iowa; W. Frank James, Mich.; Charles C. Kearns, Ohio; John F. Miller, Wash.; Richard Wayne Parker, N.J.; Frank Crowther, N.Y.; Harry C. Ransley, Pa.; John Philip Hill, Md.; Harry M. Wurzbach, Texas; Louis A. Frothingham, Mass.; J. Kunio Kalanianole, Hawaii. The new members of the committee are Representatives Parker, Crowther, Ransley, Hill and Wurzbach. Mr. Parker began his service in the 54th Congress, and has been a member of Congress almost continuously. Mr. Crowther has had wide experience in legislative matters and in public service. Mr. Ransley comes from a district which was represented by more soldiers who took part in the World War than any other district in the United States. Mr. Hill, who holds a commission as lieutenant colonel in the Officers' Reserve Corps, served throughout the World War, attained the rank of lieutenant colonel, and was awarded the French Croix de Guerre with silver star at Verdun. Prior to the war he served in the National Guard of Massachusetts, on the Mexican border, and is also the author of a book on preparedness entitled "National Protection—Policy of Armament" as well as other works on government and law. Mr. Wurzbach, who is regarded as having warm sympathy with the Regular Army, was in the Army during the Spanish-American War. Mr. Frothingham has had long experience in the Massachusetts National Guard, attained a high rank in the World War, and is perhaps more familiar with Army operations in the field than any of the new men appointed to this committee.

Naval Affairs.—Thomas S. Butler, Pa., chairman; Fred A. Britten, Ill.; Sydney E. Mudd, Md.; John A. Peters, Me.; Frederick C. Hicks, N.Y.; Clifton N. McArthur, Ore.; George P. Darow, Pa.; Milton Kraus, Ind.; Willfred W. Lufkin, Mass.; Ambrose E. B. Stephens, Ohio; Isaac V. McPherson, Mo.; Clark Burdick, R.I.; Francis F. Patterson, Jr., N.J.; Ardolph L. Kline, N.Y.; Phil D. Swing, Calif. The new members on the committee are Representatives Burdick, Patterson, Kline and Swing. Mr. Burdick is serving his second term, was on the Committee on Expenditures in the Navy Department, and comes from Newport, which has

long been closely allied to naval interests. Mr. Patterson's district has been represented in the Committee on Naval Affairs for more than a quarter of a century, so that the records of his predecessors have become a committee tradition. Mr. Kline is well known as a former acting Mayor of New York city. He has had wide experience in business and legislative matters, held the rank of brigadier general in the Spanish-American War, is the president of the Former Officers' Association of the 14th Regiment, National Guard of New York, and has other Spanish-American War associations. Mr. Swing was in training for a commission in the Army at the time of the armistice. He was counsel for the Red Cross in Imperial county, Calif., chairman of the country Council of National Defense, and chairman of the four-minute men.

Representative Winslow, of Massachusetts, was assigned as chairman of the committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce, vice Representative Esch, who did not return to this Congress. This committee has cognizance of U.S. Coast Guard interests.

PRESIDENT HARDING'S FIRST MESSAGE.

Army and Navy Matters Admirably Treated.

In President Harding's first message, which he read in the House of Representatives on April 12 on the second day of the extraordinary session of the 67th Congress, every section devoted to Army and Navy affairs will bring comfort and relief to the Services. He discussed disarmament, the need for speedy action on the Army and Naval Appropriation bills, aviation, veterans' aid, and radio and cable communications, treating each of these subjects fully, clearly, and with a viewpoint that will tend to have a very favorable effect on all these vital Service matters if Congress will follow his recommendations. Senator Borah and the other advocates of disarmament in Congress and elsewhere throughout the United States will find small comfort in President Harding's references to disarmament. In a few brief sentences that admit of no misunderstanding the President said: "Neither branch of the Government can be unmindful of the call for reduced expenditure for the departments of our national defense. The Government is in accord with the wish to eliminate the burdens of heavy armament. The United States ever will be in harmony with such a movement toward the higher attainments of peace. But we shall not entirely discard our agencies for defense until there is removed the need to defend. We are ready to co-operate with other nations to approximate disarmament, but mere prudence forbids that we disarm alone."

It is well these words have been uttered at this time for under the guise of "economic reasons" the forces that are always opposed to our entire Military Establishment and to the proper maintenance of our national defense have been hard at work during the interval since the 66th Congress came to an end on March 4. This has been made plain by the statement authorized as coming from Senator Penrose and his associates "who are seeking taxation reductions" that "the Army and Navy should be reduced to mere skeleton organizations." It is also made plain by the fact that Senator Borah announced a general anti-Army and Navy campaign including renewed advocacy of his disarmament resolution, opposition to an increase of appropriations for the Navy by the Senate over the amount provided by the House in the 66th Congress, and reduction of the enlisted personnel of the Army to 100,000 men. Another sign of the prevalence of the disarmament spirit in Congress was the introduction in the House on the opening day of the session of a joint resolution by Representative Browne of Wisconsin, authorizing the President to invite all nations to send delegates to a conference to bring about "joint disarmament." After what President Harding said on this point it would not appear that it would make much progress in the present session of Congress if it is not killed for a long time to come.

On the matters of Service legislation and the upholding of the personnel of the Army and Navy the President said: "It is needless to call your attention to the unfinished business inherited from the preceding Congress. The appropriation bills for Army and Navy will have your early consideration. . . . The naval program, which had its beginning in what seemed the highest assurances of peace, can carry no threat after the latest proof of our national unselfishness. The reasonable limitation of personnel may be combined with economies of administration to lift the burdens of excessive outlay. The War Department is reducing the personnel of the Army from the maximum provided by law in June, 1920, to the minimum directed by Congress in a subsequent enactment. When further reduction is compatible with national security it may well have the sanction of Congress, so that system of voluntary military training may offer to our young manhood the advantages of physical development, discipline and commitment to service and constitute the Army Reserve in return for the training."

United Air Service Disapproved.

All the highest hopes of friends of aviation both in and out of the Services will be found realized in the President's treatment of this vital part of our national defense, for he not alone advocates its development along the best military and civil lines, but also stands firmly for maintaining Army aviation and Navy aviation as co-ordinate parts of each Service. He said:

"Aviation is inseparable from either the Army or the Navy, and the Government must, in the interests of national defense, encourage its development for military and civil purposes. The encouragement of the civil development of aeronautics is especially desirable as relieving the Government largely of the expense of development and of maintenance of an industry now almost entirely borne by the Government through appropriations for the military, naval and postal air services. The air mail service is an important initial step in the direction of commercial aviation. It has become a pressing duty of the Federal Government to provide for the regulation of air navigation; otherwise independent and conflicting legislation will be enacted by the various states which will hamper the development of aviation. The National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, in a special report on this subject, has recommended the establishment of a Bureau of Aeronautics in the Department of Commerce for the Federal regulation of air navigation, which recommendation ought to have legislative approval."

"I recommend the enactment of legislation establishing a Bureau of Aeronautics in the Navy Department to centralize the control of naval activities in aeronautics and removing the restrictions on the personnel detailed to aviation in the Navy. The Army Air Service should be continued as a co-ordinate combatant of the Army, and its existing organization utilized in co-operation with

other agencies of the Government in the establishment of national transcontinental airways, and in co-operation with the States in the establishment of airdromes and landing fields."

Discussing World War veterans' relief, President Harding referred to the work of the committee he had appointed of which Charles G. Dawes, formerly brigadier general in the emergency forces, is chairman and its helpful report. He recommended "the immediate extension and utilization of the Government's hospital facilities in the Army and Navy" as a measure of immediate relief. As to radio and cable communications the President spoke of their importance in connection with "strategic, commercial and political needs" and recommended the encouragement of American-owned and operated cable and radio services.

NOTES OF THE AIR SERVICES.

Regulation of Air Navigation Committee.

The sub-committee on Federal regulation of air navigation, etc., appointed by the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics at the request of the President, as noted in our issue of April 2, page 882, submitted its report on April 9 to the President, who showed his approval of it by making its recommendations a part of his first message to Congress, as noted on another page. The members of the sub-committee, of which Dr. Charles D. Walcott is chairman, are Major Gen. Charles T. Menoher, U.S.A., Chief of Air Service, and Major W. G. Kilmer, U.S.A., representing the War Department; Rear Admiral David W. Taylor, U.S.N., Chief of the Bureau of Construction and Repair, and Comdr. Kenneth Whiting, U.S.N., Navy Department; E. C. Zoll and C. I. Stanton, Postoffice Department; Dr. S. W. Stratton and E. T. Chamberlain, Department of Commerce; Sidney Waldon, F. H. Russell and Glenn L. Martin, representatives from civil life; J. F. Victory, secretary.

Tests of Navy Air Unit at Panama Canal.

Reports relative to the visit of a party composed of members of Congress to the U.S. Naval Air Station, Coco Solo, Canal Zone, on March 23-25 have reached the Navy Department. An official inspection flight in a seaplane was made by Representative Hicks, during which he viewed the canal, its fortifications, harbors, docks, inlets and locks and the coast line for a distance of thirty miles in both directions at either end of the canal. The flight occupied more than three hours. Various tests were carried out and radio messages sent and received. A message was sent to the commandant of the 15th Naval District by Mr. Hicks to test radio communication from aircraft to shore. A message of fourteen words and a reply of sixteen words were covered in eight minutes. In all a total of fourteen messages were sent and received, including signals exchanged between airplanes and Colon and Balboa. Orders were delivered by radio for subchasers and Eagle boats to leave their stations and take certain positions given by radio while the seaplanes were flying over the canal. As a result a general perspective of the operations at Coco Solo was received in one flight. Much favorable comment from members of the party was made in reference to the smartness of the Coco Solo station and the spirit of the personnel.

Fleet Air Detachment Returns.

The U.S. Atlantic Fleet airboat detachment, under command of Comdr. A. C. Read, U.S.N., arrived at Hampton Roads on April 13 after a seven-day trip from Guantanamo Bay. The boats which returned are the same nine which left Hampton Roads on Dec. 18, 1920, made the trip to Guantanamo Bay, thence to the Canal Zone by way of Jamaica, took part in the combined Fleet maneuvers in the Pacific, covering a distance of some 10,000 miles. The crews were the same as took part in the 1919 Fleet maneuvers. The boats made the flight across the Caribbean with only a single engine failure—which again proved the reliability of the Liberty engine. They were able to make any weather and frequently navigated in weather which was too rough for their tender, the U.S.S. Sandpiper. The average speed was about ninety miles an hour, all radio apparatus was tested with extraordinary results and in every way this was the most satisfactory cruise in the history of Navy aviation.

U.S.M.C. Virgin Islands Flight Ends.

The Navy Department announced on April 11 that owing to the impossibility of sending a fuel ship into San Juan, Porto Rico, because of quarantine, the two U.S.M.C. airplanes which left Washington on March 29, in command of Major T. C. Turner, chief of Marine Corps aviation, on a round-trip flight of twenty-two days to the Virgin Islands by way of Cuba, Haiti, San Domingo and Porto Rico, had been ordered to terminate the flight at San Domingo city. In view of the existence of bubonic plague at the latter city it was deemed inadvisable to send fuel and supplies for the expedition and also for the airships to go there. A dispatch from Marine Corps headquarters at Port-au-Prince said that on April 9 the machines arrived there safely on the first leg of their return voyage. The dispatch added that there would be a two-days' layover at Port-au-Prince for the purpose of giving the ships and motors a general overhaul. The object of the flight was to map out an air route to the Virgin Islands and demonstrate the feasibility of land type machines making long cruises over both land and water.

Missing Navy Balloon A-5507 Found, Crew Missing.

The Navy free balloon A-5507 which sailed from Pensacola air station on March 22 for a night instruction flight, having on board Chief Quartermaster George K. Wilkerson, U.S.N., in command, Mach. Mate Russell V. Eland, U.S.N., and as students Pts. John O. Elder, Edward L. Kershaw and Willard H. Trefry, U.S.M.C., was found a sea, partly submerged, twenty miles off Cape San Blas, Fla., on April 8 by the fishing boat Electra. The balloon and basket were found intact, but there was no trace of the personnel. The ship was held up by approximately 500 cubic feet of gas. The car was riding three and one-half fathoms below the surface of the sea. The drag rope was missing. The balloon was towed into Panama City, Fla., by the Electra. Upon receipt of the news that it had been found Capt. Harley H. Christy, U.S.N., commanding the naval air station at Pensacola, immediately sent a seaplane to Panama City to obtain whatever further information was possible. Little hope is entertained that the crew of the balloon have been saved, a very thorough search of the entire area in which it was thought trace of the missing ship might be obtained having been made for days, a dirigible, several seaplanes and Earle boats being assigned to the search. In a preliminary report to

the Navy Department, Captain Christy said that upon word being received at the naval station by carrier pigeons on March 24 that the balloon was in distress the aerology officer and L.T.A. officer laid out a theoretical course of the balloon on a chart, based on meteorological data obtained at Pensacola and the search governed by that and other information. No trace of the ship was found until her discovery by the Electra. In his report Captain Christy pointed out that the flight was duly authorized by him, and that the instructions to the pilot made it imperative that at the expiration of each hour an intermediate landing be made and one of the students left, the duration of the flight to be a minimum distance of 200 miles. The pilot, however, was left to use his own discretion as to the advisability of landing or continuing the flight. Chief Quartermaster Wilkerson's home was at Houston, Texas; that of Machinist's Mate Eland at Belleville, Ill.; Private Elder at Lebanon, N.Y.; Private Kershaw at Rayne, La., and that of Private Trefry at Salem, Mass.

Navy Dirigible Experiments.

Experiments to determine the feasibility of the use of rigid airships for commercial purposes in the United States will be inaugurated by the Navy shortly after the arrival of the ZR-2 in this country from England, where this dirigible is nearing completion. Mooring masts, which have proved satisfactory for mooring out large airships, will be erected at Chicago and other western centers to accommodate the ZR-2 at intermediate stops between the Atlantic and Pacific coasts. It is intended that the ZR-2 make a trip shortly after arrival to Chicago, carrying a message from President Harding to the Chicago exposition, which will be held during July and August. Other points between Chicago and San Francisco where mooring masts are to be erected are Omaha and Salt Lake City. It is believed by the Navy Department that the great stretches of territory within the continental limits of the United States lend themselves particularly to the plan for the commercial airship carriers. In order to prove this out numerous flights across the country will be made by the ZR-2 unless such trips interfere with the naval activities of the great dirigible.

Major Arnold Defeats Navy Pigeons in Race.

Major Henry H. Arnold, Air Ser., U.S.A., on duty at the headquarters, 9th Army Corps, accompanied by Governor Benjamin W. Olcott, of Oregon, arrived at the Presidio of San Francisco on April 11 in a flight from Portland, Ore., racing with six Navy carrier pigeons. The actual flying time was five hours thirty-three minutes, and the distance flown 722 miles, which is claimed to be a record. The pigeons were released ten minutes before Major Arnold took off from Portland and had not arrived up to April 12.

Bombing Practice at Langley Field.

Daily bombing practice continues to be the main activity of the 88th and 14th and 50th Aero Squadrons and Field Officers' School at Langley Field. Excellent scores have been made, says the Langley Field Times. Those who have made 100 per cent. hits are the following, the number of observations and hits being given: Lieut. Jacob M. Woodard and Sergeant Bamberger, sixteen hits in sixteen observations; Major J. T. McNaury and Sergeant Johnson, Capt. Gerald E. Brower and Sergeant Johnson, Capt. Harry C. Drayton and Lieutenant Woodard, all two observations and two hits; Lieut. R. M. Webster and Sergeant Deford, Lieut. Raymond E. Davis and Sergeant Deford, all one observation and one hit; Master Sergeant Bryant and Sergeant Hayes, eight observations and eight hits. Brig. Gen. William Mitchell, assistant to Chief of Air Service, and Lieut. E. A. Easterbrook, flying for the 14th Squadron, made a score of 75, with four observations and three hits. It will be seen that Master Sergeant Bryant and Sergeant Hayes maintained a perfect score in eight observations, while Lieutenant Woodard and Sergeant Bamberger attained a record of 100 per cent. in sixteen observations. The Langley Field Times in commenting on this practice says: "Perhaps one of the most interesting and fully representative scores is that of Majors Hanley and Walton, who made a total of thirty-six observations, out of which twenty-nine were hits or a total percentage of 80.5. It looks bad for the battleship with these men aloft." Among other records made were: Major Walton and Sergeant Bamberger, 87.5; Lieuts. W. R. Lawton and C. L. Bissell, 85.8; Lieut. H. K. Ramsey and Sergeant Patterson, 80; Capt. Louis R. Knight and Lieut. L. C. Blackburn, 78.5; Capt. C. H. Reynolds and Lieut. C. L. Bissell, 77.7; Captain Brower and Sergeant Rees, Captain Brower and Sergeant Kelly and Lieuts. W. R. Lawson and A. E. Easterbrook, all 75; Lieuts. John W. Monahan and V. S. Miner and Lieuts. D. G. Stitt and Thomas H. Ward, all 66.6.

U.S. NAVAL RESERVE FORCE NOTES.

Commissioned and Warrant Strength 27,807.

The strength of the commissioned and warrant grades of the U.S. Naval Reserve Force as of April 1 reached the grand total of 27,717. Of this number 894 were on active and 26,823 on inactive status. On the same date there were fifty-six officers on the retired list in grades from captain to warrant officer, with one captain and one lieutenant commander on the list as having been retired after twenty years' service. The statistics relative to line and staff follow:

| Line. | Commissioned officers | Active. | Inactive. |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|-----------|
| Warrant officers | 17 | 1,534 | |
| Staf. | | | |
| Medical Corps | 110 | 1,587 | |
| Dental Corps | 31 | 314 | |
| Supply Corps | 24 | 2,811 | |
| Chaplain Corps | 16 | 63 | |
| Construction Corps | 19 | 178 | |
| Corps of Civil Engineers | 29 | 109 | |

No Immediate Change in Division Head.

It will be gratifying to the members of the Reserve Force to know that there will be no immediate change in the head of the Reserve Force Division, Bureau of Navigation. Capt. Henry J. Ziegemeier, officer in charge and who has done much constructive work for the Reserve Force, has been selected to command the new battleship California, but the date of commissioning of the ship has been set forward to October, and in consequence Captain Ziegemeier will remain on duty in the Navy Department.

Changes among the U.S.N.R.F. personnel announced April 9 include the following:

Resignations—Lieuts. (j.g.) Lawrence H. Austin and Matthew J. Flood, Mach. Ernest O. Jensen, Ens. Norman McGinnity, Edwin C. Bennett, Anson W. Hard and Merle F. Hunt, Bsns. Ernest De Costa, Lieut. (j.g.) John K. Roosevelt, Ens. Karl T.

Gossett and Frank W. Crocker, Lieut. (M.C.) Frank E. Sayers and Pharm. Clyde E. Crane.

Promotions—Lieuts. (j.g.) to lieut. Class 5, active: John W. Iseman, Rossmore D. Lyon, Robert P. McConnell, Joseph H. Parent, Irrah D. Spaulding.

Retirements—Lieut. Stanley Mitchell, Lieuts. (j.g.) Claude Chandler, Lee Harliss and Thomas J. McMahon, Jr., and Ens. William S. Cary, Jr.

Transfers—Comdr. George B. Baker, Class 4 to Class 6; Lieut. Comdr. Ernest G. Adams, Class 4 to 6; Lieut. Ellwood W. Schwerin, Class 3 to 2; Ens. Emil J. Carlson, Class 4 to 2; Ens. Henry G. Baist, Eugene A. Talaferro, Arthur J. Purcell and Emil J. Carlson, Class 4 to 2; Ens. William A. Geary, Class 4 to 3; Pharm. Harry G. Hoggard, Class 1 to 2.

Deaths—Ens. Earl H. Van Gauder, April 1, 1921.

The following promotions were approved by the board on April 9, 1921:

Class 8, Line, to ensign, to rank from April 9, 1921—Herbert O. May.

Class 5—To lieutenant, rank from July 1, 1920—Winthrop E. Blackwell, Thomas Durfey and Rutledge Irvine. To lieutenants (j.g.), rank from July 1, 1920: William P. Wood.

ATLANTIC FLEET SPORTS.

Rear Admiral Henry B. Wilson, U.S.N., commander-in-Chief of the U.S. Atlantic Fleet, announces the following schedule of athletics and aquatic events at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, for vessels now in Cuban waters, to be held from April 16 to 24, inclusive, weather and other conditions permitting:

Saturday, April 16—Baseball: Battleship Div. 5 vs. Battleship Div. 7 for Battleship Force Championship. Land Division Bands. Mine Force vs. Air Force. Destroyer Force vs. Train. Tennis (singles and doubles); Mine Force vs. Air Force. Train vs. Destroyer Force.

Sunday, April 17—Coffin Cup Race. Baseball: Chief Petty Officers, Battleship Div. 5, vs. Chief Petty Officers, Battleship Div. 7, for Battleship Force Championship. Warrant Officers, Battleship Div. 5, vs. Warrant Officers, Battleship Div. 7, for Battleship Force Championship. Free-for-all Sailing Race (Thompson Cup). Baseball: Mine Force-Air Force Champions vs. Destroyer Force-Train Champions. Battleship Div. 5 vs. Battleship Div. 7 for Battleship Force Championship. Land Division Bands. Tennis (singles and doubles); Battleship Force Champions vs. Train. Air Mine or Destroyer Force vs. Fleet Championship.

Tuesday, April 19—Dinghy Race (Chapin Regatta). Whistleboat Race (Chapin Regatta). 50-foot Motor Launch Race. Baseball: Junior Officers, Battleship Div. 5, vs. Junior Officers, Battleship Div. 7, for Junior Officers, Battleship Force Championship. Whistleboat Sailing Race (Neese Trophy). Baseball: Battleship Div. 5, vs. Battleship Div. 7, for Battleship Force Championship. (If necessary) Land Division Bands. Tennis (singles); Battleship Force Champions vs. Train. Air Mine or Destroyer Force Champions vs. Fleet Championship.

Wednesday, April 20—Whistleboat Race (Chapin Regatta). Sailing Launch Race (Col. Dame Cup). Baseball: Battleship Force vs. Train. Air, Mine or Destroyer Force Champions, for Fleet Championship. Land Fleet Bands.

Thursday, April 21—Dunlap Cup Race for Marines. Motor Dory Race. Baseball: Battleship Force Champions vs. Fleet, for Fleet Championship. Land Fleet Bands.

Friday, April 22-24—8 and 26-foot Motor Launch Race. Baseball: Filipinos, Battleship Div. 5, vs. Filipinos, Battleship Div. 7, for Filipino Baseball Championship. Fleet Champions vs. Naval Station, for Championship of the Caribbean. Fleet Championship Boxes and Wrestling Bout. Land Fleet Band.

Saturday, April 23—Atlantic Challenge Trophy Pulling Race. Note: For this year the British Navy Challenge Cup will be awarded to the winner of the Atlantic Challenge Trophy. Three leading boats in this race will be entered in American Rowing Regatta at Philadelphia, May 23, 1921. 24-foot Motor Launch Race. Baseball: Fleet Champions vs. Naval Station, for Championship of the Caribbean. Note: The Commander-in-Chief authorizes commanding officers to omit inspection of ships on Saturday morning, April 23.

Sunday, April 24—Presentation of trophies by the Commander-in-Chief. All flag and commanding officers are invited to be present; also the officers and men attached to vessels winning trophies are invited. Boats may land alongside Pennsylvania when church pennant is hauled down. Baseball: Fleet Champions vs. Naval Station, for Championship of the Caribbean. (If necessary).

VARIOUS NAVAL ITEMS.

Resignations of Navy Officers.

Resignations of Navy officers accepted in the week April 7-14 follow: Lieut. Comdr. F. W. Dillingham, line; Lieut. (j.g.) M. K. Coleman, Ensigns J. A. Scoville and L. Fausett, Gunner W. J. Cook, Acting Pay Clerks W. J. Hunt and Thomas F. Devlin. All were temporary officers excepting Commander Dillingham.

Captain Latimer Appointed Navy J.A.G.

Capt. Julian L. Latimer, U.S.N., has been recommended to the President for appointment as Judge Advocate General of the Navy, and the recommendation has been approved. He will succeed Rear Admiral George R. Clark, recently placed on the retired list. Captain Latimer has been on duty as commandant of the 7th Naval District, and also commandant of the naval station at Key West, Fla. He had been selected to command the new battleship Maryland, which is soon to go into commission at Newport News, but the selection was rescinded on April 8 by order of Secretary Denby. The selection of Captain Latimer as J.A.G. of the Navy should prove a popular one. Line officers particularly have expressed the opinion that the Judge Advocate General should be an officer thoroughly grounded in sea duty. Captain Latimer was appointed to the U.S. Naval Academy in 1886. During the World War he was in command of the U.S.S. Rhode Island. He was graduated from the Naval War College in November, 1920, and was immediately after assigned to command of the 7th District.

President to Review Atlantic Fleet.

President Harding will review the Atlantic Fleet on its return from the Southern Drill Grounds to Hampton Roads about May 1, according to Secretary Denby, who stated he would, at the Cabinet meeting on April 15, invite the President to review Admiral Henry B. Wilson's command. The fleet is scheduled to leave Guantanamo Bay April 25 and is expected off the Virginia Capes about May 1.

Commissioning of U.S.S. California.

The date of the commissioning of the U.S.S. California, built at the Mare Island Navy Yard, has been postponed to next October. It had been expected that this new battleship would go into commission about July 1. Capt. Henry J. Ziegemeier, U.S.N., has been selected to command the California. He will be on duty as officer in charge of the Naval Reserve Force Division, Bureau of Navigation, however, for several months to come.

Navy Bulwark Statistics.

For the week ending April 7 the total of Navy en-

ments was 925, a gain of thirty-six compared with the previous week. Of this total re-enlistments mounted to 147. Fleet enlistments for the week were seven for the Atlantic and eight for the Pacific Fleet. The Eastern division led all others with a total of 313 enlistments.

U.S.S. Dixie Joins Destroyer Force.

The U.S.S. Dixie on April 7, under command of Comdr. W. V. Tomb, joined the Destroyer Force at Charleston, S.C., having undergone a complete overhauling at the navy yard, Philadelphia, Pa. On April 8 Rear Admiral F. B. Bassett, U.S.N., commanding Destroyer Flotilla Five, shifted his flag from the Bridgeport to the Dixie.

Navy Stores and Clothing Reduced.

Clothing and small stores issued to officers and enlisted men of the Navy and Marine Corps have taken another drop in prices. G.O. No. 42, issued on April 4, shows a very perceptible decrease in the cost of clothing and stores, in some cases as much as twenty-five per cent. Shoes, which formerly were priced at \$6, are now \$4, and overcoats which formerly sold for \$15 are now quoted at \$12.

Samoa Court of Inquiry.

The Secretary of the Navy on March 10 disapproved that part of the findings and opinions of the court of inquiry which inquired into the political, financial and legal administration of the government of the Island of Samoa, and the conduct of naval personnel during the incumbency of the late Comdr. W. J. Terhune, U.S.N., which relates to Comdr. A. C. Kail, U.S.N., for the reason that Commander Kail was not made an interested party and accorded the rights incident thereto. Capt. Waldo Evans was president of this court and Major R. B. Cressy, U.S.M.C., judge advocate.

Navy Mutual Aid Association.

Recent additions to the membership of the Navy Mutual Aid Association include the following: Lieut. Comdr. Benjamin Perlman and Hugh L. White, Lieuts. E. J. Sherry, C. G. DeFoney, F. K. Libenow and Hugh G. Taylor, Jr. Lieut. (j.g.) H. P. Knickerbocker, Btms. Robert C. West, U.S.N.; and Capt. J. A. McDonald, U.S.M.C.

Articles by Navy Officers.

Lieut. Comdr. Edgar M. Williams, U.S.N., contributed a page article on "Comparing the Navies of Great Britain, United States and Japan" to the Philadelphia Public Ledger of April 10. Written in popular style it described the various types of ships comprising the elements of a fleet and showed conclusively, through text and graphics, that Great Britain has the largest navy in the world as well as pointing out that our building program is not excessive as the disarmament advocates would have the people believe.

Capt. James S. Taylor Med. Corps, U.S.N., is the author of an article on "Surgery in the Middle Ages," which appears in the April number of the U.S. Naval Medical Bulletin. He writes on this subject at length and in detail, but in a most interesting way. He says: "The element of suggestion was utilized to the full by medieval physicians, the sacerdotal garb being a powerful accessory in this direction. But the great outstanding fact behind the ill success and ill repute of the surgeons was their lack of knowledge about the structure and functions of the bodies which they had to invade. The consciousness of their deficiencies made cowards of the more intelligent or more scrupulous. To operate was to take huge chances, and the so-called surgeons had ever before their eyes the example of physicians avoiding all risks and yet earning fame and riches." The article is accompanied by a number of reproductions of fourteenth century charts, etc.

Congressional Medal for Chief Gunner Cox.

Chief Gun. Robert E. Cox, U.S.N., was presented with the Congressional Medal of Honor at the White House, Washington, on April 14, the presentation being made by President Harding in person. Among those present at the ceremony were Secretary of the Navy Denby, Assistant Secretary Roosevelt and former Secretary Daniels; Admiral Robert E. Coontz, Rear Admirals Thomas Washington, W. S. Cowles, Capt. F. L. Pinney, C. C. Bloch, Lieuts. Mons Monsen and C. S. Schepke, U.S.N. The medal was awarded to Chief Gunner Cox by the 66th Congress for extraordinary heroism in having assisted in extinguishing a fire in one of the magazines of the U.S.S. Missouri on April 13, 1904, and which threatened the destruction of the ship. Lieutenants Monsen and Schepke, who were chief gunner's mate and gunner's mate, respectively, on the ship at the time of the explosion, and who joined Chief Gunner Cox in putting out the fire, received the Congressional Medal for their deeds some time ago, but the law did not at that time permit the award of the medal to commissioned or warrant officers, Chief Gunner Cox not being an enlisted man when the explosion took place.

COMPTROLLER ALLOWS CAPTAIN SPEAR'S CLAIM.

The appeal made by Capt. Ray Spear (S.C.), U.S.N., for a revision of the action of the Auditor of the Navy Department in disallowing credit for payments aggregating \$15,202.25 made to the Commander, Cruiser Force, Atlantic Fleet, and officers of his staff, including Captain Spear, as reimbursement for expenses alleged to have been incurred for hire of quarters in or near New York city during the period from January, 1918, to June, 1919, has been decided in Captain Spear's favor by the Comptroller, who has ordered that certificates of difference will issue accordingly. "It appears," the Comptroller states in his decision, "that during the period for which the payments in question were made each of the officers concerned was in a sea duty status and entitled to quarters on the vessel to which attached. Therefore, said officers were not entitled under the law to reimbursement for any expenses incurred by them in connection with quarters on shore. It appears also that many of these officers were receiving commutation of quarters, heat and light under the provisions of the act of April 6, 1918, on account of quarters occupied by dependents." Captain Spear, in submitting his appeal, called attention to a certificate made by Secretary Daniels on June 5, 1920, under authority of a provision of the act of July 11, 1919, the pertinent part of which reads: "Any and all payments which have been made by Capt. Ray Spear (S.C.), U.S.N., to the Commander, Cruiser Force, Atlantic Fleet, and members of his staff on account of reimbursement for expenses incurred for hire of quarters under above order are hereby certified as having been incurred and made under military necessity and as having been occasioned by conditions over which the disbursing officer had no control and for which he was not justly responsible." In view of the specific language of the law referred to the Comptroller now states, "the accounting officers of the Treasury have no choice but to allow credit for said payments."

THE NAVY.

Commander-in-Chief—Warren G. Harding, President.
Secretary of the Navy—Edwin Denby.
Assistant Secretary of the Navy—Theodore Roosevelt, Jr.

VESSELS OF THE U.S. NAVY.

We omit the complete table of vessels of the U.S. Navy this week, but give below the changes in the movements of vessels since the table was published in our issue of April 9, pages 893-94.

Alden, Yarnall and Southard. Arrived at Olongapo April 11. Arethusa. Arrived at Fall River, Mass., April 12.

Aroostook, Gamble, Marcus, Robert Smith, San Pedro, Calif.

Bancroft, Bush, Cowell, Hale, Newport, R.I.

Bagley, Charles, Asburne and Fairfax. Arrived at Charleston, S.C., April 12.

Barker, Constantinople.

Bath. Sailed from Balboa for San Diego April 13.

Bernadou, Black Hawk, Blakeley, Crowninshield, Dahlgren,

Dickerson, Goldsborough, Graham, Hatfield, Herbert, Leary,

Mason, Osborne, Peary, Preble, Relief, Rochester, Semmes,

Schenck, Sicard, Stockton and William B. Preston. Arrived at Guantanamo April 13.

Bridgeport, Cole, Dixie, Hubert, Sigourney, Truxtun, Welborn

C. Wood, Charleston, S.C.

Brooks. Arrived at Venice April 12.

Bush, Cowell and McCalla. Sailed from New London for Newport April 13.

Chase, Claxton, Hamilton, Hogan, Howard, Kennison, Kilty,

MacKenzie, O'Bannon, Rathburne, Renshaw, Stansbury. San

Diego, Calif.

Chandler. Arrived at Olongapo April 11.

Chattanooga. Sailed from Lisbon for Antwerp April 13.

Chewink and Quail. Arrived at Guantanamo April 13.

Connecticut, Michigan and South Carolina. Arrived at

Culebra April 13.

Culgoa. Sailed from Guantanamo for New York April 12.

Dale. Sailed from Hampton Roads to see April 13.

Fox. Sailed from Beirut for Constantinople April 12.

Gamble. Arrived at San Diego, Calif., April 11.

Grebe. Boston, Mass.

Gree. Olongapo.

Gulfport. Arrived at Norfolk, Va., April 13.

Gwin. Arrived at Boston April 13.

Hannibal. Cristobal.

Harding. Sailed from Morehead City for Hampton Roads

April 13.

Hopkins. Sailed from Philadelphia for Charleston April 12.

Houston. Sailed from Norfolk for New York April 13.

Humphreys. Samsun.

John D. Edwards. Constantinople.

Kittery. En route to Hampton Roads, Va.

Lark. Guanacayabo Bay.

Long. Olongapo.

McCalla. New London, Conn.

Mars. Sailed from Lisbon for Gibraltar April 13.

Minnesota. Arrived at Philadelphia April 13.

Monocacy. Arrived at Ichang, China, April 10.

Mulany. Mare Island.

Neptune. Arrived at Bremerton, Wash., April 12.

New Orleans. Cavite, P.I.

Olympia. Venice.

Overton. Constanza.

Panther. En route to Cebu, P.I.

Parker. Lynnhaven Roads, Va.

Pittsburgh. Villefranche, France.

Quirois. Sailed from Hankow for Shanghai April 10.

Ramapo. Sailed from Fall River for Hampton Roads April 13.

Reuben James. Arrived at Lisbon April 11.

Sandpiper. Sailed from Mayport for Hampton Roads April 12.

Saturn. Point Welles to Alaskan waters April 11.

Shawmut. En route to Charleston, S.C.

Sturtevant. Arrived at Spalato April 11.

Trinity. Gibraltar April 4.

Turkey. Mare Island.

Villalobos. Shasi, China.

Vulcan. Naples to Gibraltar April 5.

NAVY GAZETTE.

Orders Issued to Officers April 6, 1921.

Ens. G. H. Burnham to duty R.S., Boston, Mass.

Ens. F. Humbeutel (Sup.C.) to Supply Officer, U.S.F.S.

Albatross.

Lieut. Comdr. G. Hutchins to Assistant to Naval Inspector

of Ordnance, E. W. Bliss Co., Brooklyn, N.Y.

Ens. E. V. Kaughan to duty U.S.S. Kansas.

Lieut. (j.g.) B. C. Parker to duty U.S.S. S-2.

Lieut. C. L. Tompkins (D.C.) to duty Naval Station, Pearl

Harbor, T.H.

Note.—Lieut. C. W. Johnson, U.S.N., died at American Hospital, Constantinople, March 23, 1921.

Orders to Officers April 7, 1921.

Comdr. L. M. Atkins (Constrn.C.) to Aid on Staff Admiral

Hugh Rodman, Comdr.-in-Chief Pacific Fleet.

Lieut. W. S. Bunkley (Med.C.) to duty Marine Exp. Force,

Santo Domingo.

Lieut. Comdr. J. M. Creighton to duty Naval Intelligence,

Navy Dept.

Lieut. J. C. Gill (Med.C.) to duty with Sanitary Engr., Re-

public of Haiti, Port au Prince.

Lieut. H. S. Hardig to U.S.S. Patoka.

Ens. R. W. Jones to United States.

Comdr. H. E. Kays to duty Naval Ordnance Plant, So-

Charleston, W. Va., reporting May 1.

Lieut. Comdr. C. Keene to duty New York Shipbuilding Corps, Cam-

den, N.J.

(j.g.) W. L. Marsh to duty Asiatic Station.

Comdr. B. McCandless to U.S.S. Kansas as ex. off.

Lieut. Comdr. H. D. McGuire to U.S.S. South Carolina as

Engr. Off.

Lieut. Comdr. C. K. Midgett (Cl-3) to command U.S.S.

Quincy.

Lieut. T. L. Morrow (Med.C.) to duty R.S., San Francisco,

Calif.

Lieut. Comdr. J. F. Riordan (Med.C.) to duty U.S.S. Celtic.

Lieut. (j.g.) W. R. Ross to conn. f.o. U.S.S. Peoria and in

command when commsd.

Lieut. Comdr. H. E. Snow to duty Naval Ex. Board, Wash-

ington.

Lieut. Comdr. J. F. Becker (Cl-3) to command U.S.S. Caesar.

Lieut. M. L. Lupton (Cl-3) to duty R.S., New York, N.Y.

Comdr. F. P. Shurtleff (Cl-3) to duty R. Barracks, Hampton

Roads, Va.

Lieut. P. H. Maher (Med.C.) to duty Marine Exp. Force,

Haiti.

Btan. (T.) H. J. Price to duty U.S.S. Gannet.

Ens. F. W. Schmidt to Destroyer Force, Pacific Fleet, for

assignment.

Lieut. R. H. Snowden (Med.C.), Haiti; to Destroyer Force,

Atlantic Fleet.

Lieut. L. R. Vail to Destroyer Force, Atlantic Fleet.

RESERVE ORDERS.

Lieut. F. H. Cogan (Cl-3) to U.S.S. Arethusa as Exec. Off.

Lieut. Comdr. G. F. Engman (Cl-3) to U.S.S. Orion as Engr.

On.

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Orders to Officers April 9, 1921.

Lieut. H. R. Bryant to duty Hydrographic Office, Navy Dept.

Gun. R. F. Cross to duty conn. f.o. U.S.S. MacDonough

and on board when commissioned.

Lieut. L. H. Denny (M.C.) to duty Destroyer Flotilla Two,

Pacific Fleet.

Lieut. Comdr. R. S. Fay to duty Naval Ex. Board, Navy

Dept.

Lieut. Comdr. O. M. Forster to duty U.S.S. Connecticut as

first lieutenant.

Capt. G. D. Forsyth to duty R.S., Boston, Mass.

Lieut. O. E. Grimm to duty U.S.S. Beaver as navigator.

Lieut. R. W. Hayler to duty under instruction Naval Ord-

nance Plant, South Charleston, W.Va.

Ensign E. O. Lovejoy to duty conn. f.o. U.S.S. Ferenholz

and on board when commissioned.

Capt. E. P. Malherbe to 14th Naval District.

Lieut. (j.g.) C. J. Norstadt (Sup. C.) to duty Asst. Com-

misa. Officer Naval Academy.

Lieut. (j.g.) E. B. Parsons to duty U.S.S. Niagara.

Lieut. Comdr. H. E. Parsons to Officer in Charge Navy

Retg. Sta., Houston, Texas.

Btan. H. D. Rodocker to duty S.P. 838 (ex-John L. Lawrence).

Lieut. W. G. Rowe to duty Navy Retg. Sta., Kansas City, Mo.

Ensign A. C. Shiver (Sup. C.) to Naval Operating Base,

Hampton Roads, Va.

Ensign L. Sicer to duty U.S.S. Fulton.

Lieut. Comdr. T. D. Westfall to duty under instruction

NOTES OF THE R.O.T.C.

Georgetown R.O.T.C. Rifle Team Defeats Yale.

The rifle team of the R.O.T.C. unit attached to Georgetown University, Washington, during the week April 3-9 met the undefeated R.O.T.C. rifle team of Yale University and succeeded in defeating it. The firing was held under the supervision of Army officers on duty at each institution. The targets were sent to the office of the secretary of the National Rifle Association to be judged by a disinterested person. Each team entered fifteen competitors, each man firing ten record shots, prone, at fifty feet. The score stood: 490 for Georgetown to 497 for Yale, out of a possible 500. Four Georgetown men made perfect scores, these being J. A. McDonough, E. D. Murphy, R. E. Morgan and J. C. Guilfoyle, while F. M. Nicolosi, A. H. Kirchner, J. E. Little and R. C. McClellan tied for fifth place with scores of 99 each. Heffelfinger and Bennett, of Yale, scored 100 each, and Meyer, Hopkins, Clise, Clarke and Williams, of the same team, 99 each. Major William H. Hobson, U.S.A., P.M.S. and T. at Georgetown University, is in command of the R.O.T.C. unit there.

Gallery Matches at North Carolina State College.

Firing in one competition and three matches the gallery rifle team of North Carolina State College of Agriculture and Engineering has won every event. On March 12 this R.O.T.C. team won the 4th Corps Area gallery competition, defeating its nearest competitor by twenty points. Alabama Polytechnic Institute was second with 1,914 points; U. of Alabama, third, with 1,900; and Georgia "Tech," fourth, with 1,895. Team Capt. W. N. Hicks, of the "State" team, led with a possible 200. On April 2, U. of South Carolina went down after a game struggle, "State" winning by a score of 976 to 969. On March 26 the Georgia "Tech" team lost, 961 to 937. Alabama Polytechnic was defeated on April 9, 974 to 960. There are two open dates on the schedule of "N.C. State" and matches are desired with the leading teams of other corps areas; for five to ten men teams firing not more than twenty shots per member. Address Lieutenant Col. D. D. Gregory, U.S.A., retired, College Station, Raleigh, N.C.

University of Kansas.

The R.O.T.C. at the University of Kansas consists of two separate units, Coast Artillery, with enrollment of 110; and Engineers, with enrollment of 63. The P.M.S. and T. is Major H. D. Burdick, Coast Art.; assistant, Capt. M. C. Grenata, C. of Engrs. The combined units issue a little weekly publication called "The Fuse," which recently appeared in its first printed copy; having previously been in mimeograph form. The annual spring party of the R.O.T.C. was held on April 8, at which the Reserve officers of the university were guests of the cadets. There was music and dancing and a Kelly pool tournament, also plenty of sandwiches and punch. Major and Mrs. Harold D. Burdick acted as chaperones.

WITH THE AMERICAN FORCES IN GERMANY.

The Amaroc News, of Coblenz, organ of the American Forces in Germany, in issues covering the period between March 23-28, tells of official and social happenings in the American occupied area. Major Gen. Henry T. Allen, commander-in-chief of the A.F. in G., it announces, has given his approval to the compilation of a complete history of the occupation of Germany by American troops, which is to include the period from the march into Germany up to the present time. The work is to be done under the supervision of Mr. Guy C. Stafford, who served as a lieutenant in the A.E.F., and then in the A.F. in G., having crossed the Rhine with the 3d Army in December, 1918, and later was editor of the Amaroc News, which post he resigned several months ago to devote his time to American Legion affairs in France and elsewhere in Europe as well as to do literary work.

A book, which is to be printed by a firm in Leipzig, is to consist of 500 pages, will have fifty illustrations and three maps and is to be ready for distribution about June 1. The history is to tell, in concrete form, the story of the march of the 3d Army into Germany, the first American troops in Luxembourg, the turbulent days of the early occupation, the permanent organization and location in the area of the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 32d, 42d, 89th and 90th Divisions, the perfection of the Army headquarters at Coblenz under Major Gen. John T. Dickman, the visits of Secretary of War Baker, Secretary of the Navy Daniels, Gen. John J. Pershing, Major Gen. Peyton C. March, Marshals Foch and Joffre and many other Allied officers of high rank, Premier Millerand of France; the 3d Army, under Lieut. Gen. Hunter Liggett, the permanent organization of the American forces under Major General Allen, the patient attitude of the American troops destined to remain on the Rhine, the records of the varied and various sports of the troops through the entire occupation, the horse and motor shows, various organizations—religious, welfare and social, the famous Composite Regiment, the many maneuvers and field problems carried out, including the splendid record of the troops on the range, a short narrative of each organization in the A.F. in G. and the financial cost of the occupation, together with other data. All the information will be obtained from official and semi-official sources.

General Allen entertained at a box party on March 24 at the recital of the Coblenz Musical Institute, his guests including Cols. and Mmes. David L. Stone, Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Edward A. Sturges, Countess de Liederkerke, Mrs. Lanier Dunn and Mrs. John K. Herr. Col. Daniel L. Tate was the guest of honor at a surprise birthday party on March 24 given by Mrs. Tate and his son, Capt. Joseph S. Tate, at the Coblenzer-hof. The guests included General Allen, Cols. and Mmes. Thomas U. Raymond, Walter T. Bates, Lieut. Cols. and Mmes. R. E. Grinstead, E. A. Sturges, Kyle Rucker, Majors and Mmes. F. M. Andrews, R. Talbot, C. M. Hale, Capt. and Mrs. M. W. F. Wallace and Capt. Allen Kingman. On Easter eve Lieut. Col. and Mrs. H. H. Sheen were hosts at a dinner at the Officers' Club, Coblenz, in honor of Major W. C. Koenig, port commander at Antwerp. Other guests were Lieut. Cols. and Mmes. Rucker and W. W. McCammon, Majors and Mmes. Ralph Talbot and J. K. Herr, Major A. H. Barkley and Miss Jane Clowder. At a dinner given at the Officers' Club, Newied, on March 23, by Capt. and Mrs. Otis L. Graham, the guests were Col. and Mrs. F. R. Keefer, Lieut. Cols. and Mmes. R. B. Miller, and H. A. Scott, Majors and Mmes. G. L. McKinney, N. L. McDiarmid, M. A. Reasoner, W. R. Dear, Major and Mrs.

R. J. Foster, Major John Dibble and Mrs. C. M. Dibble. At a dinner at the Officers' Club, Coblenz, on March 26, given by Lieut. Col. A. M. Hall for Major Lewis H. Brereton, military attaché at the American Embassy, Paris, and Mrs. Brereton, other guests were Majors and Mmes. C. K. Nilsen, H. B. S. Burwell, W. H. Haislip, E. V. Sault, Lieut. and Mrs. D. H. Arthur and M. Fournier.

In the 5th Infantry several social functions took place, Major and Mrs. E. F. Reinhardt having as guests on March 24 Lieut. and Mrs. G. M. Babbitt, Capt. S. A. Backman, Lieut. N. Sislagyi and Mrs. Thomas Thomas. Capt. and Mrs. John McDonald entertained at dinner on the same evening for Major and Mrs. E. B. Neff, Major R. D. Patterson of Coblenz, Major A. A. Hoffman of Mayen, and Miss Winward. Others who gave dinner parties were Lieut. and Mrs. James A. Murphy and Lieut. and Mrs. F. V. Fortier.

Chaplain Adolph J. Schliesser, who fought with a Missouri Infantry regiment in the Spanish-American War and later studied for the ministry and was ordained, then served on the border, in Hawaii, at posts in the United States and was ordered overseas in 1919, being stationed at Coblenz in 1920, is soon to leave for the United States with his family, where he is to be assigned to duty.

An amusing incident took place at a G.C.M. case about to be tried at headquarters of the 50th Infantry, Mayen, on March 24, when officers met at the liaison school at the flying field. As the court began its session it was found that the records were locked in a safe, the key to which could not be found. Investigation showed that the key was in possession of Lieut. Thomas E. Winstead, who was attending the flying school at Weissenburg. That officer was reached on the telephone and the facts explained. Ten minutes later an airplane piloted by Lieut. Dogan H. Arthur, and with Lieutenant Winstead on board, flew low over the 50th's headquarters and dropped the key, attached to a large white card, overboard and continued its return flight. The court then commenced its deliberations. General Allen, accompanied by Brigadier General Hale, Majors E. Santschi and Hofman and Lieuts. H. A. Deans and W. T. Hammond, on March 23, inspected the quarters, stables, equipment and state of training of the Machine Gun Training Center of the 2d Brigade, organized at Engers, on Feb. 20. Major C. C. Stokely is in command of the unit. General Allen expressed himself as much satisfied with the showing made by the command, but as being especially pleased with the splendid appearance of the animals and with the equipment of the center.

A large gathering of American and foreign army officers, as well as American and Allied civilians, assembled at the Exerzier Platz, Coblenz, on March 26 to witness a review of the 1st Brigade. The weather was ideal and the troops made a fine appearance as they passed in review. One of the outstanding features was the splendid appearance of the animals and wagons, notwithstanding that they are used daily in all sorts of garrison work in addition to drill.

Word has reached headquarters of the action of the French government in the matter of changes in the uniform of the army. A commission has been appointed to consider the subject. The prolonged state of war, it is explained, has produced an unfavorable influence on the uniform, more particularly of officers. Their dress is no longer uniform in style, this being the case even within the same corps, while the most diverse uniforms are often worn by officers of the same arm of the service. The commission, it is announced, has already decided that all French officers should hereafter wear the sky-blue uniform. The tunic will have flowing skirts, with seven buttons for infantry and nine for cavalry. Generals will wear sky-blue, but plumed hats are abandoned. The head gear will be a cap, decorated with one or two rows of oak and laurel leaves.

CANDIDATES, U.S. MILITARY ACADEMY.

The following candidates for appointment to the Military Academy were designated during the week ending April 13 to submit an educational certificate with a view to admission on July 1, 1921, without mental examination, it being too late to hold another such examination this year: John Daniel, Jr., Hillsboro, Ala., 8th Dist.; Horace B. Upham, Newcastle, Ind., 6th Dist.; J. T. Denton, University, Miss., Sam Hagy, 1st Alt., Blue Mountain, Miss., and John H. Stevenson, Olive Branch, Miss., 2d Dist.; Melford Merton Lothrop, 1st Alt., Homer, Neb., 3d Dist.; Robert T. Amis, Virginiania, Va., N.C., Senator Simmons.

WEST POINT.

West Point, N.Y., April 14, 1921.

Mrs. Jordan and her daughter, Mrs. Charles D. Daly, entertained on Monday afternoon at the officers' mess with a beautifully appointed tea for about eighty guests. Mrs. Fiebeger and Mrs. Timberlake poured, and the hostesses were assisted in serving by Mmes. Makel, Prichard, B. F. Hoge, Kahle, Hobbs, McEwan and O'Hare. Col. and Mrs. Robinson had dinner on Tuesday for Dr. G. A. Richter, of Berlin, N.H., and for Cols. and Mmes. Fiebeger and Carter. Col. and Mrs. Carter spent a few days in New York last week as guests of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Satterlee. They attended the Tailor-Harding wedding and reception, as did also Col. and Mrs. Danforth.

The Kallcock-Galvin wedding on Saturday also took down a number of guests from West Point, among them Col. and Mrs. Edmund L. Daley, Miss Fiebeger, Majors Marshburn, Newgarden, Keeley, Hodges and Harris and the Misses Fiebeger and Hensley. Lieut. Col. Richard P. Williams, U.S.M.C., of Parris Island S.C., spent the weekend with his mother, Mrs. Williams, and sister, Mrs. Mettler. Colonel Williams, who is convalescing from a long and serious illness, will remain some time in New York, undergoing hospital treatment. Major and Mrs. Hudnut had dinner on Saturday for Major and Mrs. Crittenden, Major and Mrs. Sharer.

Major and Mrs. D. M. Crawford's guest for several days recently was Mrs. Wool Barnato, of London. Miss Grace Peterson, of Akron, Ohio, was the guest of Col. and Mrs. Fiebeger over Sunday. Mrs. Shields has returned to West Point after spending the winter at Pittsburgh and is with her daughter, Mrs. Newman. Mrs. J. M. Tully and children have returned from a visit of several months in San Antonio. Mrs. Tully's sister, Miss Smith, came with her for a visit. Mrs. Jones, wife of Major T. H. Jones, and small son are visiting Major and Mrs. Cramer before joining Major Jones, who has recently been ordered from Savannah to New York. Mrs. Jones and Mrs. Cramer are sisters.

Miss Margaret Fisher, of New York, was the week-end guest of Col. and Mrs. Danford, who had dinner on Saturday, before the hop, for Miss Fisher and Cadets Kyle, Olmsted and Dance. Mr. and Mrs. Vauthier gave a dinner on Saturday for Major and Mrs. Kenner, Lieut. and Mrs. Gauthier. Mrs. Rees and daughter have returned from San Antonio, where they have been visiting Mrs. Rees' parents, Gen. and Mrs. Beard. The Reading Club met with Mrs. Prichard, who read a paper on Edison and Lloyd George; current events were discussed by Mrs. Walthall.

Mrs. Gauthier had a small tea on Wednesday afternoon for Mrs. Frank Hicks, the guest of her sister, Mrs. Reynolds.

Among the guests were Mmes. Reynolds, Strong, A. W. Kenner, E. A. Kenner, Morrison, Wreth, Guyer and Forbes. Major and Mrs. Kenner have had visiting them Major Kenner's brother and sister-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Kenner. Mr. Frederick C. Mayer gave his forty-ninth organ recital at the Cadet Chapel on Sunday afternoon. He was assisted by Lieut. Philip Egner, violincellist. At the morning service the Misses Blanche and Irene Hubbard assisted in the musical service with harp and cello.

The young children enjoyed two delightful parties during the past week. The first, on Friday afternoon, was the masquerade of the dancing class, attended by a large number of the younger set in costume. Many grown-ups were there to look on. Cotton candy and ice-cream gave the finishing touch to a good time. There were a variety of pretty and ingenious costumes, the prize for the prettiest being won by Helen Pendleton as a fairy, and Fay Surles as a bandit. Donald Daley carried off two prizes, one for the most comical costume, as Charlie Chaplin, and the other for the best dancer. On Monday afternoon Josephine Pendleton gave a very large birthday party in Culver Hall for many young guests. A Punch and Judy show added greatly to the entertainment. The Luncheon Club was addressed on Thursday by Mr. Isaac F. Marcellon, the writer, who gave some of his personal impressions in meeting leading statesmen and military men.

The funeral of Stanley Winn, son of Col. and Mrs. John S. Winn, was held at West Point on April 5, followed by interment in West Point Cemetery.

The Cadet polo teams won from Cornell in all games played in the Riding Hall over the week-end, during the visit of the Ithacans at West Point. There were four games of four periods each, the periods being seven minutes. At no time in any of the games were the Cadets in danger, as they always led by a safe score. Both teams displayed good stick work. The four Cadet teams lined up as follows: Black, Gold and Greys—No. 1, Douglas; No. 2, McGrath; back, Greening; Purples—No. 1, Boersman; No. 2, Griffis; back, Rees. Blues—No. 1, Hughes; No. 2, Pierce; back, Gross. Greens—No. 1, Matthewson; No. 2, Lewis; back, Johnson.

Two teams made up of officers of the post will take part in the indoor polo tournament being staged by Squadron A in New York next week. The teams will line up as follows: Seniors—Major J. K. Brown, Lieut. Col. Lewis Brown, Jr., Major J. K. Devers. Juniors—Major T. K. Brown, Major W. D. Crittenden, Major N. E. Anderson.

The Army nine continued its winning streak on April 9, taking the third successive game of the present season in its defeat of the New York University team by a score of 10 to 4. McGrath was on the mound throughout the nine innings. The game, which was played on the grass owing to the poor condition of the regular diamond, was decidedly one-sided, the cadre's running bases almost recklessly and putting thirteen stolen bases to their credit. The most joyous moments for the Army folk at the game came in the third inning. With two out French hammered a hard drive past second base and the side second, scoring on Stevenson's single. The Army's right fielder beat the visiting catcher's throw down to second, and at this point in the proceeding Captain Wilhite lined out a home run over the N.Y.U. right fielder's head. French stole home in the fourth inning, the other two runs being assisted by errors of the visitors. The Army nine: French, c.f.; Stevenson, r.f.; Wilhite, 2b.; Dabecio, 1b.; Smythe, 3b.; Smith, l.f.; Burns, s.s.; Rowland, c.; McGrath, p.

The Army baseball team put the fourth straight victory to its credit on April 13, defeating Union College by a score of 14 to 2, the Cadets making sixteen hits, including two triples and three two-bonders. Mulligan and Miller were put in to pitch for the Army, the visitors making only three hits off them. Among the second men put into the game by Hans Lobert were Traywick at second base, Buckley at left field, Lancaster at shortstop and Post at center field. Dasher batted for Smythe in the seventh inning, the game being called at the end of that inning. The Army nine: French, c.f.; Post, c.; Smythe, r.f.; Wilhite, 2b.; Smythe, 3b.; Miller, p.; Burns, s.s.; Lancaster, s.s.; Rowland, c.; Miller, p.; Mulligan, p.

THE NAVAL ACADEMY.

Annapolis, Md., April 14, 1921.

The drawing room of Rear Admiral and Mrs. A. H. Scales were crowded with guests at their "at home" on Friday. Assisting Mrs. Scales were Mmes. J. O. Richardson, M. Milne, C. Alphonso Smith, T. L. Johnson, R. A. Theobold, J. S. Abbott, C. L. Leiper, E. A. Losquist, A. A. Corwin, T. M. Shock, L. Jordan, E. B. Nixon and the Misses Scales. Mrs. Carl E. Hoard, wife of Lieutenant Commander Hoard, entertained on Saturday evening in honor of her husband's birthday.

Mrs. C. F. Macklin, wife of General Macklin, late Adjutant General of Maryland, is visiting Mrs. T. R. Kurtz. Mrs. W. T. Cluverius entertained the Masqueraders and their friends on Saturday before the hop.

In order to supply the shortage of naval officers which would otherwise exist about the first of the coming year, when temporary commissions, issued chiefly to former enlisted men and Reserve officers, expire, Secretary of the Navy Denby has directed that the Second Class of midshipmen, 564 in number, are to graduate in December, 1921, instead of in June, 1922. The order was read at the noon formation of the regiment of midshipmen on Monday. The midshipmen whose graduation and commissioning as ensigns will be advanced will not take part in the summer cruise, but will go on a short leave after the graduation of the First Class, on June 3, and will return to the Academy to take up the special work in preparation for their advanced graduation. Action was taken by Secretary Denby under authority of the act of April 2, 1918, whereby the President was authorized until Aug. 1, 1921, to reduce, in his discretion, the course of instruction at the Academy from four to three years, and to graduate classes which have completed such reduced courses.

Lieut. and Mrs. T. M. Shock gave a large supper party on Saturday, and afterward took their guests to the dance at Carvel Hall, as did Lieut. Comdr. and Mmes. E. J. Estess and Heister Hoogendoorn and Lieut. Comdr. C. F. Greene. Mrs. Richard M. Cutts, wife of Colonel Cutts, U.S.M.C., who is stationed at Quantico, Va., spent Sunday here with her son, Mdn. Richard Cutts. Miss Margaret Baxter, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. W. J. Baxter, is visiting her brother-in-law and sister, Lieut. and Mrs. M. W. Hutchinson.

Mrs. Wood and Miss Wood, wife and daughter of Commodore Moses L. Wood, are at the Cumberland Arms for the remainder of the spring. Mrs. H. H. Loomis, of Swarthmore, Pa., who has been in Annapolis the past week to see her twin sons, who are midshipmen, has returned home. Comdr. and Mrs. F. D. Pryor gave an informal dinner on Saturday before the midshipmen's hop. Mrs. Pryor, with Mdn. Emery Larson, of the Second Class, received at the hop.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry McBride, of Washington, spent the week-end with Comdr. and Mrs. A. A. Corwin. The Commander and his wife gave a dinner on Saturday in honor of Mr. and Mrs. McBride, at which Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. J. W. Bunkley, Comdr. and Mrs. R. C. Parker and Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. S. E. Holiday were also guests. Miss Dorothy M. Price, daughter of Lieut. and Mrs. Harry Price, with her guest, Miss Esta C. Holt, of Staunton, Va., both students at St. Mary's Hall, Burlington, N.J., spent the Easter vacation here with the parents of Miss Price.

Mrs. J. L. Kauflin spent the week-end with Mrs. M. B. De Mott. Comdr. and Mrs. C. C. Soule spent the week-end with Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. Archer Allen. Lieut. Comdr. C. E. Greene entertained at dinner on Saturday in honor of Mrs. Kaufman and Mrs. Donovan. Mrs. C. A. Richardson, of Washington, spent the week-end with Comdr. and Mrs. D. L. Howard.

On Sunday afternoon Janet Carlson, daughter of Lieut. and Mrs. Milton O. Carlson, was baptized in the Naval Academy chapel by Chaplain F. J. Janeway. On Easter Sunday Chaplain Janeway conducted Jacqueline Anne, daughter of Lieut. and Mrs. W. E. Goodhue. The mother and sister of Midshipman Sargent, who have been visiting Mrs. Mary Mason, here, have returned to their home in Quincy, Mass.

The wedding of Miss Margaret Atkinson Berry, daughter of the late T. Alexius Berry and Mrs. Berry, to Dr. Daniel D. V. Stuart, son of Rear Admiral and Mrs. Daniel D. V. Stuart, is to take place in September in the Naval Academy chapel.

Mrs. John T. Bowers gave a tea party last week at the Ship's Inn, at which four tables of bridge were played.

Brig. Gen. James Mahoney, U.S.M.C., was the week-end guest of Mrs. Charles A. Doyen and Miss Doyen at Wardour. Ensign Felix Johnson, who is on the U.S.S. Pruitt, now at Washington, spent the week-end here.

Naval circles are much interested in golf club work this spring. There are more players than have ever before responded to the call of the links. It is said that the course on the Government farm is now so crowded on Sundays and holidays that it may be soon necessary to have a starter and a run-on-time schedule. The course here is a very good one.

The score of the Saturday baseball game was: Navy, 15; Williams, 1.

Scoring eleven runs in the opening inning on seven safe hits, including Niemeyer's circuit, a hit batsman and a pass, the Naval Academy won from M. St. Mary's here Wednesday by a score of 20 to 2. The Navy showed great improvement in fielding, and batting such as it has seldom done in recent years. The initial score is believed to be a local record for a single inning. The visitors scored in the last inning on a squeeze play worked by Walsh and R. Ruiz and a passed ball, which allowed Royer to cross the plate.

Navy Wins Four Fencing Events.

The Navy's fencing team won four events at the Intercollegiate Fencing League championships held in the Hotel Astor, New York city, on April 8 and 9, these including the individual foil championship, the team and individual championships in the saber competition and the special event. Columbia University won the team championship in foils by a score of 23 won and 12 lost, the Navy winning 30 victories in this event. Harvard 27, Yale 22, Dartmouth 15 and the University of Pennsylvania last, with 8 wins. The U.S. Naval Academy team included: Foils—Mdsn. A. L. Becker, C. C. Shears, H. G. Chandler and (substitutes) W. L. Ware, F. B. Vose; sabers—A. I. Malstrom, J. W. Guider and (substitute) J. R. Williamson; épée—G. P. Hunter and G. C. Shears. Captain Becker won 14 bouts out of 15 in the individual foil competition and A. L. Malstrom took the individual sabers match after a triple tie with his teammate, Midshipman Guider and G. M. Reaves, of Columbia University. The Navy won the team sabers competition by scoring twelve victories out of fourteen, U. of P. being second, with nine victories, and Columbia third, with eight. Mdsn. G. P. Hunter won the épée event by defeating D. F. Coopers, of the U. of P., in a fence-off, each having tied in 7 victories and 3 defeats.

Mdsn. A. L. Becker, captain of the Navy team, finished the first day's competitions with seven straight victories, and this in spite of an injury to his knee received early in the proceedings. The Navy sabers team also had a big lead in that event on the opening day with eleven bouts out of a possible fourteen. Mdsn. F. B. Vose, of the Navy team, went to a tie with R. P. Farley, of Columbia, and in the fence-off they went to three regulations periods before Vose gained the winning point, the score standing at 19 to 18 in his favor. G. P. Hunter's winning of the épée event on the last day came after the longest bout of the night, his reach enabling him to make the winning touch. The competitions ended with a ball, attended by the competitors and their friends.

CAMP DEVENS.

Camp Devens, Mass., April 11, 1921.

A concert was given on Wednesday evening at the U.S. Army Theater by the consolidated bands of Camp Devens, assisted by Mrs. Arthur B. Hitchcock, soprano, Mrs. Letitia Ferguson, contralto, Mr. Arthur M. Small, trumpet soloist, and Mr. Fred Earle, accompanist. The concert, given to raise money for the Hostess House, was a decided success musically and financially. Band Leader Siannard received much praise for the splendid performance of the bands and the arrangement of the program.

Mmes. Tillotson and Ungethun were hostesses at the weekly tea dance on Tuesday. The band of the 13th Infantry played for dancing. Mrs. Hale, wife of Major Hale, was welcomed to Camp Devens on Tuesday. Major and Mrs. Hale are occupying an apartment in Ayer, but will live on the reservation as soon as their new quarters are completed.

The 13th Infantry baseball team made a successful start on its summer schedule by defeating the Ayer Baseball Athletic Association 5 to 0 on Sunday.

Major and Mrs. Campbell entertained at dinner on Sunday in honor of Capt. and Mrs. Swentzel and Chapman and Mrs. Purdy. Capt. and Mrs. Ayers entertained at dinner on Saturday. Mrs. Deroin left Tuesday for a short visit with her mother in Springfield, Mass. Lieutenant Deroin spent the week-end with them. The officers of the 26th Infantry gave a dinner at the Log Cabin in honor of Captain Gorder, who leaves shortly for Alaska; Lieutenant Place, who leaves this week for Panama, and Lieutenant Joyce, who has resigned.

Capt. and Mrs. Hackett gave a dinner on Friday in honor of Major and Mrs. Donaldson, who leave on Friday for Alaska. Mrs. McReynolds gave a luncheon on Wednesday in honor of Mrs. Donaldson. Major and Mrs. Tillotson entertained Major and Mrs. Peavey and Capt. and Mrs. Jackson at dinner on Sunday. Lieut. and Mrs. Herbert entertained at dinner on Monday in honor of Capt. and Mrs. Parks.

FORT MONROE.

Fort Monroe, Va., April 12, 1921.

The captain and officers of the U.S.S. Tennessee entertained the members of this garrison, as well as guests from Langley Field, Camp Eustis and Norfolk, with a tea dance on shipboard on Thursday. The band played for dancing on the flag-hung deck and an opportunity was given for seeing the ship. The presence of thirty Navy guests at the club dinner dance on Friday added much to the enjoyment. The committee in charge of the supper included Mmes. J. C. Johnson, Lincoln, Buck and Wheatley, and 160 guests were present. Col. and Mrs. Lincoln had as dinner guests Captain Leigh, of the Tennessee, and Mrs. Leigh, Cols. and Mmes. Mitchell and Ordway, Majors and Mmes. Rebold and Booth, Madame Mitchell, Mrs. Stebbins, Mrs. Moore, Colonels Gilmore and Monroe. Major and Mrs. Wheatley entertained Cols. and Mmes. Johnson, Buck, Thomas, Major and Mrs. Wildrick, Mr. and Mrs. De Vivo, Mrs. Gallagher, Colonel Battle and Lieutenant McFadden. Dining with Col. and Mrs. Greif were Cols. and Mmes. Higgins, Watson, Majors and Mmes. Smith, Gray, Bowen, Sinclair, Colonel Ruggles and Mrs. Cardwell, while Col. and Mrs. Maybach entertained Majors and Mmes. Van Valzah, Wertenbaker, Clark, Norton, McCain and Brown.

Major and Mrs. Oldfield had as dinner guests Capt. and Mmes. Armstrong and Bradshaw and Mr. Pratt, while Capt. and Mrs. Taliaferro entertained Major and Mrs. Swan, Capt. and Mrs. Maguire, Lieut. and Mrs. Crisp, Miss Furnival and Major Wilson. Major and Mrs. Haines had dinner for Cols. and Mmes. Edwards, Bunker, Dunn, Majors and Mmes. Pratt and Meyer, Capt. and Mrs. Somerville, Mrs. Pope and Major Henderson, while Lieutenant McMillan entertained Misses Kimball and Buck and Lieutenant Chitterling and Reuter.

Mrs. Gallagher, of Washington, is the guest of Major and Mrs. Wildrick. Major and Mrs. Oldfield entertained with a bridge for Mrs. Gallagher on Thursday evening, others present being Major and Mrs. Wildrick, Capt. and Mrs. Somerville, Mrs. Peck, Mrs. Swan and Miss Furnival, Miss Caroline Lewis, of Providence, R.I., is the guest of Col. and Mrs. Maybach. In honor of Miss Lewis, Major and Mrs. Oldfield had tea at the club on Sunday, others present being Col. and Mrs. Maybach, Majors and Mmes. Gray and Smith, Major and Mrs. Wildrick and Mrs. Gallagher spent Sunday at Camp Eustis as guests of Major Meade Wildrick. Tuesday Col. and Mrs. Maybach entertained Commander Crenshaw, U.S.N., at dinner. Majors and Mmes. Gray and Smith and Mrs. Dunn coming in for bridge.

Katherine and Margaret Kerr, daughters of Capt. and Mrs. Kerr, gave a children's masquerade party on Friday evening, those present being Elizabeth Rebold, Adelaide Oldfield, Ella Susan Henderson, Alice Bunker, Dixie Edwards, Marguerite Meyer, Mary Thomas, Jane and Dorothy Gray, Fred Smith, Ralph Herring, Julius Newgord, Charles Wheatley, Carson Buck, Dan Clark, John Wildrick, Dan Smith, Sydney Rumpford, Ned Wildrick, John Ordway, Creed Cardwell.

Mrs. Maguire had two tables of bridge on Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Cole entertained with a sweet pea luncheon on Friday in honor of Mrs. Hutson, who leaves this week for Augusta, Ga. Mrs. Lynn gave a bridge party on Thursday evening for Mmes. Barr, Hinman, Phillips, Mead, Ostrom, Bullene, Pierce, Hayden, Mitchell, Haase, Hutson, Cole, Eby, Maguire, Wolfe, Becker, and Miss Fee. Mrs. Bullene entertained at tea on Thursday in honor of Miss Fee.

Mrs. Somerville and daughter have returned from a visit to Atlanta, Ga. Miss Marion Johnson has returned to school at Devon Manor, Pa. Many parties were given in her honor during her vacation. Capt. and Mrs. Mead entertained at Sunday supper for Miss Fee and Lieutenant Schaefer, MacMillan, Stace and Bullene. Lieutenant Barnes, of Camp Eustis, dined with Capt. and Mrs. Mead and Miss Fee on Monday. Major and Mrs. O. L. Spiller are entertaining Mrs. Spiller's parents, Col. Benjamin Alvord, A.G.D., and Mrs. Alvord. About thirty-five went over from Fort Monroe to the masquerade at Camp Eustis on Friday evening and a number attended the hop at Langley Field on Saturday.

Mrs. Wolfe and Mrs. Becker with their small daughters are visiting Mrs. Wolfe's parents, Major and Mrs. Beard, of Camp Lee. Capt. and Mrs. Ostrom gave a bridge on Saturday evening for Capt. and Mrs. Haase, Mitchell, Hayden, Pierce, Lynn, Phillips, Lieut. and Mrs. Barlett and Captain Wolfe.

FORT SHERIDAN.

Fort Sheridan, Ill., April 10, 1921.

Major and Mrs. Louis A. Merillat, Jr., were hosts at a buffet supper on March 27 for Misses Ruth Wynne, Agnes Deitrich, Mary and Lorna Chitty, and Messrs. Lloyd Wynne, Ted Estes and Hugh Wynne. Riding has again become one of the favorite sports of the garrison. A "cross country" ride was held on Easter Sunday morning, followed by a breakfast at the Officers' Club. Among those participating were Colonel Heintzelman, Col. and Mrs. Gregory, Major and Mrs. Saunders, Miss Lane Saunders, Major and Mrs. Edwards, Misses Mary and Lorna Chitty, Mr. Lloyd Wynne and Capt. A. Kelly.

The Highland Park Club entertained with a dance March 30 in honor of the Army. Among those present were Cols. and Mmes. Eli Helmick, Frank Caldwell, William Chitty, Arthur Cowan, Robert Blanchard, Junius Gregory, Champe McCulloch, A. S. Morgan, Lieut. Cols. and Mmes. Robert Peck, Stuart Heintzelman, Major and Mrs. Edwin Saunders, Lieut. and Mrs. W. H. Collette, Miss Florence Helmick, Helen Bush, Mary and Lorna Chitty, Alice Hess, and Majors W. C. McChord, W. H. Shuman, Capt. A. Kelly, Lieuts. J. Corridon and C. Cross, and Mr. Wayne Hunt.

Mrs. Dorothy Caldwell was hostess at a buffet supper before the hop on April 1. The guests included Mr. and Mrs. Harrison Lobell, Major and Mrs. Merillat, Mr. and Mrs. Warren Lobbell, Mr. and Mrs. Eddy, Misses Florence Helmick, Mary and Lorna Chitty, Dorothy Heintzelman, and Messrs. Syme, Parker, Ballantyne, Captain Kelly and Lieutenant Gross. Col. and Mrs. Arthur Cowan gave a dinner before the hop for Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Robert E. Wood, Col. and Mrs. Chitty, Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Heintzelman and Major and Mrs. Hardenbergh. On the same night Col. and Mrs. Robert M. Blanchard were hosts at dinner for Col. and Mrs. Stacy, Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Peck and Major and Mrs. Saunders.

The children's hop was held on Saturday in the Officers' Club, and as usual was a great success. Miss Sarah McCloskey entertained before the dance with a dinner. The guests included Misses Lane Saunders, Helen Nelly, Josephine Blanchard, Sarah McCullough, Alice Wells, Helen Hardenbergh, Virginia Onderdonk, and Messrs. Robin Peck, William Nelly, Eli Helmick, Ray Hardenbergh, Robert Ewell, Dan Rogers and Henry Hess. Col. and Mrs. Cowan also entertained with a dinner for their son, Jim Cowan, and his guests, Miss Valerie Chitty, Miss Mabel Saunders, and Masters George Ewell, Jim Adams, Bobbie Blanchard and John Edwards.

Mrs. Charles O'Connor was hostess at a bridge party on April 6. Among those invited were Mmes. Helmick, Heintzelman, Nelly, Morgan, Cowan, Stacey, McCulloch, Blanchard, Christopher, Van Osten, Lewis, Adams, Edwards, Favouri, Hutter, Spotswood, Hess, McCain, Saunders, and Misses Helmick, Hess and Heintzelman.

FIFTH DIVISION NOTES.

Camp Jackson, S.C., April 9, 1921.

The 39th C.A.C. Brigade dance, arranged by the ladies of the Army Relief Society, was given on April 4 at the Jackson Circle Officers' Club. Mrs. Green was a most efficient hostess. Music was by the F.W.D. orchestra of the 44th Regiment. Outside guests included Major and Mrs. Sappington, Capt. and Mrs. Powell, Miss Nelson, Miss Hines, Captains Cleland and Chase.

Mrs. Roberts has returned from Florida and is again living at the Jefferson Hotel in Columbia. Miss Elinor Brinsmade left on Thursday for Miss Bennett's School at Millbrook, N.Y. Lieut. and Mrs. Cowan have returned to the 39th Brigade and are expecting to live in Camp Jackson. Lieut. Horace Speed, 51st C.A.C., gave a waffle party Sunday evening. The guests, chaperoned by Mrs. Hyde, included Miss Hero, Miss Kealofer and Miss Shannon from Columbia, and Captain Butts and Lieutenant Bunting, Speed and Robinson.

Lieut. Col. and Mrs. A. R. Dillingham entertained last week in honor of Miss Frances Morrow, of Washington, D.C., who was the guest of Miss Hazel Nelson at the Columbia Theater. A supper and dance at Col. and Mrs. Dillingham's quarters following.

The Camaraderie Club of Dobbs Ferry became interested in the hospital at Camp Jackson through Miss Jean Judson, and made twenty beautiful scrap books to be distributed among the wards. The men were delighted to receive them. Some of the little girls in the camp are making scrap books for the wards their mothers are interested in, and are using one of these books for a model.

Mrs. James V. Ware gave a luncheon on Friday at the Rosemary tea room for Miss Marguerite Brown, guest of Miss Hines. The unique dinner cards were sent to the hostess from Honolulu. The guests were Misses Nelson, Morrow, Hines, Waring, Brown, Mrs. Dougherty, and Miss Coleman and her guest, Miss Davies. Major Gen. and Mrs. John L. Hines entertained Col. and Mrs. Hunter B. Nelson at a supper party at the Rosemary tea room. Mrs. E. J. Van Epps returned Saturday from a fifteen days' visit with relatives and friends at New York and Washington. Capt. and Mrs. Van Epps are occupying quarters at the 2d Brigade Hotel.

Capt. and Mrs. Fawcette entertained the officers and their wives of the Q.M.C. last Saturday evening at cards. Among those present were Col. and Mrs. Coleman, Capt. and Mmes. Springer and Cooper, Lieuts. and Mmes. Kalberer, Goodey, Marchman, Yount, Lee and Brooks, Mrs. Brown and Lieutenant Saxe.

Mrs. William H. Dean and little daughter, who have been visiting in Philadelphia for two weeks, returned to Camp Jackson Saturday. Lieutenant Dean takes a very active interest in the Camp Jackson Polo Association and is considered one of the best players on the team.

The Camden show on March 30 and 31 gave the 5th Division an opportunity to demonstrate what the Army can do in the way of conditioning and training horses. The two classes in which officers of the division had placed entries were the officers' charger class over jumps and the half-mile race. In the charger class the bay gelding "Betty" entered and ridden by Lieut. Col. A. R. Dillingham, 6th Inf., carried off first honors against a field of nine entries, among them General Hines' mount and a number of entries by the Field Artillery Brigade. Captain McKinley, Q.M.C., Remount Depot, Camp Jackson, took the one-half mile race with his brown gelding. Lieutenant Colonel Dillingham on Major Watson's "Bob" was second, and Captain Elkins, 11th Inf., third. The complete results follow: Charger class—Horse "Betty," entered and ridden by Lieut. Col. A. R. Dillingham, 6th Inf.; "Mickey," entered and ridden by Lieutenant Colonel Faulkner, Field Art.; "McKellum," entered and ridden by Captain Kelzer, Vet. Corps, and Captain McKinley, Q.M.C.; "Bobbie," entered by Major J. A. Watson, 6th Inf., and Captain Elkins, 11th Inf. A large party of officers and ladies attended the show, which was marred by one serious accident. Mrs. J. A. Watson, when warming up Major Watson's "Bobbie" for the ladies' race, was thrown

and sustained a fractured ankle. Among those present were Colonels Alexander and Halstead, Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Dillingham, Lieutenant Colonel Faulkner, Major Watson, Mrs. Hines, Miss Hines, Captain Cleland, Misses Brown and Nelson, Misses Hero; also Misses Morrow, Waring, Capt. and Mrs. Seifert and about twenty young officers and Major Lyon.

Major and Mrs. K. S. Snow, who spent a number of months at Camp Jackson where Major Snow was attached to the 48th Infantry, are in the city guests of the Colonial Hotel. Major Snow, who has retired, hints that he and Mrs. Snow will make Columbia their permanent home.

The Card Club held its first meeting on Wednesday. The hostesses were Mmes. Hero, Brinamade, McCaskey, and Miss Judson. The 6th Infantry held a meeting of the Army Relief Society at the home of Mrs. Dan M. Ellis on Monday. Plans were made to raise money for the chapter in a way that will be a pleasure for all that attend. These plans will be made public later.

Miss Virginia Coeman, who celebrated her eleventh birthday anniversary on Wednesday, was honor guest of a matinee circus treat with Mrs. Powell as hostess. Miss Helen Davis, from Washington, is visiting Miss Louise Coeman. Mrs. Gray, wife of Chaplain James A. Gray, 7th Engrs., is at home visiting friends. Mrs. Gray will be away from camp for several weeks.

Mrs. Meyer gave a bridge party of five tables on Friday. The guests were Mmes. Hines, Hero, Pitts, Waters, Machin, McCaskie, Longhry, Willets, Totten, Green, Whybark, Lyon, Burkes, Brinsmade, Jones, Mabbitt, Lee, Vose and Hyde. Miss Marguerite Brown left on Saturday for Miss Beards' School, Orange, N.J.

CAMP JESUP.

Camp Jesup, Ga., March 24, 1921.

The officers and ladies of the post entertained with a hop last Tuesday evening in honor of Major and Mrs. Robert C. Eddy, who leave shortly for station at Camp Jackson. Receiving with the C.O. Lieut. Col. W. R. Kendrick, were Capt. and Mrs. Longino, Capt. and Mrs. Rogers, Chaplain and Mrs. Miller, Captain Kasper and Lieutenant Gooch. Guests were present from the 4th Corps Area, Fort McPherson, and Atlanta.

The regular weekly enlisted men's dance was held on Thursday evening at the Service Club. The Ladies' Auxiliary met at the Hostess House Wednesday. This auxiliary is composed of wives of enlisted men in charge of Mrs. L. D. Miller.

The weekly officers' hops at the Officers' Club have been much enjoyed. Guests from the 4th Corps Area, Fort McPherson, and Atlanta attend. Capt. and Mrs. W. C. Mahoney have taken the quarters vacated by Major Eddy. Apartments are being constructed for all the officers stationed at this post.

FORT OGLETORPE.

Fort Ogletorpe, Ga., April 6, 1921.

The officers' Easter hop was held April 2. Several dinner parties preceded the affair. The feature of the evening came in the Paul Jones. A mammoth Easter egg was brought to the center of the floor; the egg began to crack, a tiny foot appeared, the shell parted and out jumped a small lady dressed as a newly hatched yellow chicken. Upon investigation she proved to be Mrs. Broadhurst, wife of Major H. H. Broadhurst. Among the guests who were received by Mrs. Folz and Mrs. Dayhoff were Col. and Mrs. Wallach, Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Dale and Miss Audry Dale, Mrs. Carter, Miss Julie Tompkins, Miss Robertson, Major and Mrs. William Henry, Miss Rudicil, Major and Mrs. Roy Henry, Major Trout, Major McGee, Captain Holman, Capt. and Mmes. Shell and Mason, Lieut. and Mrs. Cheves, Capt. and Mmes. Williamson, Brown and Maxwell, Lieuts. and Mmes. Johnson, Dewey, Toft and Cramer, Captains Carter and Van Ingen, Lieutenant Heiberg, Harry, Grover and Burt, Miss Tompkins entertained at a dinner before the hop for Misses Robert and Rudicil and Major McGee and Lieutenant Burt.

Lieut. and Mrs. Cheves entertained with a large dinner party on Saturday evening. Their guests were Cols. and Mmes. Folz, Wallach and Dale, Miss Audry Dale, Capt. and Mrs. Williamson, Mrs. Mary Carter, Captain Carter, Mrs. Mary Carter entertained a number of the ladies at luncheon on Tuesday. Lieut. and Mrs. Jersey have arrived at the post. Major Orlando G. Palmer, who has been on recruiting duty at Detroit, has joined the 6th Cavalry, as has Lieutenant Connell.

Capt. and Mrs. Baird are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter, Ruth Elizabeth. Capt. James Van Ingen has gone to Chicago to attend the wedding of his brother, Capt. Dirk Van Ingen, 7th Cav.

An informal reception and a band concert were tendered Lieut. and Mrs. Jersey at the club on Tuesday. The 2d Squadron and band of the 6th Cavalry and a firing squad from the recruit depot post participated in the Loyalty Day ceremonies at Chattanooga on Wednesday.

WASHINGTON BARRACKS.

Washington Barracks, D.C., April 9, 1921.

Miss Mildred Gowen entertained with a buffet supper and dance for twenty young friends at the home of her parents, Col. and Mrs. James B. Gowen, on Monday. Col. and Mrs. James A. Mars were dinner hosts at the club this week for Lieut. Col. and Mrs. J. F. Barnes, Major and Mrs. C. S. Ridley, Mrs. J. J. Mason, Cols. C. C. Collins and Perry L. Miles, and Major H. M. Raynor.

At the dinner dance on April 6 Col. Sherwood Cheney had twelve at his table. Major Hale had ten, as did Col. and Mrs. Estes, whose guests included Major Gen. and Mrs. Charles S. Farnsworth, Lieut. Col. and Mrs. George B. Pillsbury and ten friends with them for dinner.

Mrs. Nels J. Thorud left yesterday, taking their younger daughter, Leslie Joan Thorud, with her for a fortnight's visit to friends at Boston. Miss Emerson, who has been visiting her brother, Capt. William H. Emerson, on this post, has returned to her home at Syracuse, N.Y.

Miss Dorothy Gowen attended the hop on Friday at Camp Humphreys and spent the weekend there as house guest of Capt. and Mrs. J. Hughes, Lieut. Col. Alvin C. Voris and Mrs. Voris and Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Norman F. Ramsey had dinner together on Wednesday at the club.

Miss Bettie Lou Gowen spent a part of her vacation in Maryland. The latter part of the week she had as her house guests the Misses Helen E. Nolan and Elizabeth Woosley. Capt. and Mrs. H. R. Richards entertained at dinner in compliment to Captain Richards' parents, Mr. and Mrs. Roger Richards. Major and Mrs. William O. Boss, Capt. and Mrs. Charles H. Ruth and Charles H. Ruth, Jr., were invited guests. Captain J. E. Duffy has returned to his station on this post.

Miss Consuelo Asensio, of West Point, has been a house guest of Miss Mary Stuart, daughter of the late Major E. R. Stuart and Mrs. Stuart, in the city, and with Miss Mary Stuart has been a guest at parties on this post. Mrs. Sanford H. Wadham has returned from a trip to Indianapolis.

SIXTEENTH FIELD ARTILLERY.

Camp Lewis, Wash., April 9, 1921.

The officers' dance on Friday night was in honor of the members of the Tacoma Country Club, who have frequently entertained for the officers and ladies of the camp. Gen. and Mrs. Muir received with the house committee of the Officers' Club, where the dance was held. A buffet supper was served. Mrs. Hart, wife of Capt. Edward F. Hart, entertained at tea for the ladies of the regiment at her home near the Country Club on Thursday afternoon.

The polo game on Tuesday resulted in a victory for the Freebooters over the 16th Field Artillery. The score was 8 to 3. The line-up were: Freebooters—Lieutenant McKee, No. 1; Captain Manly, No. 2; Captain Price, No. 3; Captain Dupuy, No. 4. 16th Field Artillery—Lieutenant McAuliffe, No. 1; Lieutenant Mallone, No. 2; Major Barrows, No. 3; Lieutenant Warrens, No. 4. On Friday the 47th Infantry

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feated the 77th Field Artillery by a score of 7 to 6. An extra period was necessary to decide the game. The line-up was: 47th F.A.—Major Peake, No. 1; Lieutenant Newton, No. 2; Major French, No. 3; Captain Collier, No. 4; 77th F.A.—Lieutenant Lentz, No. 1; Captain Crane, No. 2; Major Betcher, No. 3; Major Odell, No. 4.

FORT RILEY.

Fort Riley, Kas., April 19, 1921.

Col. and Mrs. Cameron were hosts at a dinner on Saturday before the hop. Their guests included C. J. Swan, Lieut. Col. and Mmes. Cox and Suyser, Majors and Mmes. Swift, Barry, Aleshire, West and J. B. Thompson, Lieut. and Mrs. Wilshire and Mrs. J. K. Thompson. Major and Mrs. Stearns also gave a dinner party on Saturday. Their guests were Col. and Mrs. Cavanaugh, Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Lear, Majors and Mmes. Appleton, Grimes, Chamberlin, Thompson and Lewis and Major J. B. Johnson.

Major Lewis has been confined to his quarters for several weeks as a result of a fall from his horse. He broke two ribs. Col. and Mrs. Winn returned from New York on Friday. Mrs. Cheney and Miss Frances Cheney returned from their visit to Fort Leavenworth on Wednesday. The Tuesday afternoon Bridge Club met with Mrs. Williamson on Tuesday.

Mrs. Hawkins and Miss Nancy Hawkins gave a bridge and tennis on Monday. Those who played were Mmes. J. K. Thompson, C. J. Swan, Barry, Wilshire, Beylard, Bradford, Minton, Unger, Bankoff, Barrott, Watkins, McCaskey, Lewis, Grimes, Gorman, Collins, Cockrell, Chapman, Peabody and Verby. Mrs. Cameron poured coffee and Mrs. Lear served ices. Mmes. Stevens, Swift, West, J. B. Thompson and Miss Cameron assisted.

Major and Mrs. West gave a supper on Saturday before the hop for Majors and Mmes. Chamberlin, Cheney, Grimes, J. M. Thompson and Major Merchant and his mother, Mrs. Merchant. Mrs. C. J. Swan left for her home in Chicago on Saturday. Mrs. J. B. Thompson accompanying her for a short visit.

SAN DIEGO AND NEARBY BASES.

San Diego, Calif., April 9, 1921.

Admiral Hugh Rodman, commander-in-chief of the Pacific Fleet, visited this port the past week on his flagship, U.S.S. New Mexico, on a trip of inspection of the various naval projects on the shore of San Diego Bay; also of the active and reserve destroyers divisions and the Pacific air force. The Admiral was host at a dinner on the ship one evening, covers being laid for sixty, his guests including Rear Admiral and Mrs. Uriel Sebren, Brig. Gen. Joseph H. Pendleton, U.S.M.C., and wife, Capt. and Mmes. W. W. Gilmer, J. H. Tomb, J. T. Oliver, L. R. Sargent and T. S. Jewett, and former Congressman and Mrs. William Kettner. He also had as guests at another dinner Rear Admiral Roger Welles, commandant of the 11th Naval District, and Capt. William V. Pratt, destroyer force commander. As a farewell party before joining her husband, Captain Joseph L. Hunter, U.S.A., at Camp Grant, Ill., Mrs. Hunter entertained on Monday afternoon, among those attending being Mmes. Frank Drake, Edwin Landon, Landon, Gatchell, Gose, P. M. Carrington, McKeon and John Stafford. Mrs. Hunter and her three children will leave soon for the East.

Mrs. Henry Norman Jenson was hostess at a bridge tea at her home in Coronado recently in honor of Mrs. Godfrey Holtehoff, of Los Angeles. Those who attended included Mmes. Roger Welles, William V. Pratt and Leonard R. Sargent. Mrs. Hensley Lacy entertained with a bridge luncheon at her Coronado home with Mmes. William V. Pratt, William Swinburne, L. R. Sargent, L. C. Bertoldo and H. W. Treat as her guests. Mrs. Treat is a visitor from Seattle, Wash.

Capt. Arthur L. Willard, commanding the U.S.S. New Mexico, entertained at luncheon on board for U.S. Senator Peter Norbeck, of South Dakota, and party. On Saturday the same party had luncheon on the U.S.S. Salem, with Capt. Hayne Ellis as host. Senator Norbeck inspected the various Government projects while here. Honoring Capt. and Mrs. William V. Pratt, a dinner of fourteen covers was given by Capt. and Mrs. Hayne Ellis on board the Salem.

Capt. and Mrs. Taylor Evans were hosts at a dinner and bridge party at their home in Coronado on Wednesday evening, their guests including Capt. and Mmes. William V. Pratt and Thomas S. Jewett and Col. and Mrs. James Lockett. Capt. Hayne Ellis and family, who have been occupying a house in Coronado for the past year, have again taken up their residence at Hotel del Coronado. Mr. and Mrs. William C. Jenson and son, of Wisconsin, are guests at the home of Mr. Jenson's brother, Comdr. Henry N. Jenson, in Coronado.

SECOND INFANTRY NOTES.

Camp Sherman, Ohio, April 10, 1921.

The Misses Leonard, of Ann Arbor, Mich., are visiting their parents, Col. and Mrs. Ivers W. Leonard. Capt. and Mrs. James L. Ballard announce the birth of a son. Mrs. Ballard is the daughter of Col. E. C. Carnahan. Major and Mrs. L. P. Patten entertained at dinner April 9. Capt. Kenneth G. Althaus, Lieuts. P. H. Cavanaugh and Joseph K. Evans, all of whom were in Major Patten's regiment during the war, were the guests.

Col. and Mrs. Ivers W. Leonard entertained the officers and ladies of the regiment at a bridge party April 13. Major R. H. Barrett has recently joined the regiment. Mrs. Paul D. Connor and son, Paul D., Jr., have joined Captain Connor. They will reside in Chillicothe. Major Louis T. Byrne was a guest at dinner with Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Samuel D. Sturgis April 10. The 2d Infantry officers' mess has adopted a mahogany chest of fine silver as the standard wedding gift of the regiment. Capt. C. C. Lewis' promotion party was voted a success by the bachelor officers. Capt. and Mrs. Paul D. Connor entertained at dinner for Capt. Kenneth Althaus last week at the Warner House.

"Spig Remus," Major L. T. Byrne's pedigree Airedale, won two ribbons at the Columbus Kennel Club show at Columbus, Ohio, last week.

Capt. Grover C. Rippetoe is developing some promising material for a regimental polo team. A practice game will be played soon with the Camp Sherman team, of which Brig. Gen. S. D. Sturgis is the captain.

THE PRESIDIO.

Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., April 7, 1921.

The regular meeting of the Presidio Ladies' Club was held on Thursday. There were thirty tables of bridge and supper followed. The prize-winners were Mmes. Ogden, Rice, Kester, and Colonel Shaw.

There was a large hop at the post exchange at Fort Winfield Scott Friday night, when Col. Ira A. Hayes, commanding officer at Fort Scott, and Mrs. Hayes received. Before the dance a dinner was given by Mrs. Bertha Powell at her home. The guests were Col. and Mrs. Hayes and their house guest, Mrs. Russell Christie; Col. and Mrs. McAndrew. Majors and Mmes. McKell, Sharpe, Arnold, Eastwood, Pendleton, Capt. and Mmes. Walton, Stillman, Lofquist, Lieuts. and Mmes. Borden, Goepert, Devine, Erickson, Ingman, and Lieut. James Craig.

Capt. and Mrs. Chester Shephard entertained at a dinner at the Officers' Mess on Friday. The guests were Messrs. and Mmes. Howell, Bliss, Bacon, Cabill, Littlepage, Warren, Curran, Willis, Haas, Majors and Mmes. Riesman, Kelley, White, Lieuts. and Mmes. Cates, Ogden, Misses Kennedy, de Guerr, Oscar,

Clark, Witner, Olive, Vincent, Majors Stanley, Welschheimer, Captain Olson and Lieutenant Murray.

Major and Mrs. John Kelley entertained with a riding party and a supper following on Sunday for Major and Mrs. Reisman, Mrs. Dana Crispy, Miss Rose Clark, Major Stanley, Captain Olson and Lieutenant Burgess. Mrs. Merriman is confined to her room with a badly sprained ankle. Col. and Mrs. Sloan, Major and Mrs. Singles and children, Capt. and Mrs. Bettinger and Chaplain Fox sailed on the transport Sherman on Tuesday. Capt. and Mrs. McChrystal go to China for station on the next transport.

Major Ord has taken an apartment in the Bachelor Building. Lieutenant Cooney, who has been receiving treatment at Letterman Hospital for several weeks, returned to Stanford University with Mrs. Cooney.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.**BORN.**

BAIRD.—Born at Long Branch, N.J., April 5, 1921, to the wife of Major John A. Baird, Coast Art., U.S.A.; a son, Edwin William Baird.

BARRETT.—Born at Atlanta, Ga., March 7, 1921, to the wife of Lieut. A. W. Barrett, C.A.R.C., formerly of the 1st French Mortar Battery, 1st Division, A.E.F., a daughter, Patricia Barrett.

CALLAWAY.—Born at St. Louis, Mo., April 2, 1921, to the wife of Lieut. Comdr. W. F. Callaway, U.S.N., a son, William Franklin Callaway.

DIERDORFF.—Born at Manila, P.I., Dec. 11, 1921, to the wife of Lieut. Ross A. Dierdorff, U.S.N., a daughter, Neida Jean Dierdorff.

GREGG.—Born at Newport, R.I., April 11, 1921, to the wife of Lieut. Comdr. S. O. Greig, U.S.N., a daughter, Adele Boush Greig.

HAHN.—Born at Washington, D.C., April 8, 1921, to the wife of Lieut. Corman L. Hahn, Corps of Engrs., U.S.A., a son; William Reed Hahn.

HILL.—Born at Dayton, Ohio, April 12, 1921, to the wife of Major James R. Hill, U.S. Cav., a son, James Hague Hill.

KELLOGG.—Born at Columbia, Mo., to the wife of Capt. Paul V. Kellogg, U.S.A., a son, Paul Vincent Kellogg.

MCCLELLAN.—Born at Chevy Chase, Md., April 12, 1921, to the wife of Major Edwin N. McClellan, U.S.M.C., a son.

MCLOCKEY.—Born at Erie, Pa., April 5, 1921, to the wife of Lieut. Palmer J. McCloskey, U.S.N., a daughter.

PATCH.—Born at Dameron Hospital, Stockton, Calif., April 5, 1921, to the wife of Lieut. Comdr. Ernest L. Patch (C.C.), U.S.N., a son, Arthur Ernest Patch.

SLAUGHTER.—Born at West Point, N.Y., April 5, 1921, to the wife of Major Homer H. Slaughter, a son.

THORP.—Born at Sewickley, Pa., April 7, 1921, to the wife of Major Frank Thorp, Jr., U.S.A., a son, Matthew Charles Burke.

VANDERHOOF.—Born at Asheville, N.C., April 6, 1921, to the wife of Lieut. Arnold H. Vanderhoof, U.S.N., retired, a daughter, Julia Vanderhoof.

WALKER.—Born at Fort Snelling, Minn., April 8, 1921, to the wife of Capt. W. G. Walker, 49th Inf., U.S.A., a son.

WILLIS.—Born at Fort Sill, Okla., March 4, 1921, to the wife of Lieut. Richard B. Willis, Jr., 1st Field Art., U.S.A., a son, Richard B. Willis, 3d.

MARRIED.

EARLY—HARSHMAN.—At Gordonsville, Va., April 9, 1921, Major Clifford Cabell Early, U.S. Inf., and Miss Harriet Harshman.

DAVIS—ENNEKING.—At San Diego, Calif., April 4, 1921, Lieut. Comdr. Ellsworth Davis, U.S.N., and Miss Mildred Enneking.

KALLOCH—GALVIN.—At New York city, April 9, 1921, Major Parker C. Kalloch, Inf., U.S.A., and Miss Katherine T. Galvin.

MURRAY—BALMFORTH.—At Arlington, Mass., April 2, 1921, Major Joseph D. Murray, U.S.M.C., and Miss Lillian Balmforth.

ROCHEFORT—AERY.—At Los Angeles, Calif., March 30, 1921, Ensign Joseph J. Rochefort, U.S.N., and Miss Fay Aery.

SWIFT—PERRY.—At Des Moines, Iowa, March 30, 1921, Lieut. Ira Platt Swift, Cav., U.S.A., and Miss Gertrude Morgan Perry, daughter of Col. Howard R. Perry, U.S.A., and Mrs. Perry.

WHITE—LAZARO.—At Washington, D.C., April 7, 1921, Lieut. Allen Howard White, Supply Corps., U.S.N., and Miss Heloise Lazaro.

DIED.

ARNOLD.—Died at Earleville, Iowa, April 2, 1921, Mrs. Sarah Arnold, mother of Col. Frederick T. Arnold, U.S. Cav.

BACK.—Died at San Diego, Calif., April 4, 1921, Mrs. Katherine Elizabeth Back, mother of Capt. Roscius H. Back, U.S.A.

BAILEY.—Died at El Paso, Texas, April 9, 1921, Rear Adm. Frank H. Bailey, U.S.N., retired.

BASS.—Died at Oklahoma City, Okla., Feb. 16, 1921, Mr. J. M. Bass, father of Mrs. Charles A. Thuis, wife of Major Thuis, U.S. Inf.

BATCHELLER.—Died at San Diego, Calif., April 8, 1921, Ensign Harry C. Batcheller, U.S.N.R.E.

BURTON.—Died at Brookland, D.C., April 10, 1921, Mrs. W. H. Burton, mother of Lieut. Col. F. H. Burton, U.S.A., and of H. E. Burton, formerly major, Q.M. Corps, U.S.A.

CRAWFORD.—Died at Aurora, Colo., April 9, 1921, 1st Lieut. Louis Russell Crawford, Cav., U.S.A.

FOSTER.—Died at Fort Slocum, N.Y., April 6, 1921, Mrs. Florilla Ann Foster, widow of Frank R. Foster, mother of John B. Foster and Mrs. W. O. Taylor, and grandmother of Mrs. Rex Hayes Rhoades, wife of Lieut. Col. Rex Hayes Rhoades, U.S.A.

GILLEN.—Died at San Lorenzo, Calif., recently, ex-Sergt. 1st Class John James Gillen, 8th Field Sig. Corps., U.S.A.

JOHNSON.—Died at Constantinople, Turkey, March 23, 1921, Lieut. Clarence Willard Johnson, U.S.N.

MCMEANS.—Died at Santa Rosa, Calif., April 1, 1921, Prof. Alexander C. McMeans, father of Mrs. May Coman, wife of Lieut. Comdr. E. H. Coman, U.S.N., and of Mrs. Helen Connors, wife of Lieut. Comdr. E. H. Connors, U.S.N., and of the late Ensign Harold V. McMeans, U.S.N.

MAUBORGNE.—Died April 13, 1921, at Corona, Long Island, N.Y., Catherine E. Mauborgne, wife of E. C. Mauborgne and mother of Major Joseph O. Mauborgne, Sig. Corps., U.S.A., aged sixty-four years.

PERSONS.—Died at Baltimore, Md., April 4, 1921, Mrs. Persons, widow of Med. Dir. R. C. Persons, U.S.N., and mother of Mrs. McBride, wife of Capt. L. B. McBride, U.S.N., Mrs. Le Breton, wife of Comdr. D. McD. Le Breton, U.S.N., and Mrs. Henry, wife of Sidney Morgan Henry, formerly captain of the Navy.

ROBISON.—Died at Alamosa, Colo., March 29, 1921, Mrs. Nina S. Robison, mother of Capt. Stanford E. Moses, U.S.N., grandmother of Ensign William Moultrie Moses and Midshipman Lionel B. Moses, Jr., and aunt of Col. Lawrence H. Moses, U.S.M.C.

SCHOONMAKER.—Died at her residence, 202 West Seventy-fourth street, New York city, April 12, 1921, Matilda Rogers Schoonmaker, wife of the late Capt. Cornelius Marinus Schoonmaker, U.S.N., and daughter of George Duncan Cooper and Margaret Livingston. Funeral service at Christ Church, Broadway and Seventy-first street, April 15. Interment at Kingston, N.Y.

TURNER.—Died at Bellingham, Wash., April 1, 1921, Mrs. M. E. Turner, mother of Major Edward W. Turner, U.S.A.

WENTWORTH.—Died at U.S. Naval Hospital, Portsmouth, N.H., April 18, 1921, Capt. Andrew Reginald Wentworth, Med. Corps, U.S. Navy, retired.

THE NEW EBBITT

WASHINGTON, D.C.

Army and Navy Headquarters

When you come to the National Capital stop at the "Service House."

STATE FORCES.**COLORADO.**

Troop B, 1st Separate Squadron, Colorado N.G., Capt. J. H. Jancke commanding, was given Federal recognition on March 26 last, after inspection by Major Dennis McCunniff, U.S.A. The troop is in but six men short of authorized strength and it is expected that the arrival of thirty-two mounts will attract additional men to the unit. This troop is located at the arbor, 1737 Champa street, Denver.

A machine gun company is being recruited in Montrose. It will be a unit of the 177th Infantry when Federally recognized. R. R. Gowdy has been named captain of the unit-to-be and B. H. King as one of the lieutenants.

WASHINGTON STATE.

Brig. Gen. Maurice Thompson, The A.G. of the state of Washington, has moved his office from Seattle to Olympia, in order to carry out the provisions of the administrative code enacted at the last session of the Legislature, which requires all executive agencies of the state to be concentrated in Olympia. Battery A, Field Artillery, stationed at Walla Walla, and Co. L, Tank Corps, stationed at Walla Walla, and Co. C, Field Art., Capt. J. H. Fahy; an Infantry machine gun and a Signal company. The Columbia Park Boys' Club was also present and performed the ceremony of evening parade, and also went through a battalion drill in highly creditable manner. This was the first official review of National Guard organizations since the World War, and the large armory was crowded with guests and a very commendable showing was made. The National Guard units taking part are located in Berkeley, Oakland and San Francisco. The U.S. Coast Artillery from Fort Scott furnished the music.

The opening of the California state rifle range at Oakland recently was quite an event, and crack shots from the U.S. Army, U.S. Marines and the National Guard participated. Major Thomas A. Terry, U.S.A., represented Major Gen. Hunter Liggett, and other Army officers present included Col. P. M. Kessler and Capt. J. T. Pierce. Among the National Guard officers present were Adjutant Gen. J. J. Borree and Major R. E. Mittelstaedt, Calif. N.G., in charge of the district activities, who laid out the range and arranged the opening shoot. Out of a possible score of 750 points the winning Marines scored 637 during heavy winds. The 32d Infantry, U.S.A., team, from the Presidio, was second, scoring 626. A combination team from Fort Scott and Fort Baker represented the Coast Artillery, scoring 618 points and taking third place. The National Guard team, picked from Los Angeles, San Francisco and Sacramento, captured fourth place, with a score of 599. Sergeant L. Young, of the Marine Corps, won the individual marksmanship contest with 140 points out of a possible 150 on 200, 500 and 1,000-yard ranges. Sergeant Ligman was second with 139, and Guatine Rother, of the 32d Infantry, third with 138.

NEW YORK.

Among the new organizations being formed for the New York National Guard is the 27th Division, Air Service. Major Lawrence La Tourette Driggs, who was attached to the British Air Service in the World War, has been designated as commander of the new unit, and is desirous of enrolling former officers of the Army and Navy air forces in the organization. The 27th Air Service is to consist of the 102d Observation Squadron, the equipment of which includes thirteen two-seated airplanes; the 102d Photographic Section, and the 102d Branch Intelligence Office.

There will be four armory reviews held by organizations of the N.Y.N.G. in New York city during the week ending April 23. Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan will review the 8th Coast Defense Command in the Bronx April 21, the 69th Infantry in Manhattan April 22, and the 23d Infantry of Brooklyn April 23. The 13th Coast Defense Command of Brooklyn will hold a review in honor of its war veterans on the night of April 23.

71st N.Y.—Col. J. Hollis Wells.

It is rare that a brigade commander from the upper part of the state of New York is given an opportunity to review a regiment in New York city, therefore the review of the 71st Infantry, N.Y.N.G., under Col. J. H. Wells, in its armory in New York city on the night of April 8 by Brig. Gen. Edgar Jennings, commanding the 4th Brigade, with headquarters at Buffalo, was of more than ordinary interest. General Jennings during the World War served on the battle line in France, in command of the 108th Infantry, which was organized from the old 3d and 74th Infantry, with a sprinkling of officers and men from the 12th. The General has also served some thirty years in the National Guard, and after his experience is certainly qualified to know a good or bad organization. After witnessing the various exhibitions of the evening General Jennings, while in the Colonel's room, heartily complimented the regiment for its splendid showing. He stated that he was really surprised at the exceptionally good work the command had accomplished, and the discipline and general efficiency displayed by officers and men on the armory drill floor. He also complimented Colonel Wells personally on the fine results he had obtained. Now that the 71st, under the new Army program, is a part of the Infantry brigade under General Jennings, he said that he hoped to see more of it, and especially in camp. The officers composing the staff of General Jennings were Majors E. G. Ziegler and C. S. Martin, Capt. H. P. Parry, and 1st Lieuts. Frank N. Bloomer and Charles Osborne.

After a snappy review by General Jennings there was an interesting presentation of colors from the 71st to the 71st-105th American Legion Post, in command of Major Frank E. Potter, Colonel Wells making the presentation speech, in which he praised the patriotism of the men of the Legion. Major Potter in reply gave assurance that the men of the Legion stood ready to defend the colors in the future as in the past; that they were for America first, and with no hyphen. Company E, Capt. E. J. Orsenigo, which had the honor of winning all the rifle shooting trophies in the regiment, was formally presented with the same. These trophies were the following: The Adjutant General's trophy, shot for at 600 and 1,000 yards, Merz shield and Colonel's cup. Company D, Capt. L. D. Stickles, gave a splendid exhibition of close order drill and manual of arms, and also a number of special steps, including the German "goose step." In some movements the company gave its own commands in unison, and also executed the manual with and without the numbers. Evening parade, which was a finely executed ceremony, was the concluding military event, after which there was dancing. The large audience applauded in the most hearty manner the various events of the evening. Among the special guests were Cols. G. D. Moore and Raymond Sheldon, U.S.A., and ex-Major Delmar, of the 71st.

It is understood that the 71st Regiment will go to Camp Dix, N.J., in July next for a tour of camp duty, which will include rifle practice.

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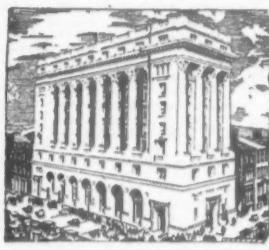
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ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

The Answers Department is intended for the information of all readers of the paper. We do not answer questions as to personal standing in examinations or individual prospects of appointment or call to duty. Inquiries are so numerous and varied in character, and in so many cases require time for special research, that we are unable to respond to the request for a personal reply to letters. Inquiries will be answered in the paper as soon as possible after their receipt. Questions must be accompanied by name and address of inquirer.

J. O. M.—When you were appointed a permanent staff sergeant you came under the pay rates provided for that grade in the Army Reorganization act of June 4, 1920.

G. W. W. asks: In your Journal of March 5, 1921, under heading of Quartermaster Corps, I noticed where I was appointed a technical sergeant, Construction Service, to date from Feb. 21, 1921. Is this correct, and how soon will I be notified of appointment from Q.M.G.O.? Answer: This is a correct condensation of the official orders of the day noted. This is official notification to you as well as to the Army at large.

O. J. B.—G.O. 76, 1919, governs the issue of the Mexican border service medal: "to any officer or enlisted man of the National Guard who, under orders of the President, served on the Mexican border in the years 1916 and 1917; to any officer or enlisted man of the Regular Army who, under orders of the President, served as a member of the Mexican border patrol between Jan. 1, 1916, and April 6, 1917." Applications for it should be in duplicate on Form 714, A.G.O.

C. N. P. asks: (1) Can an officer who has had twenty years' service as an enlisted man be placed in Class B for inefficiency in the performance of his duties through no fault of his own and when there is no complaint against his character or habits? (2) Can a warrant officer be placed in Class B; if not, how may he be discharged if not qualified to perform clerical duties of a warrant officer? Answer: (1) He cannot count the twenty years' enlisted service for retirement. He would be retired on two and one-half per cent. per year of his commissioned service. (2) No; by order of Secretary of War, and for all-around inefficiency. No regulation yet adopted.

L. T. B. asks: (1) I have of late heard several rumors concerning the disbanding of approximately 82,000 soldiers. Can you confirm this rumor? How will the men be discharged? (2) I recently married. Would an affidavit from either my wife or parents claiming dependency be of any use in furthering an application for discharge before my time is up? Answer: (1) The Army is being reduced to 175,000 by the cessation of recruiting and by the discharge of men at expiration of enlistment. (2) Apply through channel for discharge on account of dependent wife.

S. J. S.—Appointments that were to have been announced as a result of examinations of Jan.-Feb., 1921, for master sergeant, Medical Department, are held up on account of reduction ordered in enlisted strength of the Army.

G. W. S. asks: What is the pay of a sergeant of the line with over fifteen years' service; enlisted Feb. 1, 1921? Answer: \$45 base, plus \$2 temporary, plus \$13.50 longevity (thirty per cent. of base); total, \$67.50.

J. K. asks: I was appointed steward, A.M.P.S., C.A.C., on Jan. 20, 1920. By the provisions of G.O. 36, W.D., 1920, I was automatically reappointed as a private, specialist, third class. Since that time I have been appointed as private, first class, specialist, third class. I am in my seventh enlistment (over twenty years' service), and will retire this year. What should be my present monthly rate of pay? What will be my monthly rate of pay, if I retire this year, in my present grade? Answer: Present rate of pay would be \$49 plus \$15 for specialist rating, third class, or \$64. On retirement you would receive \$52.50 a month, which includes \$15.75 as commutation of clothing, rations, quarters, fuel and light.

G. F. E. asks: Can you tell me if an ex-enlisted man in the U.S. Navy, twelve years' service, all honorable, but not able to re-enlist on account of sickness in line of duty would, if disabled, be able to go to the Naval Home in Philadelphia later on? Answer: When that "later on" disability arrives, submit the matter to the Bureau of Navigation for decision. Enlisted men of the Navy or Marine Corps may be admitted to the benefits of the Naval Home, by authority of the Bureau of Navigation, under the following classification: (a) Discharged enlisted men of the Navy or Marine Corps who have served in the Mexican War, the Civil War, the War with

Spain, the Philippine Insurrection, or any other service where the armed forces of the United States have been employed, and their lives hazarded in military operations, and who are, by reason of wounds, sickness, old age, or other disability, unable to support themselves by manual labor. (b) Discharged enlisted men of the Navy or Marine Corps who have become disqualified for further service by wounds, or injuries received, or by disease contracted in the service in the line of duty and who are unable to support themselves by manual labor. (c) Retired enlisted men of the Navy and Marine Corps unable to support themselves by manual labor.

CURIOS READER asks: Is a man, formerly a non-commissioned officer, entitled to retain and occupy his quarters on the N.C.O. line, after having received and accepted his appointment as warrant officer in the Army? Answer: He is entitled to allowances of a second lieutenant. The Q.M. will assign quarters or allow commutation.

D. R. E. asks: (1) First lieutenant, M.A.C., will have five years' commissioned service in November, 1922 (this includes his service as first lieutenant, captain and major, emergency). When will he be eligible for examination for promotion to captain, M.A.C.? (2) If he should resign now could he re-enlist in his former grade as a master hospital sergeant (he held a permanent warrant in that grade when he was commissioned and has twenty-four years' continuous service)? Answer: (1) In November, 1922. All his commissioned war service counts. (2) No; he is now an officer of the Regular Army; the privilege to which you refer was for re-enlistment on discharge from emergency commission.

T. J. M.—Examinations for transfer of temporary warrants to permanent grades in the Navy will be held on May 24 in all districts and all fleets. A chief boatswain's mate is qualified to take the test if he held temporary rank of warrant officer either in the Regular Navy or Reserves. Application should be made by the inquirer to the Bureau of Navigation. It is not contemplated that examinations for warrant grades will be held in the near future.

C. A.—In regard to your cases of A. B. R. S. X and Y, submitted, you are referred to Par. 8 of Sec. 127a, National Defense act, as amended June 4, 1920, to determine relative rank for all purposes except promotion.

C. H. D.—Badges of societies will not be worn with decorations, service medals or substitutes therefor except at meetings, ceremonies or functions of the society in question. (Circular 490, Oct. 27, 1919.)

OLD SOLDIER.—See A.R. 134 as to what service counts double toward retirement. Apply to The A.G. for date of arrival of your organization in Porto Rico.

K. B.—Your number is 7739, and the 305 vacancies for captain do not reach you.

G. M. H. asks: Quoting your paper of April 2, 1921: "The fourragères hereafter constitute a part of the uniform of the above mentioned organization." Question: Is a war-time member of these regiments now in another organization entitled to wear the fourragère? Answer: No.

D. B. R. asks: What is the present authorized peace and war strength of a lettered troop of Cavalry in a regiment not assigned to a division? Please quote authority. Answer: Minimum tables of Tables of Organization, 1917, are still in force. They give troop of Cavalry (troop in squadron) as 8 officers and 70 men. Maximum tables provide for 3 officers and 105 men, which was the strength of Cavalry organizations authorized during the war. New Tables of Organization have been approved, providing peace strength, 3 officers and 96 men; war strength, 5 officers and 126 men. But these have not yet been ordered in effect.

D. O. B.—Apply through channel for your rank on the list of technical sergeants, F.D.

W. J. M. asks: Qualified as marksman July 23, 1916, and April 21, 1917. Marksman pay stopped April 20, 1918. Did not have an opportunity to qualify until July 26, 1920, on which date I qualified as marksman. On present enlistment since October, 1914. Am I entitled to marksman pay from April 21, 1918, to July 25, 1920? Answer: No; Par. 1345, A.R., as changed, governed.

C. R. B.—There has been no recent order regarding change in Army officers' blouse. Do you refer to discussion of suggestions made in previous volumes of this paper?

J. R. L. asks: I was commissioned a second lieutenant, Infantry, Oct. 26, 1917; promoted to a provisional first lieutenant, Sept. 13, 1919, and retired for physical disability April 19, 1920, as a first lieutenant. In looking over the last promotion lists I find that those whom I ranked have been promoted to their captaincies and I have been left off the list. Now as these promotions were based on active service between April, 1914, and Nov. 11, 1918, and during that period I was on active service, it seems to me, though I am retired, that the promotions would date back and I would be entitled to a promotion. Answer: No. Had you been on the active list on July 1, 1920, you would have been promoted. If you at any time after your retirement are placed on active duty, when such duty totals two months and twenty-two days, you are due for promotion. See Par. 9 of Sec. 127a, Reorganization act.

J. B. H. asks: Pvt. X was a private, first class, prior to May 18, 1920, monthly pay \$39.60. Under act of June 4, 1920, was rendered surplus as private, first class, Q.M.C., in January, 1921, a letter from the adjutant, 2d Corps Area, appointing him a private and specialist, sixth class. Should he receive \$39.60, plus \$3 specialist pay, or \$30, plus \$3 specialist? Answer: \$33, as he is not in the same grade as on June 4.

S. A. C. asks: An officer appointed to the Medical Corps July 1, 1920, age forty-eight, will his retirement pay be at the rate of three-quarters pay or two and one-half per cent. for each year of service? Answer: Four per cent. for each completed year of commissioned service (Sec. 24), unless his retirement is by reason of H classification (24b), when it would be two and one-half per cent. for each year of commissioned service.

CAPTAIN, Q.M.C.—B. P. Root is No. 6,589 on the single list.

H. B. F. asks: Does following service entitle me to the \$90 bonus referred to in Cir. 247, W.D., A.G.O., July 6, 1921: Enlisted April 6, 1916, in Ga. N.G.; federalized June 22, 1916. Was in continuous active service in federalized N.G. and U.S. Army until May 14, 1919. Re-enlisted Feb. 20, 1920, for a period of three years? Answer: No bonus; this is payable for enforcements entered upon after June 4, 1920.

EX-SOLDIER asks: May financial help be had from the Government to perfect an invented article (not yet patented) which would be of high military value? Answer: There is a Central patent section in the War Department General Staff which considers and protects inventions submitted to it by men and officers in the Service. Those outside may offer suggestions and receive advice as to adaptability of invention proposed. Ask the A.G.

T. G. D.—Co. D, 9th Infantry, aboard Zealandia, arrived Manila April 27, 1899. The 20th Infantry arrived Manila on the Logao Dec. 28, 1903; the regiment had returned from the Philippines in the spring of 1902.

J. W. K. asks: (1) Is a warrant officer, U.S. Army, entitled to the additional pay for M.O.H., D.S.C. or D.S.M.? (2) Re-enlisted at Columbus, Ohio, June, 1916; discharged June, 1917, at San Antonio, Texas, to accept commission; discharged from commission December, 1920. To which place am I entitled to transportation? Answer: (1) This is for enlisted men, not officers. (2) To place he accepted commission.

H. F. asks: Enlisted Jan. 28, 1918; furloughed to Reserve, own request, Jan. 27, 1916; called to colors and reported Aug. 7, 1916; discharged June 8, 1919, for purpose of re-enlisting and re-enlisted June 8, 1919, for one year. All above service I was a private. Was discharged June 7, 1920, as a sergeant after serving one year, from June 8, 1919, to June 7, 1920. Am I entitled to \$90 bonus under act of May 11, 1908? Answer: Not entitled.

G. P. B. asks: (1) Have the personal letters submitted under W.D. Circular 350, 1920, relative to the promotion of enlisted men of the Quartermaster Corps, to the rank of master, technical and staff sergeants, been relegated to permanent file, or will they still be used in reference to future promotions? (2) Are further promotions, under this circular, contemplated in the near future? Answer: (1) They are placed in the personal file of the soldier concerned and form a part of his official record. (2) No. See W.D. Cir. 87, March 29, 1921, Par. 2.

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FORT NIAGARA.

Fort Niagara, N.Y., April 1, 1921.

On March 15 Mrs. John Anderson entertained the Tuesday Card Club. Decorations and refreshments savored of the "Emerald Isle," in anticipation of St. Patrick's day.

A dance was given on the evening of St. Patrick's day at Captain Ransom's quarters by Mrs. Ransom and Mrs. Bassett. Capt. A. Pope and his mother, Mrs. Pope, also Lieutenant Dodson, of the Medical Corps, had just arrived at the post and were warmly welcomed at the dance by the officers and ladies of the entire garrison.

Mrs. Martin Bardollar has left Fort Niagara for a short visit in Washington, and on her return expects to spend a few days with Captain Bardollar's parents in Pennsylvania. Lieutenant and Mrs. Nelson are spending a few weeks in New York City. Lieutenant Nelson has had an operation performed at Fort Totten hospital, and is reported as rapidly improving.

Mrs. F. Dahl Evans gave a bridge party during the week in honor of her guest, Miss Annie Ward, of New York city, daughter of Brigadier General Ward, retired. This was one of the largest affairs of the kind held at the post for some time, those present including the ladies of the post and others from Niagara Falls, Youngstown, Lewiston and Tonawanda.

Miss Emily Tottman, of Syracuse, N.Y., is visiting her sister, Mrs. Richard Bassett. Capt. and Mrs. Doyle gave a dinner at the officers' mess on St. Patrick's day for Col. and Mrs. F. D. Evans and Mrs. John Anderson, Major Gen. and Mrs. Shanks. Shanks are visiting Col. and Mrs. F. D. Evans.

SEVENTH DIVISION AND CAMP MEADE NOTES.

Camp Meade, Md., April 8, 1921.

Miss Grace Rutherford and Mrs. Louise M. Cooper, of Washington, who were guests of Miss Rutherford's brother, Major Allan Rutherford, returned home on Sunday. Major and Mrs. Clifford Tudor spent Easter Sunday with Major Tudor's mother, Mrs. W. Tudor, at Philadelphia.

Major and Mrs. N. E. Margott gave a reception on Sunday in honor of Lieut. F. B. Lyle and his bride, formerly Miss Ruby Lemiet, of Gary, Ind. The officers and ladies of the 7th and 8th Field Artillery and the Ammunition Train attended. Mrs. Clifford Tudor and Mrs. Charles Lehner assisted the hostess. Tea was served and Mrs. Lyle was welcomed to her new home. The Board of Trade of Baltimore is deeply interested in securing ground at Camp Meade for a flying field. A delegation from that organization visited Camp Meade recently accompanied by Major Sneed, 3d Corps Area, and looked over the ground.

Mrs. H. A. Laird, wife of Captain Laird, entertained tea tables at cards and tea on Thursday afternoon in honor of Miss Alta Redfoot, of Ashford, N.C., who is her house guest. The officers and ladies of the Station Hospital gave a dance on Tuesday at Service Club No. 11 to the officers and ladies of the 7th Division and Camp Meade. The hall was beautifully decorated, having as a special feature hundreds of toy balloons fastened along the walls and used singly all over the house. The hall was filled to capacity by friends of the hosts and a program of twenty dances was highly enjoyed. The committee which had the work in charge consisted of Major G. V. Emerson, Capt. Paul M. Bowman and Mr. John M. Tauras, all of the hospital.

SEVENTEENTH INFANTRY NOTES.

Fort McIntosh, Texas, April 4, 1921.

The last formal dance of the season was held at the Officers' Club on Saturday evening in honor of Col. and Mrs. William B. Cochran. The club was tastefully decorated with flags and greens and presented a fine appearance. A large crowd from Laredo attended and about seventy-five couples enjoyed the evening. The dance was under the direction of Captains Dodge, Dumas and Shropshire, and it was largely due to their efforts that it was such a success. On Friday evening in Nuevo Laredo a "promotion party" was given by the officers recently promoted in the regiment. It was a strictly stag affair, and as the Eighteenth Amendment is still unknown in Mexico, it was held in Nuevo Laredo, across the Rio Grande. The crowd left the post at 7:30 p.m., via auto, and arrived in Nuevo Laredo about 8 o'clock. At the conclusion of a fine banquet speeches were made by Colonel Cochran, post commander, Majors Cheston,

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Lloyd, Hemenway and Rogers, Captains Gray, Dodge and several others. Capt. F. J. Pearson, acting adjutant, officiated as toastmaster. Everyone had a good time, and it is planned to "have another" before long. The following officers, recently promoted, were hosts: Captains Stewart, Hooper, Finney, Flint, Parkhurst, Pearson, Lehman, Head, Dumas, Kaiser, Zuppahn, Robbins, and Lieutenant Seymour.

Capt. Harry M. Gwynn, post adjutant, and Mrs. Gwynn are on a two weeks' leave, which they are spending in Mexico. Major and Mrs. F. V. Hemenway entertained at cards last Monday. Among those present were Captains and Mmes. Kice, Kaiser, Hooper, Finney, Pearson, and Captains Dodge and Dumas. The Ladies' Card Club gave their final party on Tuesday evening and had as guests the officers of the post. Prizes were won by Mrs. Kaiser, Mrs. Tierney, Captains Kaiser and Dodge.

Major F. V. Hemenway gave a stag card party last Monday evening in honor of Capt. E. V. Dodge. High score was made by Captain Dodge and low score by Captain Hooper. Capt. M. H. Flint, who has been confined to his quarters for two weeks with tonsilitis, has returned to duty. Capt. and Mrs. Carey Goodwyn have arrived at the post. Captain Goodwyn will assume the duties of post quartermaster, relieving Captain Zuppahn.

The course in military hygiene under Major Lloyd, post surgeon, was completed last week. Captain Hooper stood No. 1 in the examination, with a mark of ninety-eight per cent. Capt. Earl Dodge entertained Major and Mrs. Hemenway, Capt. and Mrs. Hooper and Capt. and Mrs. Kaiser at cards on Thursday.

Mrs. Hooper entertained at bridge on Friday. Those present were Mmes. Cochran, Finney, Kaiser, Hemenway, Pearson and Kice. On the same evening a movie party was given by several ladies of the post. Those present were Mmes. Head, Moncure, Lehman, Stewart, Flint and Parkhurst.

THIRD DIVISION NOTES.

Camp Pike, Ark., April 7, 1921.

Capt. and Mrs. Holt entertained with six tables of bridge at their home on Pulaski Heights on Wednesday night. Col. and Mrs. John C. Waterman, of Philadelphia, are visiting their son, Col. J. J. Waterman. The first of a series of afternoon bridge parties was given by Mrs. E. M. Lewis at her home.

Capt. and Mrs. A. O. Walsh had dinner for Capt. and Mrs. Rice, Capt. and Mrs. McKenzie and Chaplain and Mrs. Merrill, Lieut. and Mrs. Ehinger and Lieut. and Mrs. Doran were hosts for the 3d Artillery Bridge Club on Tuesday night. On Monday night Major and Mrs. T. F. McNeil entertained with five tables of bridge. The guests were Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Lewis, Col. and Mrs. Powers, Majors and Mmes. Brown, Ward, Tarleton, McIntyre, Boughton, Gates, Captas. and Mmes. Edwards and Lewis and Mrs. Harris.

A dinner, followed by a Majestic party, was given by Major W. J. Gates. Mrs. M. K. Lindsey returned from Kansas City, where she has been visiting her mother. A number of the ladies of the camp have entertained with bridge this week. The hostesses included Mrs. A. L. Evans with four tables, Mrs. R. S. McKenzie with a bridge luncheon, Mrs. S. Elliot with two tables of bridge and Mrs. F. T. Rice with four tables of bridge. Mrs. L. D. Tarleton had three tables of bridge last Friday evening.

Col. and Mrs. E. H. Wagener entertained with a large dinner party at the Visitors' House on Saturday. Mrs. F. W. Lilly and her little son, Bob, of Seattle, Wash., are visiting Mrs. Lilly's sister, Mrs. T. A. Pedley, Jr., 30th Inf.

A race meet will be held on May 7, and a horse show on May 27 and 28, under the auspices of the 3d Division Riding and Hunt Association.

The Racing Association, Polo Association and Horse Show

Association of the 3d Division, which carried out active programs in their respective fields at the camp last season, as well as at Kavannah Field, at Little Rock and at the Army tournament at Fort Riley, have been merged into one association, to be known as the 3d Division Riding and Hunt Association, says the Watch on the Rhine. The executive committee consists of Brig. Gen. E. M. Lewis, Col. H. C. Smith, Lieut. Cols. G. M. Allen and A. M. Elliott, and Major J. M. Wainwright, all U.S.A.

CAMP LEWIS.

Camp Lewis, Wash., April 7, 1921.

Col. and Mrs. W. C. Webb, 16th Field Art., entertained all the officers and ladies of the regiment at a bridge party recently. The guests included Major and Mrs. F. M. Barrows, Capt. and Mmes. Allen, Hart and Welcome, Lieuts. and Mmes. McAuliffe, Haynes, Cushman, Eckart, Wood and Mallonee, Majors R. D. Johnson and F. J. Dunigan, Captains Garrett and Gore, Lieuts. Bodley, S. F. Miller, R. G. Miller, Warren O'Rourke and E. J. Riley, and Mr. and Mrs. Billings. First prizes were won by Mrs. Haynes and Lieutenant Wood. Mrs. Barrows and Captain Hart received consolation prizes. Major F. J. Dunigan has gone to Philadelphia on a month's leave of absence.

The 16th's baseball team won its first game handily by defeating the Olympia (Wash.) High School by a score of 10 to 2. The 4th Division team lost to the University of Washington on the same day by 13 to 9. Lieut. A. C. McAuliffe is in charge of the 16th's team. The first game of the Camp Lewis polo series was played between the 59th Infantry and the Freebooters, the latter winning by 9 to 7. Other organizations having teams entered in the tournament are the 16th and 77th Field Artillery, 47th Infantry and 55th C.A.C.

FOURTEENTH CAVALRY NOTES.

Fort Des Moines, Iowa, April 7, 1921.

The first regimental horse show was held on this post on April 2 and was a distinct success. The attendance was large, many persons from Des Moines being present. The horses were in excellent condition. The first event was for officers' chargers, the entries being judged for conformation and performance. Lieut. D. S. Holbrook was awarded first prize, Capt. R. C. Woodruff second and Lieut. J. H. Collier third. The next event was similar to the first, but for non-commissioned officers' and privates' mounts. This was won by Sergt. E. Willingham, Sergt. J. Ready and Sergt. G. Ham-

mond, being first, second and third, respectively. In the officers' jumping contest Lieut. H. C. Okie took first prize, Major J. B. Coulter second and Lieut. E. A. Williams third. In the troopers' mounts contest Pvt. G. Hale took the first prize, Pvt. C. F. Henderson second and Pvt. J. McGirk third. The show became even more interesting at this point in the program, the ladies' class being announced. There was a riot of color on the entries, each lady having been allowed great freedom in decorating her mount. The entries numbered twenty. Mrs. S. P. Williams took first place, Mrs. R. C. Woodruff second and Mrs. P. Henry third in the ladies' walk, trot and canter event. In the ladies' jumping number Miss Lillian Kelly was first, Miss Mary Hippie second and Mrs. Alfred Brandt third. Capt. C. H. Gerhardt and A. C. Smith took first prize in the officers' jumping in pairs event, Capt. J. S. Peters and H. C. Okie second and Capt. Bertrand Mor-

row and Lieut. L. G. Forsythe third. The non-commissioned officers' jumping in pairs contest was won by Sergts. H. Gaudsward and J. Ready, Sergts. W. Pritchard and D. Pratt second and Sergts. J. Lindsey and F. Durachta third. Capt. R. C. Woodruff took first prize in the officers' high jumping event, Capt. E. F. Shaifer second and Lieut. Sexton Berg third. The final number was the escort wagon competition, which resulted in Corp. Henry Gaucher capturing first prize, Pvt. Elmer Cawley second and Corp. J. H. Varley third.

Col. and Mrs. Robert A. Brown held a largely attended tea following the show. Many guests from town were present. Major and Mrs. Sumner Williams also entertained at tea. The party was in the nature of a farewell to Mrs. Beatty, mother of Mrs. Williams, who left for her home in North Carolina. Prospects for a strong polo team are exceedingly good. The ponies are worked out each afternoon from 3:30 to 5 o'clock; sixteen candidates for the team riding regularly. A cage and wooden horse have been erected near the riding hall. The polo stable accommodates forty mounts. The new equipment has arrived and everyone is enthusiastic over the possibilities of a winning team.

Mrs. E. A. Williams gave a tea on Thursday afternoon in honor of Mrs. J. S. Williams, of Douglas, Ariz., mother of Lieutenant Williams. Many ladies of the post and Camp Dodge called. Mmes. R. A. Brown and Cornell poured. Assisting them were Mmes. Holm, Shaffer and Hawes. Miss Elizabeth Peall, of Syracuse, N.Y., has arrived on the post to be the guest of Col. and Mrs. Brown.

On Wednesday afternoon Mrs. A. C. Smith entertained the riding class at tea at her quarters. A quartet from the band furnished music. Mrs. John C. Mullinix was hostess for the Bridge Club on Thursday afternoon. Prizes were won by Mrs. Schurter and Mrs. John Otis. Little Miss Elizabeth Williams entertained the children of the garrison on Tuesday afternoon, her sixth birthday anniversary. It was a very happy party. Her many friends will be glad to know that Mrs. E. A. Williams is recovering rapidly from an operation for appendicitis, performed at a Des Moines hospital last Tuesday.

Mrs. William A. Cornell, wife of Lieutenant Colonel Cornell, entertained at their quarters recently with a delightful tea in honor of Miss Gertrude M. Perry, daughter of Col. Howard Perry, who was married to Lieut. Ira P. Swift, 14th Cav., on March 30. Infantry blue and Cavalry yellow predominated in the table decorations. Mrs. Cornell was assisted by Mmes. Mullinix, Brokaw and Ernest Williams. At the Easter service in the post chapel Mrs. Clifford L. Miller sang "Hosanna" by Granier. A brass quartet under the leadership of Mr. O. A. Roach played three special numbers. The altar was beautifully decorated with Easter flowers purchased with donations from the officers of the garrison. Mrs. George Berry, of Des Moines, entertained at an afternoon bridge party recently at her home, complimentary to her house guest, Mrs. H. J. Price, wife of Colonel Price, of Fort Leavenworth. Those present from the post were Mmes. Brown, Mullinix, Brandt, Miller and Austin.

TWELFTH ENGINEERS NOTES.

Camp Grant, Ill., April 7, 1921.

The monthly dinner dance of the 12th Engineers on April 5 was another of a series of enjoyable entertainments given by this popular regiment. Decorations in red and white, the colors of the corps, were prettily displayed in the Jewish Welfare Hostess House, where the affair took place. Covers were laid for Brig. Gen. and Mrs. George Bell, Jr., Cols. and Mmes. T. H. Jackson, Tanner, Gillen, Reichman, Majors and Mmes. Hauser, Alcott, Wood, Abraham, Tripp, Capt. and Mmes. A. H. Perkins, F. T. Bass, F. B. Hastie, L. W. Cummings, Lieut. and Mrs. Smith, Colonels Parker and Game, Majors Olmsted and Short, Lieutenants Lambert, Knappen, Joslyn, Seybold, Robinson, Hannis, Judge and Mrs. Early, Misses Gillem, Reichman and De Witt. Music was by the 12th Engineers orchestra.

Much favorable comment has recently appeared in the local press regarding the recreational facilities of the enlisted personnel of the command. Endeavor by the officers and men of the regiment to have the best organization reading and amusement rooms in the cantonment has caused desirable results. The Rockford Republic gave space to a very complimentary article descriptive of the dayroom of the 1st Battalion Company. "Engineer Hall" was the pleasing title the editor gave the building.

FORT LEAVENWORTH.

Fort Leavenworth, Kas., April 4, 1921.

In response to unique invitations sent out by Mrs. Edward R. Stone thirty friends assembled at the Officers' Club for a "tiffy talkative," one of the most clever functions given this season.

A handsome dinner was given Friday by Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Hugh A. Drum for fifty guests in honor of their house guests, Mr. and Mrs. Karl Klemm, of Kansas City, Mo. A dinner unique and beautiful in all detail was given Friday night by Col. and Mrs. Sherburne Whipple. It preceded the black and white ball at Pope Hall and the guests attended in costume. The dinner table was black with intervals of white lace runners. Black candlesticks held white tapers and black flower bowls were filled with white carnations and stock. A number of officers and ladies enjoyed a "Dutch treat" dinner Friday at the quarters of Col. and Mrs. Charles C. Stone before the dance.

For the pleasure of Miss Smith, of Muskogee, Okla., house guest of Major and Mrs. Karl Truesdell, Miss Grace Hyde entertained with a dinner, preceding the black and white ball, for Misses Aleshire, Bone, Field, Nancy McArthur, Grace Kinnison, and Lieutenants Ross Jones, Miller, Meyer, and Mr. Clarence Chase. Mrs. J. D. Taylor entertained the Bridge Luncheon Club on Monday. Mrs. L. D. Baxter arrived from the Presidio of San Francisco on Monday to be the guest of Major and Mrs. Thomas Duncan for several weeks.

Mrs. Henry Jewett was hostess for sixty guests at a bridge tea Monday at the Officers' Club. Assisting were Mmes. Pillow, Peace, Catron and Van Horn. Major and Mrs. Thomas Duncan had dinner Friday for Cols. and Mmes. Humphrey, Pillow, Bergin, Majors and Mmes. Smith and Wuest.

Mrs. Robert S. Thomas was hostess at bridge Thursday for Mmes. Wuest, Smith, Mitchell, Humphrey, Alley, Mackall, Robinson, Fleet, Duncan and Burgin. Mrs. Henry C. Jewett was hostess for over thirty at a bridge tea Thursday honoring Colonel Jewett's mother, Mrs. Josiah Jewett, of Buffalo, N.Y. Major and Mrs. Lewis H. Watkins had dinner Friday for Majors and Mmes. Catron and Mackall, Miss McMaster of New York city, and Major Joseph R. Davis.

Mrs. Harry A. Eaton was hostess at a tea Monday at the Officers' Club for 120 guests. In welcoming her friends Mrs. Eaton was assisted by Mrs. Hugh A. Drum. Easter flowers decorated the rooms of the club and the tea table, and assisting friends included Mmes. Booth, Fuller, Ferguson, Kent, Caton, Oliver Weeks, J. D. Taylor and J. B. Taylor.

One hundred friends on Thursday accepted the hospitality of Mrs. Charles Keller and Mrs. Fred C. Doyle at the Officers' Club at a tea. The hostesses were assisted by Mrs. Marshall Eskridge of San Antonio, Texas. Mmes. Drum, Croby, Allen, Davis, Stewart, Moran, Bloor, Powers and Boswell.

The very young society set of the garrison enjoyed a dancing party Monday evening at the Officers' Club when Miss Helen Peyton, daughter of Lieut. Col. and Mrs. E. G. Peyton, and Miss Pauline Wright, daughter of Col. and Mrs. John Wright, were hostesses to about 100 friends. The club was elaborately decorated in yellow and white. There were five favor dances, the favors including candied eggs, flashlight, telephones, rabbits and flowers. In a chance dance the favor was given to Miss Tykie Naylor.

Mrs. Marshall Eskridge arrived last week from San Antonio to be the guest of Major and Mrs. A. W. Bloor. Mrs. R. M. Poulin, of St. Louis, is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Ola W. Bell, and Colonel Bell. Mrs. Samuel Han presided at a luncheon at the Officers' Club on Tuesday, honoring Mrs. James H. McRae, of Camp Travis, and Mrs. R. N. Poulin, of St. Louis, Mo.

Miss Georgia West was hostess at a party Friday at the quarters of her parents, Col. and Mrs. Edward West, as a pleasure for Miss Comstock. The guests included Misses Helen Peyton, Pauline Wright, Lucy Johnson, Julia Reeder, Daisy



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Reed, Eleanor Powers, Madeline Jones, Mary Johnson, Jessie Booth, and Messrs. John Crancer, Frank Curry, Fred Munson, Malvern Barnum, Doc Miller, Thomas Cobb, Raymond Carpenter, Lee Greer, Alex Kirk, Robert Love and Buster Gordon. Mrs. James H. McRae, of Camp Travis, was guest at an Easter bridge tea given on Tuesday by her hostesses, Mrs. Charles W. Goss and Mrs. Arthur M. Jackson, in Leavenworth. A number of friends from the garrison attended. Mrs. McRae was honored guest at a dinner bridge given by Mr. and Mrs. Carl Mensing in Leavenworth, guests from the garrison including Col. and Mrs. Malvern-Hill Barnum, Col. and Mrs. J. M. Phalen, Mrs. F. W. Sibley and Col. and Mrs. M. A. W. Shockley.

The stories of the Shogun dynasty of Japan transformed Pope Hall into a scene of greater beauty than it has ever known Friday night, when the black and white ball was given by the hop committee for the annual Easter ball. To Mrs. Ola W. Bell and Mrs. Robert Van Horn was due the credit for the beautiful picture. From the ceiling streamers of black and white alternating ended in round spheres of black and white, the whole arranged in pagoda effect. Between the windows were panels decorated in peacock feathers, conventional designs, all in black and white. Mrs. Van Horn had painted a huge screen black, with trees, flowers and quaint figures done in silver-white on somber black. The effect with temple lights on their black and white standards was delightfully artistic. During the evening Gen. Hugh A. Drum, on behalf of the hop committee, thanked Mrs. Bell and Mrs. Van Horn for the handsome decorations. The guests, numbering over 400, were greeted by Gen. and Mrs. Drum, Col. and Mrs. Barnum and Col. and Mrs. Booth. There were many striking costumes. Mrs. Hugh A. Drum wore a black and white costume copied from an old Valasquez, the quaint little hat with bobbing feathers completing the costume of black and white tarlatan with streamers of ribbon.

Mrs. Henry Kilbourne left last week for St. Louis to visit her parents, Capt. and Mrs. Joseph Boyce, 5812 Clemens Avenue.

On April 1 the new eighteen-hole golf course was opened to the officers at Fort Leavenworth. The club house will undergo important changes and will be enlarged. On May 1 the first spring handicap tournament will be played.

The Easter spirit at the post chapel was never more in evidence than on Sunday. The Sunday school began the day with the largest attendance on record. The Sunday school offering to the hungry children of China was \$250. A program was given at the vesper service, when the music was led by Col. Frank Hopkins. Major L. C. Fairbanks, Mrs. Frank Rideout and Mrs. Thomas Roberts contributed musical numbers.

CAMP STOTSENBURG.

Camp Stotsenburg, P.I., Feb. 17, 1921.

Lieut. and Mrs. A. B. Clark entertained Major and Mrs. J. A. Crane at dinner and bridge Wednesday. Major and Mrs. Crane entertained at dinner and bridge Thursday, honoring Major and Mrs. Bruce E. Brewer and Capt. and Mrs. S. V. Constant. Other guests included Capt. and Mrs. R. B. Trimble. Mrs. Richard B. Going and Mrs. S. Brown returned from a trip to China. From Tsingtau they visited Tientsin, Peking and other places of interest. Lieut. and Mrs. Dover Bell entertained at dinner Thursday for Lieuts. and Mmes. E. S. Neilson and J. L. Hartman. Lieut. and Mrs. Harold B. Gibson were hosts at a dinner Friday evening, celebrating Mrs. Gibson's birthday anniversary. Those present were Lieuts. and Mmes. Christopher C. Strawn and Rohland A. Isker.

Col. and Mrs. Charles E. Reese entertained at dinner Saturday in honor of Major and Mrs. Bruce E. Brewer and Lieut. and Mrs. Earl Starr Neilson, who left for the States Tuesday on the Sherman. Major and Mrs. Otto Wagner were hosts at dinner Saturday for Capt. and Mrs. Constant, Lieut. and Mrs. Rising and Mrs. E. K. Lyons, and Capt. Robert Candee.

Capt. and Mrs. Donald S. Perry have returned from a trip to Zamboanga. They made a collection of rare old brass and other antiques while there. The Zamboanga Club gave a dance in honor of the passengers aboard the Merritt.

A number of new officers and families have arrived recently, five of the officers to the 2d Aero Squadron for duty and two have joined the 1st Philippine Artillery. They are Lieut. and Mrs. Midcap and child, Lieut. and Mrs. Riley and child, Lieut. and Mrs. Lindgruve, Lieut. and Mrs. Hurd and Lieutenant Johnson, all Air Service, and Lieut. and Mrs. Axelson and Captain Dates, Artillery.

The Artillery Bridge Club was entertained by Mrs. John A. Crane this week. Mr. and Mrs. Leslie were guests of honor at a dinner party given by Lieut. and Mrs. Charles E. Morrison Saturday. Lieut. and Mrs. Charles E. Leng were also present. Lieut. and Mrs. Arthur B. Clark entertained Major and Mrs. John A. Crane at dinner and bridge Wednesday. Major Samuel Kaufman was successfully operated on for appendicitis at the post hospital Tuesday. At the present time he is getting along as well as can be expected.

Lieut. and Mrs. William R. Sweely had a house party during the week-end, having as guests Miss Jane Eaton from San Fernando, Dr. and Mrs. Andrews from Canocao, and Lieutenant Andrews and Ensign Fisher from the U.S.S. Yarnell. The Artillery Sewing Club was entertained by Mrs. John O. Lackey Wednesday. Lieut. and Mrs. Edward Freeman entertained at dinner Friday, honoring Major and Mrs. Bruce E. Brewer and Lieut. and Mrs. E. S. Neilson.

Captain Gates joined the 1st Philippine Artillery this week. In the World War he was cited several times by both the French and the American governments, and received several medals, the Croix de Guerre and the palm among them. Mrs. John A. Crane entertained Mrs. Phillip Sherwood and Mrs. George C. Ball at dinner Tuesday. Lieut. and Mrs. E. S. Neilson were guests of honor at a dinner given by Major and Mrs. John A. Crane.

Mrs. Christopher C. Strawn has been ill this week with tonsilitis, but now is getting along nicely. Lieut. and Mrs. Robert McD. Graham had Mrs. Rohland A. Isker as a luncheon guest Wednesday.

Mrs. George C. Ball entertained at bridge Wednesday for Mmes. John A. Crane, Donald S. Perry and Arthur B. Clark. Major Chester C. Staples and Lieut. William Sweely, of the 6th Photographic Co., photographed Corregidor, Manila, and a captive blimp from an airplane Monday. Major and Mrs. Alexander L. P. Johnson and two children, Francis and Paddy, and Mr. and Mrs. Pinzke, of Manila, are visiting friends here. Lieut. and Mrs. William Sweely entertained at a delightful Valentine's party.

The 9th Cavalry, Artillery and All Stotsenburg polo teams played in Manila during the past week at the tournament there. The 9th Cavalry won the greatest number of games, making them champions and winning the trophy. One of the hardest fought battles was between the Cavalry and McKinley. The Cavalry gave them a handicap of nine points, which was hard to overcome but finally resulted in a victory for the Cavalry. In the All Manila versus the All Stotsenburg, the latter won. There were brilliant plays made on both sides. Gen. Charles Treat referred several games. The players from Stotsenburg were Major Oliphant, Major John O. Lackey, Lieuts. William L. Barriger, Rutherford L. Hammond, Chester C. Conlon, Raymond S. Jett, Capt. Phillip Sherwood, Lieuts. Henry Alexander and Gustave B. Gunther. Miss Consuelo Mix sailed on the Sherman for the States. Mrs. Phillip Sherwood entertained at luncheon Wednesday for Mrs. John A. Crane, Mrs. George C. Ball, Miss Susie Mann and Alden Crane.

Camp Stotsenburg, P.I., Feb. 24, 1921.

Mrs. Herbert E. Mann was hostess at a large bridge luncheon Thursday. Mrs. Arthur B. Clark entertained at dinner Thursday evening, celebrating her birthday anniversary. Miss Susie Mann entertained Miss Sybil and Fabius Pendleton at dinner Thursday. Mrs. Jacob L. Hartman entertained the Artillery Bridge Club Friday.

Major and Mrs. John A. Crane entertained at dinner Friday for Major and Mrs. Otto Wagner, Major and Mrs. George Sliney, Major and Mrs. John O. Lackey and Lieut. and Mrs. Dover Bell. Major and Mrs. John A. Crane entertained Major Oliphant and Captain Gates at dinner Sunday evening. Col. and Mrs. A. S. Pendleton entertained at dinner Monday for Major and Mrs. John A. Crane, Capt. and Mrs. Philip Sherwood and Miss Hall. Mrs. Emerald C. Robbins and Miss Hale from Manila are visiting Capt. and Mrs. Phillip Sherwood. Mrs. Jacob L. Hartman is a guest of Mrs. Tudor this week.

Chaplain Louis Carter, who has received orders to return

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to the States on the March transport, has had more than five years' service here. Major Alexander L. P. Johnson and Mrs. Pinzke returned to Manila after spending several days here visiting friends. Mrs. Johnson and children, Francis and Paddy, and Mrs. Pinzke will remain here for some time as house guests of Lieut. and Mrs. Dover Bell. Mrs. Frederick Ward entertained the Artillery Sewing Club on Washington's Birthday. Mrs. Rohland A. Isker entertained at dinner Monday for Major and Mrs. Alexander L. P. Johnson, Lieut. and Mrs. Dover Bell, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Pinzke and Mrs. Samuel Kaufman.

Col. and Mrs. Richard B. Going entertained Colonel Manus and Major Reynolds at luncheon Saturday. Mrs. Charles W. Leng entertained at a spread Friday night after the dance for Mrs. Kaufman, Mrs. Isker, Lieuts. Henry Alexander and James H. Phillips. Mrs. Richard B. Going was a guest of Mrs. Herbert E. Mann several days this week.

Lieut. and Mrs. Dover Bell entertained at a dinner Saturday, celebrating Lieutenant Bell's birthday anniversary. Those present were Major and Mrs. Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. Pinzke, Lieuts. Henry Alexander and James H. Phillips. Mrs. Otto Wagner was hostess at a luncheon Wednesday for Mmes. Lackey, Johnson, Bell, Isker and Pinzke. Capt. Robert C. Candee left on the Merritt Monday for a trip to China and Korea. Major and Mrs. Conrad Skladal and children arrived on the post last Thursday. Major Skladal will be finance officer of this post. Mrs. Edward Ermen entertained at a chop suey supper Thursday for Mmes. Johnson, Lackey, Bell and Pinzke. Col. and Mrs. Charles E. Reese entertained Mrs. Rutherford L. Hammond at dinner Thursday. Col. and Mrs. Charles D. Rhodes were luncheon guests of Major and Mrs. John A. Crane Saturday.

Col. Charles D. Rhodes, Chief of Staff of the Philippine Department, presented two beautiful loving cups and a pennant to the 9th Cavalry baseball team Saturday. One cup and the pennant were won for the Philippine Department Army baseball league championship, and the other was the Magallanes carnival cup. An exhibition game was played between the 1st Philippine Artillery and the 9th Cavalry teams, which resulted in a one-sided score in favor of the latter. In the evening a party was given in honor of the team, under the supervision of Chaplain Louis Carter, at the post amusement hall.

PEARL HARBOR NOTES.

Pearl Harbor, H.T., March 27, 1921.

Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. E. B. Lapham have as their guests Mr. Lapham's two sisters, Misses Hester and Marian Lapham, of Chicago, who are being widely entertained. On Monday evening Comdr. and Mrs. D. C. Crowell entertained at bridge for Comdr. and Mrs. Yates, Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. Raguet, Mrs. Oscar Smith, Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. Alexander, Lieut. and Mrs. Pugsley, Lieut. Comdr. J. C. Thom and Lieut. Brython Davis.

Col. and Mrs. J. T. Myers took a party of people to the machine rifle range on a picnic last Sunday. Comdr. and Mrs. I. Y. Yates on Wednesday gave a buffet supper and bridge for twenty or more guests. Many people took advantage of the full moon this month and enjoyed picnics in the moonlight and launch rides. Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. E. C. Raguet gave a moonlight picnic on the beach at Nanakuli last Tuesday. Supper was cooked on the beach, and a moonlight dip in the ocean was enjoyed.

Mrs. R. P. Emrich, who was operated on at Queen's Hospital last Wednesday, is quite well and has returned to her home. Comdr. and Mrs. Harry Orr have moved from the Pleasanton Hotel to a bungalow on Kalia road, at Waikiki. Mrs. F. W. Arnold, who has been house guest of Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. J. A. Logan, is spending the week-end as guest of Lieut. and Mrs. L. S. Lewis, in Makiki.

Mrs. L. S. Lewis had as luncheon guests on last Wednesday Mmes. E. C. Raguet, Oscar Smith and R. D. Kirkpatrick.

Ensign J. E. Wood and Lieut. Frank E. Hughes, who have been patients at the Naval Hospital, have been discharged from there and ordered to the receiving ship for temporary duty pending further orders from Washington. Comdr. and Mrs. I. I. Yates, Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. E. C. Raguet and Mrs. Oscar Smith attended the party given by Capt. and Mrs. O. N. Tyler in upper Manoa on Thursday evening.

HAWAIIAN NOTES.

Schofield Barracks, H.T., March 20, 1921.

Mrs. C. J. Wilder entertained with a movie party for Misses Mary Fuller, Alice Fugler, Regina Quaile and Mmes. Francis Bonsteel, G. D. Thompson, Frank Barnhardt, Fred Heron, D. C. Richart, George Hamilton, Mattie Ryder, Leon Ryder, W. B. Augur, Harold Eastwood, R. C. Wells and George Caldwell on Thursday. On Friday evening Lieut. and Mrs. C. R. Jones and Mrs. S. C. Ellis entertained the 35th Infantry Bridge Club at the Officers' Club.

Capt. and Mrs. M. D. Holmes have as their house guest Mr. I. C. Moore. Capt. and Mrs. C. J. Wilder gave a bridge party in honor of their house guest, Miss Mary Fuller, on Saturday evening. Other guests were Cols. and Mmes. J. D. Hartman, J. Cusack, Majors and Mmes. Hew McMurdo, C. Chandler, A. M. Milton, D. C. Richart, Capt. and Mmes. F. Barnhart, F. Bonsteel, Leon S. Ryder, Lieuts. and Mmes. Lucian Truscott, G. D. Thompson, R. C. Wells, W. B. Augur, George Caldwell, Mrs. Oram, Miss Regina Quaile and Lieutenant Rudelius.

Mrs. Clark P. Chandler arrived on the transport Sheridan to join Major Chandler, who is stationed with the 17th Cavalry. Capt. and Mrs. H. C. Feyler entertained at bridge on Saturday evening for Mrs. S. C. Ellis, Mrs. Thacker, Miss Florence Hudgins, Major and Mrs. Z. Drolinger, Col. W. K. Dashiel, Capt. and Mmes. C. N. Stevens, A. M. Ellis, R. Ducat, Lieuts. and Mmes. Shutt, Sheely, Nachman, Evans and Monroe.

Mrs. Wight was hostess this week for the 35th Infantry bridge party. Col. and Mrs. J. D. Hartman entertained with a dinner preceding the hop on Friday of last week for Col. and Mrs. R. H. Silliman, Col. and Mrs. Lewis Ryan, Brig. Gen. F. K. Ward and Lieut. and Mrs. W. B. Augur. Capt. and Mrs. Francis Bonsteel gave a bridge party on Tuesday evening for Major and Mrs. D. C. Richart, Capt. and Mmes. W. P. Scobey and C. J. Wilder, Lieuts. and Mmes. D. G. Thompson and George Caldwell and Miss Mary Fuller.

Mrs. D. C. Richart had a few of her small daughter's friends to a birthday party on Wednesday. The table was decorated with Easter eggs, rabbits and chickens. At each place was a small basket of candy, Easter eggs and a little chicken. Seated at the table were Peggy Thompson, Dahlia McMurdo, Dorothy Bonsteel, Maida Barnhart, Jane Wilder, Barbara Milton, Virginia Ryder, Bobbie Sperry, Harold Dean, Billy Cusack, Bobbie Richart, Douglas Holmes and Ross Milton.

On Thursday afternoon the 44th Infantry Ladies' Club entertained the ladies of the 17th Cavalry at tea. Mrs. W. P. Scobey and Mrs. George Murray were hostesses and Mrs. A. Dannemiller and Mrs. G. T. Everett poured tea. Major and Mrs. A. M. Milton entertained with a supper on Saturday. On Tuesday Mrs. Fred Heron entertained with a tea in the cavalry post. Mrs. M. H. Ryer poured tea and she was assisted by Mrs. H. Eastwood, Mrs. Francis Bonsteel, Miss Regina Quaile and Mrs. Leon E. Ryer. Mrs. Frank Caum was hostess for the 44th Infantry Bridge Club on Wednesday. Mrs. A. Harrington gave a tea in honor of her sister, Mrs. Arthur Dana, on Thursday. Mrs. Lewis S. Ryan and Mrs. J. D. L. Hartman poured tea. Major and Mrs. Z. Drolinger entertained at dinner on Wednesday for Miss Regina Quaile, Lieutenants Gibbs, Rudelius and Sheehey. The 17th Cavalry Bridge Club was entertained by Mrs. D. C. Richart on Thursday. Mrs. A. C. Gillen entertained with a dinner on Friday.

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When Brig. Gen. Eli K. Cole, U.S.M.C., was inspecting Co. B of the 13th Marines in France he noticed that Private McGinness, rear rank, was minus one messkit knife in his equipment.

"What's the matter?" demanded the General. "Do you know you are sly a knife?"

"Never use one, sir."

"Don't you ever eat meat?"

"Yes, sir, but I never get a piece big enough to cut."

Private McGinness passed inspection.—Red Diamond.

RAILROAD RECONSTRUCTION IN FRANCE.

French railroads since the armistice have rapidly recovered from the effects of the war, the French Commission in the United States reports. Of the 2,404 kilometers of double track line totally destroyed during the war, all have been completely reconstructed. It was necessary to rebuild 1,400 signal towers, culverts and small bridges of the total of 1,503 destroyed. Of the 2,785

kilometers of single track line destroyed, 1,810 have been reconstructed. Work on the remaining 975 kilometers is progressing more slowly because double track line is being built. The number of locomotives in service in France at the signing of the armistice was 14,537. On Dec. 31, 1920, this had increased to 18,429. Freight cars in November, 1918, totaled 410,308. On Dec. 31, 1920, this number had increased to 518,810.

The aviator turned to his passenger:

"Fifty per cent. of those people below think we'll never return alive," he said boastfully.

"That's not all," said the passenger, "Fifty per cent. of us up here think so, too." —The Log.

The doughboy paced the deck of the returning transport nervously, casting scornful glances at the brassarded figure below on the dock. He yearned to yell to it one



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final farewell, yet feared to do so. Memory of a recently read special order warned him that it would bring disaster. As the ship slipped away on its journey toward America he bit his lip to hold it back.

Some days later he stood regarding the ship's bulletin board.

"H'm," he mused. "Six hundred and fourteen miles away. They can't throw me off now."

Then, turning toward the East, he cupped his hands to his mouth and bellowed scornfully:

"Now, who in hell won the war!"—Red Diamond.

The Captain was explaining to his company the correct way to execute "company right." "It is very essential," he explained, "that the right flank man execute a right face and mark time. I remember when I was right flank man some time ago and the General gave the command 'division right.' I marked time for two weeks."—Red Diamond.